



MATHS

BOOKS - PSEB

APPLICATION OF DERIVATIVES



1. Find the rate of change of the area of a circle

per second with respect to its radius r when r = 5

cm.





2. The volume of a cube is increasing at a rate of $9\frac{(cm)^3}{s}$. How fast is the surface area increasing

when the length of an edge is 10 centimetres ?

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3. A stone is dropped into a quiet lake and waves move in circles at a speed of 4cm per second. At the instant, when the radius of the circular wave is 10 cm, how fast is the enclosed area increasing?



4. The length 'x' of a rectangle is decreasing at the rate of 5 cm per minute and the width 'y' is increasing at the rate of 4 cm per minute, when x = 8 cm and y = 6 cm, find the rate of change of the perimeter of the rectangle.

5. The total cost C(x) in Rupees, associated with the production of x units of an item is given by $C(x) = 0.005x^3 - 0.02x^2 + 30x + 5000$ Find the marginal cost when 3 units are produced, where by marginal cost we mean the instantaneous rate of change of total cost at any level of output.

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6. The total revenue in Rupees received from the sale of x units of a product is given by

 $R(x) - 3x^2 + 36x + 5$ Find the marginal revenue, when x = 5, where by marginal revenue we mean the rate of change of total revenue with respect to the number of items sold at an instant.





f(x) = 7x - 3, is increasing on R.





9. $f(x) = \cos x$ is strictly decreasing in $(0, \pi)$

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10. $f(x) = \cos x$ is strictly increasing in $(\pi, 2\pi)$





11. f(x) = cos x is neither increasing nor decreasing

in $(0, 2\pi)$



12. Find the intervals in which the function f given

by $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 6$, is increasing.

13. Find the intervals in which the function f given

by $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 6$, is strictly decreasing.

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14. Find the intervals in which the function f given by $f(x) = 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 72x + 30$ is increasing.



15. Find the intervals in which the function f given

by $f(x) = 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 72x + 30$ is decreasing.

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16. Find the intervals in which the function given by $f(x) = \sin 3x$, x in $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$ is increasing.

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17. Find the intervals in which the function given by $f(x) = \sin 3x$, x in $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$ is decreasing.



18. Find the intervals in which the function f given

by
$$f(x) = \sin x + \cos x, 0 \le x \le 2\pi$$
 is

increasing



19. Find the intervals in which the function given by : $f(x) = \sin x + \cos x$, $0 \le x \le 2\pi$. is strictly

increasing and strictly decreasing.

20. Find the slope of the tangent to the curve

$$y=x^3-x$$
 at $x=2$

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21. Find the point at which the tangent to the curve
$$y = \sqrt{4x - 3 - 1}$$
 has its slope $\frac{2}{3}$.

22. Find the equation of all lines having slope 2 and being tangent to the curve $y + \frac{2}{x-3} = 0$



23. Find points on the curve
$$rac{x^2}{4}+rac{y^2}{25}=1$$
at

which the tangents are parallel to x-axis.

24. Find points on the curve
$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$
 at which the tangents are parallel to y-axis.



25. Find the equation of the tangent to the curve

 $y = rac{x-7}{(x-2)(x-3)}$ at the point where it cuts

the x-axis.



26. Find the equations of the tangent and normal

to the curve
$$x^{rac{2}{3}} + y^{rac{2}{3}} = 2$$
 at (1, 1).

27. Find the equation of tangent to the curve given by $x = a \sin^3 t$, $y = b \cos^3 t$ at a point where $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$.



28. Use differential to approximate $\sqrt{36.6}$





30. Find the approximate value of f(3.02), where

$$f(x)=3x^2+5x+3$$



31. Find the approximate change in the volume V

of a cube of side x meters caused by increasing

the side by 2%



32. If the radius of a sphere is measured as 9 cm with an error of 0.03 cm, then find the approximate error in calculating its volume.

