



PHYSICS

BOOKS - SARAS PUBLICATION

MODEL QUESTION PAPER 6



1. A radioactive source of halflife 2 h emits radiation of intensity which is 64 times the permissible safe level. The minimum time in hours after which it would be possible to work

safely with the source is:

A. 12

B. 8

C. 6

D. 24

Answer:



2. Nuclear fusion is not found in:

A. thermonuclear reactor

B. hydrogen bomb

C. energy production in sun

D. atom bomb

Answer:

3. a. Give the expression for the radius of a nucleus.

b. What is the ratio of the nuclear radii of ${}^{197}_{79}Au$ and ${}^{107}_{47}Ag$?

c. What is the ratio of their nuclear densities ?

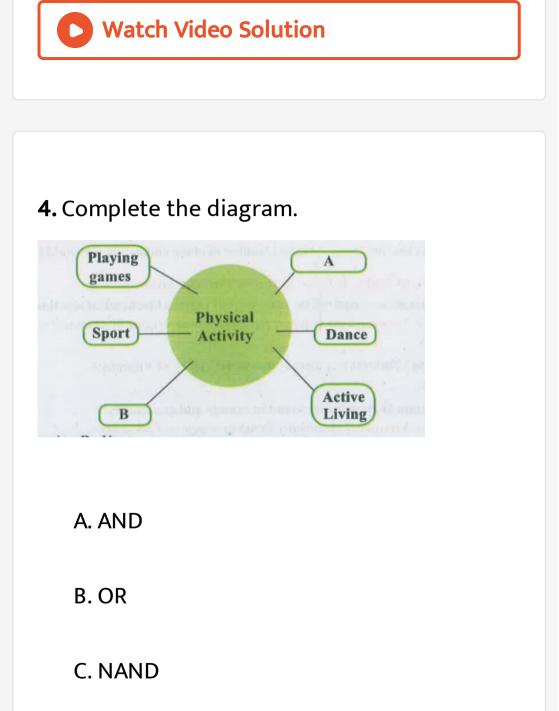
A. 197:107

B. 47:79

C. 79:47

D. 1:1

Answer:



D. NOR



5. Acceptor level in p-type semiconductor lies:

A. nearer to the conduction band

B. at the middle of conduction band and

valence band

- C. within the valence band
- D. nearer to the valence band



6. The frequencies that are reflected are transmitted at ionospheric layer respectively are:

- A. 3 kHz and 10 MHz
- B. 10MHz and 40 MHz
- C. 10 MHz and 20 Mtlz
- D. 36 MHz and 70 MHz



7. The gap between the frequency of the side bands in an amplitude modulated wave is:

A. twice that of the carrier signal

B. twice that of the message signal

C. the same as that of the message signal

D. the same as that of the carrier signal



8. A transmitting antenna at the top of a tower has a height 32 m and that of the receiving antenna is 100 m. What is the maximum distance between them for satisfactory communication in LOS mode? Given radius of earth 6.4×10^6 m

B. 36 m

C. 40 m

D. 46 m

Answer:

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9. The wrong unit-conversion among the following is:

A. $1 angstrom = 10^{-10} m$

B. $1 fermi = 10^{-15} m$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,1 light year = 9.46 x 10^{15} m$

D. astronomical unit = 1.496 x 10^(-11) m`

Answer:

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10. Choose the wrong statement

A. The motion of an object along a straight

line is a rectilinear motion .

B. The speed in general is less than the

magnitude of the velocity:

C. The slope of the displacement time

graph gives the velocity of the body

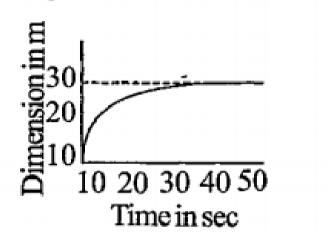
D. The area under the velocity-time graph

gives the displacement of the body

Answer:

11. The displacement of a particle as a function

of time is shown in figure. It indicates that:



A. the velocity of the particle is constant

throughout

B. the acceleration of the particle is

constant throughout

C. the particle starts with a constant

velocity and is accelerated

D. the motion is retarded and finally the

particle stops

Answer:

