



# BIOLOGY

## BOOKS - VGS PUBLICATION-BRILLIANT

### MODEL PAPER 1

#### Section A

1. What are porins? What role do they play in diffusion?



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2. What is the primary acceptor of  $CO_2$  in  $C_3$  plants ? What is the first stable compound formed Calvin cycle ?



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3. What is conjugation? Who discovered it and in which organism?



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4. Define and terms phenotype and genotype.



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5. What are the components of a nucleotide ?



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6. Write any two chemical differences between DNA and RNA.



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7. What is down-stream processing ?



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8. Name the nematode that infects the roots of tobacco plants. Name the strategy adopted to prevent this infestation.



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**9.** What is meant by "hidden hunger"?



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**10.** What is Nucleopolyhedrovirus is being used for nowadays?



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**11.** Explain the role of the pink colour pigment in the root nodule of legume plants. What is it

called ?



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**12.** Define the terms quiescence and dormancy.



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**13.** Mention the difference between virulent phages and temperate phages.



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**14.** What is genotype of wrinkled phenotype of Pea seeds ?



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**15.** In a typical DNA molecule, the proportion of thymine is 20% of the N bases. Find out the percentages of other N bases.



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**16.** Define stop codon. Write the codons.



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**17.** How does one visualize DNA on an agar - gel ?



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**18.** What is GEAC and what are its objectives ?



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**19.** Give two examples of fungi used in SCP production.



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**20.** Name a microbe used for statin production. How do statins lower blood cholesterol level?



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21. What are the competitive enzyme inhibitors ? Mention one example.



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22. Where does the photolysis of  $H_2O$  occur ?

What is its significance ?



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**23.** Name the Bacteria which is a common inhabitant of human intestine . How is it used in biotechnology ?



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**24.** What is point mutation? Give one example.



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**25.** What are the components of a nucleotide ?



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26. What is the difference between the template strand and a coding strand in a DNA molecule ?



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27. Name any two artificially restructured plasmids.



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**28.** Give any two reasons why the patent on Basmati should not have gone to an American company.



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**29.** A person who is allergic to pulses was advised to take a capsule of Spirulina daily. Give reasons for the advice.



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**30.** Why does 'Swiss-Cheese' have big holes ?

Name the bacteria responsible for it.



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## Section B

**1.** How does ascent of sap occur in tall trees ?



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2. What are the steps involved in formation of a root nodule?



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3. Write briefly about enzyme inhibitors.



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4. Write a note on agricultural / horticultural applications of auxins.



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5. Explain the structure of T-even Bacteriophages .



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6. Explain the Law of Dominance using a monohybrid cross.



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7. Draw the schematic/diagrammatic presentation of the lac operon.



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8. What are some bio-safety issues concerned with genetically modified crops ?



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9. How does ascent of sap occur in tall trees ?





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10. Write briefly about enzyme inhibitors.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

11. Tabulate any eight differences between  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  plants/cycles.



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**12.** What are the physiological processes that are regulated by Ethylene in plants ?



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**13.** What are the nutritional groups of bacteria based on their source of energy and carbon ?



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**14.** Explain the Law of Dominance using a monohybrid cross.



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**15.** Draw the schematic/diagrammatic presentation of the lac operon.



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**16.** Give a brief account of Bt cotton.



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**17.** How does most of the water move within a healthy plant body and by which path ?



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**18.** Nitrogen is fixed into the soil not only by biological processes. Elaborate.



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**19.** With the help of a diagram, explain briefly the process of cyclic photophosphorylation.



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**20.** Write a note on agricultural / horticultural applications of auxins.



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**21.** Draw a neat labelled diagram of Euglena:





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**22.** Explain the Incomplete Dominance with example.



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**23.** Define a cistron. Differentiate between monocistronic and polycistronic transcription units with suitable examples.



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**24.** List out the beneficial aspects of transgenic plants.



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## Section C

**1.** Explain the reactions of Krebs's cycle.



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2. Explain briefly the various processes of recombinant DNA technology.



**Watch Video Solution**

3. Describe the tissue culture. technique and, what are the advantages of tissue culture over conventional method of plant breeding in crop improvement programmes ?



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4. Give an account of glycolysis, Where does it occur ? What are the end products? Trace the fate of these products in both aerobic, and anaerobic respiration.



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5. Give a brief account of the tools of recombinant DNA technology.