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33. Find the maximum and the minimum values, if

any, of the function f given by $f(x)=x^2, x\in R$





35. Find the maximum and the minimum values, if

any, of the function given by $f(x)=x, x\in (0,1).$

36. Find all points of local maxima and local minima of the function f given by $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 3$



37. Find all the points of local maxima and local minima of the function f given by $f(x)=2x^3-6x^2+6x+5$

38. Find local minimum value of the function f

given by $f(x)=3+|x|,x\in R$

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39. Find local maximum and local minimum values of the function f given by $f(x) = 3x^4 + 4x^3 - 12x^2 + 12$

40. Find all the points of local maxima and local minima of the function f given by $f(x) = 2x^3 - 6x^2 + 6x + 5$



41. Find two positive numbers whose sum is 16 and whose sum of cubes is minimum.



42. Find the shortest distance of the point (0, c)

from the parabola $y=x^2$ where $0\leq c\leq 5$

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43. In a triangle, P, Q and R are mid-points of sides BC, CA and AB respectively. If AC = 21 cm, BC = 29 cm and AB = 30 cm, find the perimeter of the quadrilateral ARPQ.

44. Find absolute maximum and minimum values



45. An Apache helicopter of enemy is flying along the curve given by $y = x^2 + 7$. A soldier, placed at (3, 7), wants to shoot down the helicopter when it is nearest to him. Find the nearest distance.



46. A car starts from a point P at time t = 0 seconds and stops at point Q. The distance x, in metres, covered by it, in t seconds is given by $x = t^2 \left(2 - \left(\frac{t}{3}\right)\right)$ Find the time taken by it to reach Q and also find distance between P and Q.

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47. A water tank has the shape of an inverted right circular cone with its axis vertical and vertex lowermost. Its semi-vertical angle is $\tan^{-1}(0.5)$.

Water is poured into it at a constant rate of

 $5\frac{m^3}{h}$. Find the rate at which the level of the

water is rising at the instant when the depth of

water in the tank is 4m.



48. A man of height 2m walks at a uniform speed of $5k\frac{m}{h}$ away from a lamp post which is 6mhigh. Find the rate at which the length of his shadow increases.



49. Find the equation of the normal to curve

 $x^2 = 4y$ which passes through the point (1, 2).

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50. Find the equation of tangents to the curve $y = \cos(x+y), \ -2\pi \le x \le 2\pi$ that are parallel to the line x+2y=0.

51. Find intervals in which the function given by

$$f(x) = igg(rac{3}{10}igg) x^4 - igg(rac{4}{5}igg) x^3 - 3x^2 + igg(rac{36}{5}igg) x + 11$$

is increasing.



52. Find intervals in which the function given by

$$f(x) = igg(rac{3}{10}igg) x^4 - igg(rac{4}{5}igg) x^3 - 3x^2 + igg(rac{36}{5}igg) x + 11$$

is decreasing.

53. Show that the function f given by $f(x) = an^{-1}(\sin x + \cos x), x > 0$ is always an increasing function in $f, \left(0, \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

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54. A circular disc of radius 3cm is being heated. Due to expansion, its radius increases at the rate of $0.05c\frac{m}{s}$. Find the rate at which its area is increasing when radius is 3.2cm.



55. An open topped box is to be constructed by removing equal squares from each corner of a 3 metre by 8 metre. rectangular sheet of aluminium and folding up the sides. Find the volume of the largest such box.

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56. Manufacturer can sell x items at a price of rupees $Rs\left(5 - \left(\frac{x}{100}\right)\right)$ each. The cost price of x items is $Rs\left(\left(\frac{x}{5}\right) + 500\right)$. Find the number of items he should sell to earn maximum profit.







x = 2

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58. Prove that the function $f\colon R o R$ defined by

f(x) = 2x + 5 is one-one.

59. Show that if $A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$, then $A^n = \begin{bmatrix} \cos n\theta & \sin n\theta \\ -\sin n\theta & \cos n\theta \end{bmatrix}$

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 $a = b\cos C + c.\cos B$



61. Show that the set of all prime numbers is infinite.



62. Prove that the function $f\colon R o R$ defined by

f(x) = 2x + 5 is one-one.

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63. Show that "if a matrix A is invertible, then A is

non-singular".



mathematical modelling.



2. Find the rate of change of the area of a circle

with respect to its radius r when r=4cm

3. The volume of a cube is increasing at the rate

of $8c\frac{m^3}{s}$. How fast is the surface area increasing

when the length of an edge is 12 cm?