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12. The range of a projectile is R when the angle of projection is 30° . For the same

velocity of projection and range the other

possible angle of projection is:

A. $45^{\,\circ}$

B. 50°

C. 60°

D. $40^{\,\circ}$

Answer:



13. The scalar quantity among the following is:

A. weight of body

B. temperature gradient

C. elementary area

D. electric potential

Answer:

14. Which one of the following motions on a smooth plane surface does not involve force?

A. Accelerated motion in a straight line

B. Retarded motion in a straight line

C. Motion with constant momentum along

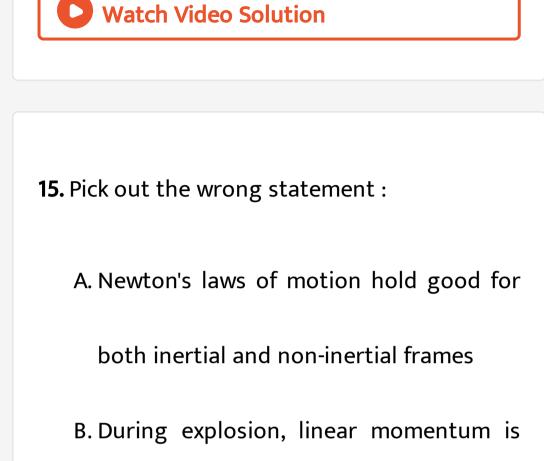
a straight line

D. Motion along a straight line with varying

velocity







conserved

C. Area under force-time graph gives the magnitude of impulse

D. Force of friction is zero when no driving

force is applied

Answer:



16. Two bodies of masses 3m and 9m are moving with equal kinetic energies. The ratio of linear momenta is:

A. masses

- B. square of masses
- C. square root of masses
- D. cube root of masses

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17. Two bodies of masses 1 kg and 2 kg moving with same velocities are stopped by the same force. Then, the ratio of their stopping distances is:

A. 1:2

B. 2:1

C. $\sqrt{2}: 1$

D. 1: $\sqrt{2}$

Answer:



18. If two circular discs A and B are of same mass but of radii r and 2r respectively, then the moment of inertia of A is:

A. the same as that of B

B. twice that of B

C. four times that of B

D. One-forth that of B

Answer:

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19. Choose the wrong statement

A. The centre of mass of a uniform circular ring is at its geometric centre B. Moment of inertia is a scalar quantity C. Radius of gyration is a vector quantity: D. For same mass and radius, the moment of inertia of a ring is twice that of a uniform disc:

Answer:

20. Orbital velocity of earth satellite does not depend on:

A. mass of the earth

B. mass of the satellite

C. radius of the earth

D. acceleration due to gravity

Answer:

21. Gravitational potential energy of a body of mass m at a height of h above the surface of earth (M = mass of earth,.R = radius of earth) is:

A.
$$GM\frac{m}{R+h}$$

B. $-G\frac{m}{R+h}$
C. $G\frac{m}{R+h}$
D. $-GM\frac{m}{R+h}$

Answer:

22. A boat carrying a few number of big stones floats in a water tank. If the stones are unloaded into water, the water level:

A. rises till half the number of stones are

unloaded and then begins to fall

B. remains unchanged

C. rises

D. fall till half the number of stones are

unloaded and then begins to rise



23. Two wires of same length and same material but ofradii r and 2r are stretched by forces F and f respectively to produce equal elongation. The ratio F to f is:

A. 1:1

B. 1:2

C.2:1

D.4:1

Answer:

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24. Choose the correct statement

A. Terminal velocities of rain drops are

proportional to square of their radii

B. Water proof agents decrease the angle

of contact between water and fibres

C. Detergents increase the surface tension

of water

D. Hydraulic machines work on the

principle of Torricelli's law:

Answer:

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25. If ΔU represents the increase in internal energy and W the work done by the thermodynamic system, then: A. Δ U = - W is an isothermal process

B. ΔU = W is an isothermal process

C. ΔU = -W is an adiabatic process

D. ΔU =W is an adiabatic process

Answer:

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26. If the energy input to a Carnot engine is thrice work it performs then, the fraction of energy rejected to the sink is:

A. 1/3

B. 1/4

C. 2/5

D. 2/3

Answer:



27. The ratio of rms speed of an ideal gas molecules at pressure p to that at pressure 2p

A. 1:2

B. 2:1

$\mathsf{C}.\,1\!:\!\sqrt{2}$

D. $\sqrt{2}$: 1

Answer:

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28. A pendulum of time period 2 s'on earth is taken to another planet whose mass and

diameter are twice that of earth. Then, its time

period of the planet is (in second):

A. 1/2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,2\sqrt{2}$

- $\mathsf{C.}\,1/\sqrt{2}$
- D. 2

Answer:



29. The physical quantity which remains constant in simple harmonic motion is :

A. kinetic energy

B. potential energy

C. restoring force

D. frequency

Answer:

30. transverse waves:

A. can be polarized

B. can exhibit diffraction

C. are transverse in nature

D. can travel in free space

Answer:

31. If a closed organ pipe has the same third harmonic frequency as that of an open organ pipe, then their respective lengths are in the ratio:

A. 1:1

B. 1:2

C. 1: 4

D. 3:4

Answer:



32. A particle of mass $1.96 \times 10^{-15} kg$ is kept in equilibrium between two horizontal metal plates having potential difference of 400 V separated apart by 0.02 m. Then, the charge on the particle is (e = electronic charge)

A. 3e

B. 6e

C. 2e



33. Two small spherical shells A and B are given positive charges of 9 C and 4 C respectively and placed such that their centres are separated by 10 m. If P is a point in between them where the electric field intensity is zero, then the distance of the point P from the centre of A is: A. 5m

B. 6m

C. 7m

D. 8m

Answer:

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34. Identify the wrong statement.

A. Charge is a vector quantity

B. Current is a scalar quantity

C. Charge can be quantised

D. Charge is additive in nature

Answer:

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35. When the rate of flow of charge through a metallic conductor of non-uniform cross section is uniform, then the quantity that remains constant along the:

A. current density

B. electric field

C. Electric potential

D. current

Answer:

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36. The resistance of a carbon resistor of colour code Red Red Green Silver is (in *kohm*)

A. $2200\pm5~\%$

- B. $2200\pm10~\%$
- C. $200\pm10~\%$
- D. $220\pm5~\%$

Answer:



37. The slope of the graph showing the variation of potential difference V on x axis and current on y axis gives conductor's:

A. resistance

B. resistivity

C. reciprocal of resistance

D. conductivity

Answer:

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38. When the temperature of a magnetic material decreases, the magnetization:

A. decreases in a diamagnetic material
B. decreases in a paramagnetic material
C. decreases in a ferromagnetic material
D. remains the same in a diamagnetic

material

Answer:

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39. The magnetic field at the centre of a circular coil carrying current I-ampere is B. If the coil bent into smaller circular coil of n turns, its magnetic field at the centre is B. The ratio between B' and B is:

A. 1 : 1 B. *n* : 1 C. *n*² : 1

 $\mathsf{D}.\,2n\!:\!1$

Answer:



40. In an LCR series resonant circuit, the capacitance is changed from C and 4C. For the same resonant frequency, the inductance should be changed from L to:

A. 2L

- $\mathsf{B.}\,L\,/\,2$
- C. 4L

D. L/4



41. Changing magnetic fields can set up current loops in nearby metal bodies and the currents are called as:

A. eddy currents

B. flux currents

C. alternating currents

D. leaking currents



42. Ozone layer in atmosphere is useful, because it

A. radio waves

B. infrared waves

C. ultraviolet rays

D. X-rays



43. The magnifying power of a convex lens of focal length 10 cm when the image is formed at the near point is:

A. 6

B. 5.5

C. 4

D. 3.5





44. The waves that require a medium to travel is:

A. infrared radiation

B. ultraviolet radiation

C. visible light

D. Ultra sound



45. In Youngs double slit experiment, to increase the fringe width

A. a hyperbola

B. a straight line

C. an ellipse

D. a parabola



