

## **PHYSICS**

# **BOOKS - VGS PUBLICATION-BRILLIANT**

### **MODEL PAPER 5**

Section A

**1.** What is Hypermetropia ? How can it be corrected?



2. Define magnetic declination.



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**3.** What are the units of magnetic moment and magnetic induction?



**4.** Distinguish between ammeter and voltmeter,



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**5.** What is the phenomenon involved in the working of a transformer?



**6.** What is the de Broglie wavelength associated with an electron, accelerated through a potential difference of 100 volts?



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**7.** Give any one use of infrared rays.



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**8.** Write Einstein's photoelectric equation.



9. Draw the circuit symbols for p-n-p and n-p-n transistors...



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10. Define modulation. Why is it necessary?



1. Explain the formation of a rainbow.



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**2.** Does the principle of conservation of energy hold for interference and diffraction phenomena? Explain briefly.



**3.** State and explain Coulomb's inverse square law in electricity.



**4.** Derive an expression for the capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor.



**5.** State and explain Biot-Savart law.

**6.** Describe the ways in which Eddy currents are used to advantage.



**7.** What are the limitations of Bohr's theory of hydrogen atom?



**8.** What is rectification? Explain the working of a fullwave rectifiers.



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## **Section C**

**1.** How are stationary waves formed in closed pipes? Explain the various modes of vibrations and obtain the relations for the frequencies.'

A closed organ pipe 70 cm long is sounded. If

the velocity of sound is 331.m/s, what is the fundamental frequency of vibration of the air column?



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2. State the working principle of Potentiometer. Explain with the help of a circuit diagram. How the emf of two primary cells are compared by using the Potentiometer?



**3.** Explain the principle and working of a nuclear reactor with the help of a labelled diagram.