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4. The radius of a circle is increasing uniformly at the rate of 3 cm/s. Find the rate at which the area of the circle is increasing when the radius is 10 cm.

5. An edge of a variable cube is increasing at the rate of 3 cm/s. How fast is the volume of the cube increasing when the edge is 10 cm long?

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6. A stone is dropped into a quiet lake and waves move in circles at the speed of 5 cm/s. At the instant when the radius of the circular wave is 8 cm, how fast is the enclosed area increasing?

7. The radius of a circle is increasing at the rate of 0.7 cm/s. What is the rate of increase of its circumference ?

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8. The length 'x' of a rectangle is decreasing at the rate of 5 cm per minute and the width 'y' is increasing at the rate of 4 cm per minute, when x = 8 cm and y = 6 cm, find the rate of change of the perimeter of the rectangle.


9. The length 'x' of a rectangle is decreasing at the rate of 5 cm per minute and the width 'y' is increasing at the rate of 4 cm per minute, when x = 8 cm and y = 6 cm, find the rate of change of the area of the rectangle.



10. A balloon, which always remains spherical on inflation, is being inflated by pumping in $900cm^3$

Of gas per sec. Find the rate at which the radius

of the balloon increases when the radius is 15 cm.



11. A balloon, which always remains spherical has a variable radius. Find the rate at which its volume is increasing with the radius when the later is 10 cm.



12. A ladder 5 m long is leaning against a wall. The bottom of the ladder is pulled along the ground, away from the wall, at the rate of 2cm/s. How fast is its height on the wall decreasing when the foot of the ladder is 4 m away from the wall ?

13. A particle moves along the curve $6y = x^3 + 2$. Find the points on the curve at which the y-

coordinate is changing 8 times as fast as the x-

coordinate.



14. The radius of an air bubble is increasing at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}c\frac{m}{s}$. At what rate is the volume of the bubble increasing when the radius is 1 cm?

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15. A balloon, which always remains spherical, has a variable diameter $rac{3}{2}(2x+1).$ Find the rate of

change of its volume with respect to x.

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16. Sand is pouring from a pipe at the rate of 12 cubic cm./sec. The falling sand forms a cone on the ground in such a way that the height of the cone is always one-sixth of the radius of the base. At which rate is the height of the sand-cone increasing when the height is 4 cm. ?



17. The total cost C(x) in Rupees associated with the production of x units of an item is given by $C(x) = 0.007x^3 + 0.003x^2 + 15x + 4000$ Find

the marginal cost when 17 units are produced.



18. The total revenue in Rupees received from the sale of x units of a product is given by $R(x) = 13x^2 + 26x + 15$ Find the marginal revenue when x = 7.



19. Find the rate of change of the area of a circle with respect to its radius r at r = 6 cm

A. 10π

 $\mathsf{B.}\,12\pi$

 $C.8\pi$

D. 11π

Answer:



20. The total revenue in Rupees received from its sale of x units of a product is given by $R(X) = 3x^2 + 36x + 5$. Find the marginal revenue, when x = 15

A. 116

B. 96

C. 90

D. 126

Answer:



21. Show that the function given by f(x) = 3x + 17 is increasing on R.

22. Show that the function given by $f(x) = e^2 x$

is increasing on R.

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23. Show that the function given by $f(x) = \sin x$ is increasing in $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$.



26. Find the intervals in which the function f given by $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x$ is increasing Watch Video Solution

27. Find the intervals in which the function f given by $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x$ is decreasing.

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28. Find the intervals in which the function : $f(x)=2x^3-3x^2-36x+7$ is Strictly



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30. Find the intervals in which the following functions are strictly increasing : $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 5$



32. Find the intervals in which the following functions are strictly increasing : $f(x) = 10 - 6x - 2x^2$

33. Find the intervals in which the following functions are strictly decreasing : $f(x) = 10 - 6x - 2x^2$

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34. Find the intervals in which the following functions are strictly increasing : $f(x) = -2x^3 - 9x^2 - 12x + 1$



36. Find the intervals in which the following functions are strictly increasing : $f(x) = 6 - 9x - x^2$ Watch Video Solution



38. Find the intervals in which the following functions are strictly increasing : $f(x) = (x + 1)^3 (x - 3)^3$ Watch Video Solution

39. Find the intervals in which the following functions are strictly decreasing :
$$f(x) = (x + 1)^3 (x - 3)^3$$

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40. Show that $y = \log(1 + x) - 2\frac{x}{2 + x}, x \succ 1$, is an increasing function of x. throughout its domain.

