



# PHYSICS

## BOOKS - PUNJAB BOARD PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS

### QUESTION PAPER 2021

**Multiple Choice Question**

1. Charging without actual contact is called:

- A. Charging by friction
- B. Charging by induction
- C. Charging by conduction
- D. None of these

**Answer:**



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**2. The ultimate individual unit of magnetism in any magnet is called:**

A. North pole

B. South pole

C. Dipole

D. None of these

**Answer:**



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**3.** A positively charged glass rod attracts and then repels the suspended object. The suspended object is :

A. Negatively charged

B. Positively charged

C. Neutral

D. None of these

**Answer:**



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4. The law governing the force between electric charges is known as

A. Ampere's law

B. Ohm's law

C. Faraday's law

D. Coulomb's law

**Answer:**



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5. When the distance between two charges is halved, the force between the charges becomes :

A. half

B. twice

C. four times

D. None of these

**Answer:**



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6. Name the physical quantity, whose SI unit is  
newton coulomb  $^{-1}$

A. Electric charge

B. Electric field

C. Electric potential

D. Electric force

**Answer:**



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**7. The dimensions of electric permittivity are :**

A.  $[M^1 L^3 T^4 A^{-2}]$

B.  $[M^1 L^{-3} T^4 A^2]$

C.  $[M^{-1} L^3 T^4 A^2]$

D.  $[M^{-1} L^{-3} T^4 A^2]$

**Answer:**



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**8.** Two charges  $3 \times 10^{-5} C$  and  $5 \times 10^4 C$  are placed at a distance of 10 cm from each other. Find the value of electrostatic force acting between



A.  $13.5 \times 10^{11} N$

B.  $3 \times 10^{11} N$

C.  $18 \times 10^9 N$

D.  $13.5 \times 10^{10} N$

**Answer:**



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9. The electric potential at the surface of an atomic nucleus ( $Z=50$ ) of radius  $9.0 \times 10^{-15} m$  is

A. 9 volt

B. 80 volt

C.  $8 \times 10^6$  volt

D.  $9 \times 10^5$  volt

**Answer:**



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**10.** On what factors the capacitance of a capacitor depends?

A. Dielectric

B. Area of plate

C. Distance between plates

D. All of these

**Answer:**



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**11.** Which of the following characteristics of electrons determines the current in a conductor?

A. Thermal velocity alone

B. Drift velocity alone

C. Both thermal velocity and drift velocity

D. Neither thermal velocity nor drift velocity

**Answer:**



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**12. 12 Coulomb/minute can be written as:**

A. 2A

B. 0.2A

C. 0.02A

D. 0.002A

**Answer:**



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**13.** In a current carrying conductor the ratio of the electric field and electric current density at a point is called :

A. Conductivity

B. Mobility

C. Resistivity

D. Resistance

**Answer:**



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**14.** When a wire is stretched and its radius becomes  $\frac{r}{2}$  then its resistance will be:

A.  $4R$

B.  $16R$

C.  $2R$

D.  $R/2$

**Answer:**



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**15.** In charging a battery of a motor car, which effect of electric current is used ?

A. Magnetic

B. Chemical

C. Heating

D. Induction

**Answer:**



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**16.** Resistivity of a wire depends upon the :

A. Composition of material of wire



B. Shape of wire

C. Length of wire

D. Area if cross-section of wire

**Answer:**



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**17.** Magnitude of the magnetic intensity of a point due to a current in a conductor is given by :

A. Right hand thumb rule

B. Biot-Savart's law

C. Fleming's left hand rule

D. Coulomb's law

**Answer:**



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**18.** Magnetism in substances is caused by:

A. Orbital motion of electrons only

B. Spin motion of electrons only

C. Due to spin and orbital motions of  
electrons both

D. Hidden magnets

**Answer:**



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**19.** The resistance of an ideal ammeter is

A. 1

B. infinite

C. zero

D.  $10\Omega$

**Answer:**



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**20.** Calculate the value of resistance needed to convert a galvanometer of resistance  $200\Omega$ . which gives full scale deflection for a current of  $5\text{ m A}$ , into a voltmeter of range  $25\text{ volt}$ .

A.  $5K\Omega$

B.  $5.2K\Omega$

C.  $4.8K\Omega$

D.  $4.2K\Omega$

**Answer:**



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**21. Magnetic meridian is a**

A. point

B. line along NS

C. horizontal plane

D. vertical plane along NS

**Answer:**



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22. The magnetic moment ( $\mu$ ) of a revolving electron around the nucleus varies with principle quantum number  $n$  as

A.  $\mu \propto n$

B.  $\mu \propto 1/n$

C.  $\mu \propto n^2$

D.  $\mu \propto 1/n^2$

**Answer:**



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**23.** Is there a magnetic force exerted by a magnetic field on a stationary electric charge?

- A. the electron moves in an opposite direction
- B. the electron moves in the direction of the field.
- C. the electron remains stationary.
- D. the electron starts spinning.

**Answer:**



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24. Gauss is a unit of :

A. Magnetic field strength

B. Magnetic flux density

C. Current

D. Magnetic flux

**Answer:**



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25. A solenoid has 1000 turns per meter length. If a current of 5 A is flowing through it, then magnetic field inside the solenoid is :

A.  $2\pi \times 10^{-3}T$

B.  $4\pi \times 10^{-5}T$

C.  $2\pi \times 10^{-5}T$

D.  $4\pi \times 10^{-3}T$

**Answer:**



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26. SI unit of magnetic flux is :

A. Tesla/m

B. Tesla/ $m^2$

C.  $N / Am^2$

D. None of these

**Answer:**



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27. Which of the following relations is correct ?

A.  $I_0 = \sqrt{2}I_v$

B.  $I_0 = I_v / \sqrt{2}$

C.  $I_v = (\pi / 2)I_0$

D.  $I_v = \sqrt{2}I_0$

**Answer:**



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28. An induction furnace works on the principle of

A. Mutual induction

B. Self-induction

C. Eddy currents

D. None of these

**Answer:**



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29. Lenz's law gives

A. The magnitude of induced e.m.f.

B. The direction of induced current

C. Both magnitude and direction of  
induced current

D. The direction of induced current

**Answer:**



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30. In a pure inductive circuit, current :

A. Lags behind e.m.f. by  $\pi/2$

B. Leads the e.m.f.  $\pi/2$

C. Lags behind e.m.f. by  $\pi$

D. Leads the e.m.f.  $\pi$

**Answer:**



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31. A coil has a resistance of  $8 \Omega$  and an inductive reactance of  $6 \Omega$  . The impedance of the coil is :

A.  $8\Omega$

B.  $10\Omega$

C.  $6\Omega$

D.  $14\Omega$

**Answer:**



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32. What is the condition of resonance?

A. When  $X_L = X_C$

B. When  $X_L > X_C$

C. When  $X_L < X_C$

D. None of these

**Answer:**



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**33.** According to Maxwell's hypothesis, a changing electric field gives rise to

- A. An e.m.f.
- B. Electric current
- C. Magnetic field
- D. Pressure gradient

**Answer:**



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34. Which of the following has the longest wavelength ?

A. Radio waves

B. Gamma rays

C. Microwaves

D. X-rays

**Answer:**



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35. In a plane e.m. wave the electric field oscillates sinusoidally at a frequency of  $2 \times 10^{10}$  Hz and amplitude  $48Vm^{-1}$  Find wavelength of wave.

A.  $1.5 \times 10^{-2}m$

B.  $1.5 \times 10^{-3}m$

C.  $1.5 \times 10^2m$

D.  $1.5 \times 10^3m$

**Answer:**



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