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## PHYSICS

## BOOKS - SARAS PUBLICATION

## ELECTRONIC DEVICES

Example

1. What is the value of inductance $L$ for which
the current is a maximum in a series LCR
circuit with $C=10 \mu F$ and $\mathrm{w}=1000 s^{-1}$
A. 10 mH
B. 100 mH

## C. 1 mH

## D. cannot be calculated unless $R$ is known

## Answer:

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2. A transformer is used to light a 100 W and

110 V lamp from 220 V mains. If the main
current is 0.5 amp , fhe efficiency of the transformer is approximately:
A. 0.1
B. 0.3
C. 0.5
D. 0.9

Answer:
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3. A common emitter amplifier has voltage gain of 50 , an input impedance of 100 ohm and an output impedance of 200 ohm . The power gain of the amplifier is
A. 100
B. 500
C. 1000
D. 1250

## Answer:

4. In the following circuit, the output $Y$ for all possible inputs $A$ and $B$ is expressed by the table

A.

$$
\begin{array}{ccc}
\mathrm{A} & \mathrm{~B} & \mathrm{Y} \\
0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 \\
1 & 0 & 1 \\
1 & \mathrm{I} & 1
\end{array}
$$

B.

C.

A B Y
$0 \quad 0 \quad 1$
$\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1\end{array}$
1011
1 I 0
D.

# A B Y <br> $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 0 & 1\end{array}$ <br> $0 \quad 1 \quad 0$ <br> 100 <br> 110 

## Answer:

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5. A p-n photodiode is made of a material with
,band gap of 2.0 ev The minimum frequency of
the radiation that can be absorbed by the material is nearly

A. $10 \times 10^{14} \mathrm{~Hz}$<br>B. $5 \times 10^{14} \mathrm{~Hz}$<br>C. $1 \times 10^{14} \mathrm{~Hz}$<br>D. $20 \times 10^{14} \mathrm{~Hz}$

Answer:
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6. The circuit is equivalent to:

A. AND gate

B. NAND gate

C. NOR gate
D. OR gate

## Answer:

7. The symbolic representation of four logic gates are given below:


The logic
symbols for OR, NOT and NAND gates are respectively
A. (iv),(i),(iii)
B. (iv),(ii),(i)
C. (i),(iii),(iv)
D. (iii),(iv),(ii)

## Answer:

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8. A p-n photodiode is farbricated from a semiconductor with a band gap of 2.5 eV . It can detect a signal of wavelength:
А. $7000 \stackrel{\circ}{A}$
B. $5500 \stackrel{\circ}{A}$
C. $4000 \stackrel{\circ}{A}$
D. $6000 \stackrel{\circ}{A}$

Answer:

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9. The device that act as a complete electronic circuit is:
A. junction diode
B. integrated circuit
C. junction transistor
D. zener diode

## Answer:

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10. In forward biasing of the p-n junction
A. The positive teiminal of the battery is
connected to p -side and the depletion
region becomes thin
B. The positive terminal of the battery is
connected to p -side and the depletion
region becomes thick
C. The positive terminal of the battery is
connected to n -side and the depletion
region becomes thin

# D. The positive terminal of the battery is 

connected to n -side and the depletion region becomes thick

## Answer:

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11. Symbolic represntation of four logic gates are shown as

which ones are for AND, NAND and NOT gates, respectively:
A. (ii),(iv), and (iii)
B. (ii),(iii), and (iv)
C. (iii),(ii), and (i)
D. (iii),(ii), and (iv)

Answer:

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12. The figure show a logic circuit with inputs $A$ and $B$ and the output C.The voltage waves forms across $A, B$ and $C$ are given .The logic circuit gats is :

A. NOR gate
B. AND gate

## C. NAND gate

## D. OR gate

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

13. $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Si}$ and Ge have same lattice structure .

Why is C an insulator while Si and Ge are intrinsic semiconductors?
A. In case of $C$ the conduction band is partly filled even at absolute zero temperature
B. the four bonding electrons in the case of

C lie in the second orbit, whereas in the
case of Si they lie in the third
C. The four bonding electrons in the case
of C lie in the third orbit, whereas for Si
they lie in the fourth orbit

# D. In case of $C$ the valance band is not 

 completely filled at absolute zero temperature
## Answer:

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14. For a CE- transistor amplifier, the audio signal voltage across the collected resistance of $2 k \Omega$ is 2 V . Suppose the current amplification factor of the transistor is 100 ,
find the input signal voltage and base current, if the base is $1 k \Omega$.
A. 1.0 V
B. 1 mV
C. 10 mV
D. 0.1 V

Answer:

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15. Two ideal diodes are connected to a battery
as shown in the circuit .The current supplied
by the battery is