41. Find the values of x for which $y = \left[x(x-2)
ight]^2$

is an increasing function.





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43. Prove that the logarithmic function is increasing on $(0, \infty)$.



44. Prove that the function f given by $f(x) = x^2 - x + 1$ is neither strictly increasing nor decreasing on (-1, 1).

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45. Which of the following functions are strictly decreasing on $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$?

A. $\cos x$

B. $\cos 2x$

C. $\cos 3x$

D. $\tan x$

Answer:

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46. On which of the following intervals is the function f given by $f(x) = x^{100} + \sin x - 1$ decreasing ?

A. (0, 1)

B.
$$\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi\right)$$

C. $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

D. None of these

Answer:

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47. For what values of a the function f given by

$$f(x) = x^2 + ax + 1$$
 is increasing on $[1, 2]$?

48. Let I be any interval disjoint from [-1, 1]Prove that the function f given by $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$ is increasing on I.



decreasing on $\left(\frac{\pi}{2},\pi\right)$.

50. Prove that the function f given by
$$f(x) = \log|\cos x|$$
 is decreasing $gon\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ and increasing on $\left(3\frac{\pi}{2}, 2\pi\right)$

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52. The interval in which $y = x^2 e^{-x}$ is increasing

is:

A. $(\,-\infty,\infty)$

B. (-2, 0)

 $\mathsf{C.}\left(2,\infty
ight)$

D.(0,2)

Answer:

53. Find the slope of the tangent to the curve

$$y = 3x^4 - 4xatx = 4$$

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54. Find the slope of the tangent to the curve

$$y=rac{x-1}{x-2}$$
 at x = 10.

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55. Find the slope of the tangent to curve $y = x^3 - x + 1$ at the point whose x-coordinate



57. Find the slope of the normal to the curve

$$x=a\cos^3 heta,y=a\sin^3 heta at heta=rac{\pi}{4}$$

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coordinate is 3.



58. Find the slope of the normal to the curve

$$x=1-a\sin heta, y=b\cos^2 heta at heta=rac{\pi}{2}$$

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59. Find points at which the tangent to the curve

 $y=x^3-3x^2-9x+7$ is parallel to the x-axis.

60. Find a point on the curve $y = (x - 2)^2$ at which the tangent is parallel to the chord joining the points (2,0) and (4,4)



61. Find the point on the curve $y = x^3 - 11x + 5$

at which the tangent is y = x - 11

62. Find the equation of all lines having slope – 1



63. Find the equations of all lines having slope 0

which are tangent to the curve $y = rac{1}{x2-2x+3}$

64. Find points on the curve $rac{x^2}{9}+rac{y^2}{16}=1$ at

which the tangents are parallel to x-axis





68. Find the equations of the tangent to the given curves at the indicated points: $y = x^3$ at (1, 1)



69. Find the equations of the tangent to the given curves at the indicated points: $y = x^2$ at (0,0)



70. Find the equations of the tangent to the given curves at the indicated points:
$$x = \cos t, y = \sin t$$
 at $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$



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72. Find the equations of the normal to the given

curves at the indicated points: $y=x^4-6x^3-13x^2-10x+5$ at (1,3)

73. Find the equation of normal to the curve,

 $y = . x^3$ at the point (1,1).

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74. Find the equations of the normal to the given

curves at the indicated points: $y = x^2$ at (0,0)

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75. Find the equations of the normal to the given

curves at the indicated points:

$$x=\cos t,y=\sin t$$
 at $t=rac{\pi}{4}$.



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77. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = x^2 - 2x + 7$ which is perpendicular to the line 5y - 15x = 13



79. Find the points on the curve $y = x^3$ at which the slope of the tangent is equal to the ycoordinate of the point.
80. For the curve $y = 4x^3 - 2x^5$, find all the points at which the tangent passes through the origin.