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6. Describe the tissue culture. technique and, what are the advantages of tissue culture over conventional method of plant breeding in crop improvement programmes ?



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7. Explain the reactions of Krebs's cycle.



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**8.** Explain briefly the various processes of recombinant DNA technology.



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**9.** You are a Botanist working in the area of plant breeding. Describe the various steps that you will undertake to release a new variety.



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## Section A

1. What is chyme ?



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2. What are the columns of Bertin ?



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3. Write the difference between actin and myosin.



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4. What is 'insulin shock'?



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5. What is acromegaly.? Name the hormone responsible for this disorder.



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6. What is organ of Corti?



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7. What are the functions of Sertoli cells of the seminiferous tubules and the Leydig cells in man?



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**8.** What is compaction in human development ?



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**9.** What is electrocardiography and what are the normal components of ECG?



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**10.** Define the terms layer and broiler.







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**11.** What is meant by chloride shift?



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**12.** Define glomerular filtration.



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**13.** What is triad system?





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**14.** Name the keystone bone of the cranium.

Where is it located ?



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**15.** Distinguish between diabetes insipidus and diabetes mellitus.



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**16.** What is erythropoietin? What is its function ?



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**17.** What in your view are the reasons for population explosion, especially in India ?



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**18.** What is 'amniocentesis' ? Name any two disorders that can be detected by

amniocentesis.



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**19. What is apiculture ?**



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**20. Which substances in a sample are detected by direct and indirect ELISA respectively ?**



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## Section B

1. Describe the process of digestion of proteins in the stomach.



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2. Describe disorders of respiratory system.



**Watch Video Solution**

**3.** Draw a labelled diagram of the T.S. of the spinal cord of man.



**Watch Video Solution**

**4.** Explain the mechanism by which HIV multiplies and leads to AIDS.



**Watch Video Solution**

5. Describe the Genic Balance Theory of sex determination.



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6. Write a short note on the theory of mutations.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

7. Distinguish between homologous and analogous organs.



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8. Explain in brief structure of Insulin.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

9. How is respiratory movements regulated in Man?





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**10.** Draw a neat labelled diagram of LS of tooth.



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**11.** Describe the structure of synovial joint with the help of a neat labelled diagram.



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**12.** Write short notes on B-cells..



**Watch Video Solution**

**13.** What is erythroblastosis foetalis?



**Watch Video Solution**

**14.** Distinguish between homologous and analogous organs.



**Watch Video Solution**

**15.** Explain Darwin's theory of Natural Selection with industrial melanism as an experimental proof.



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**16.** Explain the different types of cancers.



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1. Write notes on the working of the heart of man.



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2. Describe female reproductive system of a woman with the help of a labelled diagram.



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**3.** What is crisscross inheritance ? Explain the inheritance of one " sex linked recessive character in human beings.



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**4.** Describe the structure of the heart of man with the help of neat labelled diagram.



**Watch Video Solution**

5. Describe the male reproductive system in Human.



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6. What are multiple alleles Describe multiple alleles with the help of ABO blood groups in man.



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7. Describe the structure of the heart of a man.

Draw a neat labelled diagram of it.



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8. Describe the male reproductive system in Human.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

9. What are multiple alleles Describe multiple alleles with the help of ABO blood groups in man.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

## Section A

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2. Define glomerular filtration.



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3. What is triad system?



**Watch Video Solution**

4. What is organ of Corti?



**Watch Video Solution**

5. Which hormone is called anti-diuretic hormone ? Write the name of the gland that secretes it.



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6. What is erythropoietin? What is its function ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

7. What in your view are the reasons for population explosion, especially in India ?



**Watch Video Solution**

8. What is 'amniocentesis' ? Name any two disorders that can be detected by amniocentesis.



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**9.** List out any two Indian carps and two exotic carps



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**10.** MRI scan in harmless-justify.



**Watch Video Solution**

**Section B**

1. Describe disorders of respiratory system.



**Watch Video Solution**

2. Draw a neat labelled diagram of T.S. of leaf.



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3. Describe the structure of synovial joint with the help of a neat labelled diagram.



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[Watch Video Solution](#)

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[Watch Video Solution](#)

6. Distinguish between homologous and analogous organs.



**Watch Video Solution**

7. Write a short note on the theory of mutations.



**Watch Video Solution**

8. Explain in brief about queen bee.



**Watch Video Solution**