A. Zero
B. 0.25 A
C. 0.5 A
D. 0.75 A

## Answer:

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16. In a common emiter (CE) amplifier having a
voltage gain G, the transistor used has
transconductance 0.03 mho and current gain
17. If the above transistor is replaced with
another one with transconductance 0.02 mho
and current gain 20, the voltage gain will be

$$
\text { A. } \frac{2}{3} G
$$

B. 1.5 G
C. $\frac{1}{3} G$
D. $\frac{5}{4} G$

## Answer:

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17. The output ( $X$ ) of the logic circuit shown in
figure will be

A. $X=\overline{\bar{A}} \cdot \overline{\bar{B}}$

$$
\text { B. } X=\overline{A . B}
$$

C. $X=A . B$

$$
\text { D. } X=\overline{A+B}
$$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

18. In an unbiased p-n junction, holes diffuse
from the p -region to n - region because
A. The potential difference across the p-n
junction
B. The attraction of free electrons of $n$ -
region
C. The higher hole concentration in p -
region than that in n-region
D. The higher concentration of electrons in
the nregion than that in the pregion

## Answer:

19. One way in which the operation of $a-n-p-n$ transistor differs from that of a $\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{n}$-p
A. The emitter junction is reversed biased in n-p-n
B. The emitter junction injects minority
carriers into the base region of the $p-n-p$
C. The emitter injects holes into the base of the $p-n-p$ and electrons into the base region of $n-p-n$
D. The emitter injects holes into the base of n-p-n

## Answer:

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20. The output from a NAND gate is divided into two in parallel and fed to another NAND gate The resulting gate is a

A. NOT gate
B. AND gate
C. NOR gate
D. OR gate

## Answer:

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21. The given graph represents V-I characteristic for semiconductor device. Which
of the following statement is correct?

A. It is V-I characteristic for solar cell where
point A represents open circuit voltage
and point $B$ short circuit current
B. It is for a solar cell and points A and B
represent open circuit voltage and
current, respectively

## C. It is for a photodiode and points $A$ and $B$

represent open circuit voltage and current respectively
D. It is for a LED and points $A$ and $B$ represents open circuit voltage and short circuit current respectively

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

22. Which logic gate is represented by the following combination of logic gates?

A. NAND
B. AND
C. NOR
D. OR

## Answer:

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23. If in a $p$-n junction,square input signal of 10

V is applied as shown Then the output across
$R_{L}$ will be:

A.

1) $\square_{0}^{10 \mathrm{~V}} \square$
B.

C.

D.


## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

24. For CE transistor amplifier, the, audio signal voltage across the collector resistance of $2 K \Omega$ is 4 V . If the current amplification factor of the transistor is 100 and the bas resistance
is $1 K \Omega$ then the input signal voltage is
A. 30 mV
B. 15 mV

## C. 10 mV

## D. 20 mV

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

25. What is the output $Y$ in the following circuit, When all the three inputs $A, B$, and $C$ are first 0 and then 1 ?

A. 1, 0
B. 1, 1
C. 0,1
D. 0,0

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
26. To get output 1 for the following circuit, the correct choice for the input is

A. $A=1, B=0, C=1$
B. $A=0, B=1, C=0$
C. $A=1, B=0, C=0$
D. $A=1, B=1, C=0$

## Answer:

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27. A small signal voltage $V(t)=V_{0} \sin \omega t$ is applied across an ideal capacitor C:
A. Current $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{t})$, leads voltage $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{t})$ by $180^{\circ}$
B. Current $I(t)$, lags voltage $V(t)$ by $90^{\circ}$
C. Over a full cycle the capacitor C does not consume any energy from the voltage source
D. Current $I(t)$ is in phase with voltage $V(t)$

## Answer:

28. Consider the junction diode as ideal. The
value of current flowing through $A B$ is

A. $10^{-3} A$
B. 0 A
C. $10^{-2} A$
D. $10^{-1} \mathrm{~A}$

## Answer:

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29. A npn transistor is cnnected in common emitter configuration in a given amplifier. A
load resistance of $800 \Omega$ is connected in the collector circuit and the voltage drop across it
is 0.8 V . YF the current amplification factor is
0.96 and the input resistance of the circuit is
$192 \Omega$, the voltage gain and the power gain of the amplifier will respectivel be:
A. 4,3.69
B. 4, 3.84
C. 3.69, 3.84
D. 4,4

Answer:

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30. The given electrial network is equivalenf to:

A. OR gate
B. NOR gate
C. NOT gate
D. AND gate

## Answer:

31. Which of the following represent forward bias diode?
A.
B.

2 V
C.

D.

$$
\xrightarrow{o v} D+\sqrt{3 N}=\frac{2 V}{\ldots}
$$

## Answer:

(D) Watch Video Solution