81. Find the points on the curve $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$ at which the tangents are

parallel to the x-axis.

82. Find the equation of the normal at the point

 $\left(am^2,am^3
ight)$ for the curve $ay^2=x^3$

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83. Find the equation of the normals to the curve $y = x^3 + 2x + 6$ which are parallel to the line x + 14y + 4 = 0

84. Find the equations of the tangent and normal

to the parabola $y^2=4ax$ at the point $\left(at^2,2at
ight)$

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85. Prove that the curves $x = y^2$ and xy = k cut

at right angles* if $8k^2 = 1$

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86. Find the equations of the tangent and normal

to the hyperbola
$$\displaystyle rac{x^2}{a^2} - \displaystyle rac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$
 at the point



88. The slope of the normal to the curve $y = 2x^2 + 3\sin x$ at x = 0 is:

A. 3 B. $\frac{1}{3}$ C. -3 D. $-\frac{1}{3}$

Answer:

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89. The line y = x + 1, is a tangent to the curve

 $y^2 = 4x$ at the point.

A. (1, 2)

B.(2,1)

C.
$$(1, -2)$$

D. (-1, 2)

Answer:

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90. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of decimal: $\sqrt{25.3}$

91. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of decimal: $\sqrt{49.5}$



92. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of decimal: $\sqrt{0.6}$



93. Using differentials find the approximate value

of $\sqrt[3]{0.009}$



95. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of







99. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of decimal: $(401)^{\frac{1}{4}}$



100. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of decimal: $(0.0037)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

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101. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of decimal: $(26.57)^{\frac{1}{3}}$



102. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of decimal: $(81.5)^{\frac{1}{4}}$



103. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of decimal: `(3.968)^ 3/2



104. Using differentials, find the approximate value of each of the following up to 3 places of decimal.

 $(32.15)^{1/5}$



105. Find the approximate value of f(2.01) where

$$f(x) = 4x^2 + 5x + 2.$$

106. Find the approximate value of $f(5 \cdot 001)$,

where
$$f(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 + 15$$
.



107. Find the approximate change in the volume V of a cube of side x metres caused by increasing the side by $1\,\%$.



108. Find the approximate change in the surface area of a cube of side x metres caused by decreasing the side by 1%.



109. If the radius of a sphere is measured as 7 m with an error of 0.02 m, then find the approximate error in calculating its volume.

110. If the radius of a sphere is measured as 9 m with an error of 0.03 m, then find the approximate error in calculating its surface area.



111. If $f(x) = 3x^2 + 15x + 5$, then the

approximate value of f (3.02) is :

A. 47.66

B. 57.66

C. 67.66

D. 77.66

Answer:

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112. The approximate change in the volume of a cube of side x metres caused by increasing the side by 3% is:

A. $0.06x^3m^3$

 $\mathsf{B}.\,0.6x^3m^3$

C. $0.09x^3m^3$

D. $0.9x^3m^3$

Answer:



113. Find the maximum and minimum values, if any, of the following functions given by: $f(x) = \left(2x - 1
ight)^2 + 3$

114. Find the maximum and minimum values, if any, of the following functions given by: $f(x) = 9x^2 + 12x + 2$

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115. Find the maximum and minimum values, if any, of the following functions given by: $f(x) = -(x-1)^2 + 10$

116. Find the maximum and minimum values, if any, of the following functions given by: $g(x) = x^3 + 1$



117. Find the maximum and minimum values, if any, of the following functions given by: f(x) = |x+2| - 1

118. Find the maximum and minimum values, if any, of the following functions given by: g(x) = -|x+1| + 3



119. Find the maximum and minimum values, if any, of the following functions given by: $h(x) = \sin(2x) + 5$

120. Find the maximum and minimum values, if any, of the following functions given by: $f(x) = |\sin(4x) + 3|$



121. Find the maximum and minimum values, if any, of the following functions given by: $h(x) = x + 1, x \in (-1, 1)$

122. Find the local maxima and local minima, if

any, of the following functions. $f(x) = x^2$



123. Find the local maxima and local minima, if

any, of the following functions.: $g(x) = x^3 - 3x$

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124. Find the local maxima and local minima of the following functions. Find also the local

maximum and the local minimum values, as the

case may be: h(x) = sinx - cosx','0



125. Find the local maxima and local minima of the following functions. Find also the local maximum and the local minimum values, as the case may be: h(x) = sinx - cosx','0



126. Find the local maxima and local minima, if any, of the following functions. Find also the local maximum and the local minimum values, as the case may be: $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x + 15$

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127. Find the local maxima and local minima, if any, of the following functions. Find also the local maximum and the local minimum values, as the case may be: $f(x) = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{2}{x}, x > 0$

128. Find the local maxima and local minima, if any, of the following functions. Find also the local maximum and the local minimum values, as the case may be: $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 2}$

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129. Find the local maxima and local minima, if any, of the following functions. Find also the local maximum and the local minimum values, as the case may be: $f(x) = x\sqrt{1-x}$





131. Prove that the following functions do not

have maxima or minima: $g(x) = \log x$



133. Find the absolute maximum value and the absolute minimum value of the following functions in the given intervals: $f(x) = x^3, x \in [-2, 2]$

134. Find the absolute maximum value and the absolute minimum value of the following functions in the given intervals: $f(x) = \sin x + \cos x, x \in [0, \pi]$

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135. Find the absolute maximum value and the absolute minimum value of the following functions in the given intervals: $f(x) = 4x - \frac{1}{2}x^2, x \in \left[-2, \frac{9}{2}\right]$

136. Find the absolute maximum value and the absolute minimum value of the following functions in the given intervals: $f(x) = (x-1)^2 + 3, x \in [-3,1]$

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137. Find the maximum profit that a company can make, if the profit function is given by $p(x) = 41 - 72x - 18x^2$



138. Find both the maximum value and the minimum value of $3x^4 - 8x^3 + 12x^2 - 48x + 25$ on the interval [0, 3]

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139. The value of x for which function sin 2x

attains its maximum is :

140. What is the maximum value of the function

 $\sin x + \cos x$?

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141. Find the maximum value of $2x^3 - 24x + 107$ in the interval [1, 3]. Find the maximum value of the same function in [-3, -1].

142. It is given that at x = 1, the function $x^4 - 62x^2 + ax + 9$ attains its maximum value, on the interval [0, 2]. Find the value of a.



143. Find the maximum and minimum values of $x + \sin 2x$ on $[0, 2\pi]$



144. . Find two numbers whose sum is 24 and

whose product is as large as possible.



145. Find two positive numbers x and y such that

x+y=60 and xy^3 is maximum.

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146. Find two positive numbers x and y such that their sum is 35 and the product x^2y^5 is a



cut off so that the volume of box is maximum

and also find the volume of box ?



149. A rectangular sheet of tin 45 cm x 24 cm is to be made into a box without top, by cutting off square from each corner and folding up the flaps. What should be the side of the square to be cut off so that the volume of the box is the maximum possible.


150. Show that of all rectangles inscribed in a

given circle the square has maximum area.



151. Show that the right circular cylinder of given surface and maximum volume is such that its height is equal to the diameter of the base.



152. Of all the closed cylindrical cans (right circular), of a given volume of $100cm^3$, find the dimensions of the can which has the minimum surface area?



153. A wire of length 28 m is to be cut into two pieces, one of the pieces is to be made into a square and the other into a circle. What should be the length ∙of two pieces so that the

combined area of the square and the circle is

minimum?



155. Show that the right circular cone of least curved surface and given volume has an altitude equal to $\sqrt{2}$ time the radius of the base.



156. Show that the semi-vertical angle of the right-circular cone of maximum volume and of

given slant height is $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$

157. Show that semi-vertical angle of right circular

cone of given surface area and maximum volume

is
$$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$
.

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158. The point on the curve $x^2 = 2y$ which is nearest to the point (0, 5) is:

A.
$$\left(2\sqrt{2},4
ight)$$

 $\mathsf{B.}\left(2\sqrt{2},0\right)$

C. (0,0)

D. (2,2)

Answer:





A. 0

B. 1

C. 3

Answer:





D. 0

Answer:







162. Using differentials, find the approximate value of the following: $33^{-\frac{1}{5}}$



164. The two equal sides of an isosceles triangle with fixed base b are decreasing at the rate of 3



when the two equal sides are equal to the base?



166. Show that the normal at any point θ to the

curve

 $x=a\cos heta+a heta\sin heta, y=a\sin heta-a heta\cos heta$ is

at a constant distance from the origin.





168. Find the intervals in which the function f given by $f(x) = rac{4\sin x - 2x - x\cos x}{2 + \cos x}$ is

increasing.



169. Find the intervals in which the function f given by
$$f(x) = x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{x^3}\right), x \neq 0$$
 is increasing.

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170. Find the intervals in which the function f given by $f(x) = x^3 + \left(rac{1}{x^3}
ight), x
eq 0$ is



171. Find the maximum area of an isosceles triangle inscribed in the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$

with its vertex at one end of the major axis.



172. A tank with rectangular base and rectangular sides, open at the top is to be constructed so

that its depth is 2 m and volume is $\frac{8}{m^3}$. If building of tank costs Rs 70 per sq metres for the base and Rs 45 per square metre for sides. What is the cost of least expensive tank?



173. The sum of the perimeter of a circle and square is k, where k is some constant. Prove that the sum of their areas is least when the side of square is double the radius of the circle.



174. A window is in the form of a rectangle surmounted by a semi-circular opening. The total perimeter of the window is 10 m. Find the dimensions of the window to admit maximum light through the whole opening.

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175. A point on the hypotenuse of a triangle is at distance a and b from the sides of the triangle. Show that the minimum length of the hypotenuse is $\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} + b^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$





by $f(x) = \left(x-2
ight)^4 \left(x+1
ight)^3$ has local maxima.



177. Find the points at which the function f given

by $f(x)=\left(x-2
ight)^4(x+1)^3$ has local minima.

178. Find the points at which the function f given by $f(x) = (x-2)^4 (x+1)^3$ has point of inflexion.



179. Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of the function f given by $f(x)=\cos^2 x+\sin x, x\in [0,\pi]$

180. Show that the altitude of the right circular cone of maximum volume that can be inscribed in a sphere of radius r is $4\frac{r}{3}$.

181. Let f be a function defined on [a, b] such that f'(x) > 0 for all $x \in (a, b)$. Then prove that f is an increasing function on (a, b).

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182. Show that the height of the cylinder of maximum volume that can be inscribed in a sphere of radius R is $2\frac{R}{\sqrt{3}}$. Also find the

maximum volume.



$$\int \!\! {dx\over x^2+4x+8}$$

184. A cylindrical tank of radius 10 m is being filled with wheat at the rate of 314 cubic metre per hour. Then the depth of the wheat is increasing at the rate of:

A.
$$1\frac{m}{h}$$

B. $0.1\frac{m}{h}$
C. $1.1\frac{m}{h}$
D. $0.5\frac{m}{h}$

Answer:

185. The slope of the tangent to the curve $x = t^2 + 3t - 8, y = 2t^2 - 2t - 5$ at the point (2,-1) is:

A.
$$\frac{22}{7}$$

B. $\frac{6}{7}$
C. $\frac{7}{6}$
D. $-\frac{6}{7}$

Answer:

186. The line y = mx + 1, is a tangent to the curve $y^2 = 4x$ if the value of m is:

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

Answer:

187. The normal at the point (1,1) on the curve $2y + x^2 = 3$ is: A. x + y = 0B. x - y = 0C. x + y + 1 = 0D. x - y = 1

Answer:

188. The normal to the curve $x^2 = 4y$ passing (1,2) is:

A.
$$x+y=3$$

B. x - y = 3

$$\mathsf{C.}\,x+y=1$$

D.
$$x-y=1$$

Answer:

189. The points on the curve $9y^2=x^3$, where the normal to the curve makes equal intercepts with the axes are:

A.
$$\left(4, \pm \left(\frac{8}{3}\right)\right)$$

B. $\left(4, \left(-\frac{8}{3}\right)\right)$
C. $\left(4, \pm \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)\right)$
D. $\left(\pm 4, \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)\right)$

Answer:

