

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - UNITED BOOK HOUSE

SET-13

Exercise

1. The unoccupied space in a body centred cubic unit cell is.

- A. 0.68
- B. 0.32
- C. 0.4
- D. 0.5



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2. The state fo hybridisation of the central atom in a square planar complex is.

- A. sp^3
- B. dsp^2
- $\mathsf{C.}\,d^2sp^3$
- D. d^2sp



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3. Which of the following compounds can be used as antifreeze in automobile radiators.

- A. Glycol
- B. Nitrophenol
- C. Ethyl alcohol
- D. Methyl alcohol



- **4.** A first order reactions 50% completed in
- $1.26 imes 10^4$ sec. How much time would take for
- 100% completion.

A.
$$1.26 imes 10^{14} ext{ sec}$$

B.
$$2.52 imes 10^{14}~{
m sec}$$

$$\text{C.}~2.52\times10^{28}~\text{sec}$$

D. infinite

Answer:



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5. Which one of the following is an oxide.

A. Zincite

- B. Calamine
- C. Malachite
- D. Cryolite



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6. Which oxidation state is common for all lanthanoid.

A. (+)2

B. (+)3

C. (+)4

D. (+)5

Answer:



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7. The unit of ebulioscopic constant is.

A. $Kkgmol^{-1}$

B. $MolKgk^{-1}$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,Kgmol^{-1}K^{-1}$

D. $Kmolk^{-1}$

Answer:



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8. In the cell $Zn/Zn^{2+}/Cu^{2+}/Cu$ the negative terminal is.

A. Cu

B. Cu^{2+}

C. Zn

D. Zn^{2+}

Answer:



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9. For the single step reaction of type

$$A+2B
ightarrow E+2F$$
 the rate law is.

A. Rate = $K[A^2][B]$

B. Rate =
$$K\Big([E][F]^2\Big)\Big([A][B]^2\Big)$$

C. Rate =
$$K[A][2B]$$

D. Rate =
$$K[A][B]^2$$



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10. Which of the following ores is concentrated by chemical leaching method.

A. Galena

B. Copper pyrite

- C. Cinnabar
- D. Argentite



- **11.** Chlorobenzene can be obtained from benzene diazonium chloride by.
 - A. Gattermann's reaction
 - B. Friedel craft reaction

- C. Wurtz reaction
- D. Fitting reaction



- **12.** The analgesic used to present heart attack.
 - A. Morphine
 - B. Aspirin
 - C. Codeine

D. none

Answer:



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13. XeF_4 molecule has the shape.

A. Tetrahedral

B. Coplannar

C. Square pyramidal

D. Trigonal bipyramidal



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14. Acid anhydrides on reaction with primary amine gives.

A. Amide

B. Imide

 $\mathsf{C.}\,2^\circ$ amine

D. Imine



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15. The reductive ozonolysis of benzene gives.

A. Acetone

B. Maleic anlydride

C. Phthalic acid

D. Glyoxal

Answer:



16. Define Peptization and Emulsion.



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17. SF_6 exists but SH_6 has no existence. Why?



18. Arrange the following oxides in the order of their increasing acidity.

 CrO_3 , CrO, Cr_2O_3 .



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19. 6gm of urea and 9gm of glucose are dissolved in 1 Litre aqueous solution. Calculate the osmotic pressure of the solution at 300K.



20. For the cell $Cu/Cu^{2+}/Hg^{2+}/Hg$, $E_{cell}^6=0.45V.$ Find the standard reduction potential of Hg^{2+}/Hg electrode. Given $E^\circ cu^{2+}/cu=0.34.$



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21. Alcohol acts as both acids and bases. Why?



22. Give two examples of Co-polymers.



23. Differentiate between Schottky and Frenkel defect.



24. What is point defect? A metal has cubic close packed crystal structure. Its density is

 $2.7 gcm^{-3}$. The radius of the metal atom is 1.43

A. Determine the atomic weight of the metal.



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25. What do you mean by colligative properties? Boiling point of water at 750mm is $99.63^{\circ}\,C$. How much sucrose is to be added to 500gm of water so that it boils at $100^{\circ}\,C$ (given $k_b=0.52$)



26. State Faradays laws of electrolysis. What is meant by 1 Faraday?



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27. How many faradays of electricity will be required to electrilyse completely 1 mol molten Al_2O_3 to produce Al metal and O_2 gas?



Determine the order of the following

28. What do you mean by Zero order reaction?

$$2N_2O_5(g)
ightarrow 4NO_2(g)+O_2(g)$$



reactions.

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29. What do you mean by Zero order reaction? Determine the order of the following reactions.

$$CH_3CHO(g) \stackrel{450^{\circ}C}{\longrightarrow} Ch_4(g) + CO(g)$$



30. What is gold number? Why are lyophilic sols more stable than lyophobic sols?



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31. H_3PO_3 acts as a reducing agent but H_3PO_4 does not. Why?



32. Describe Cannizzaro's reaction and cross-aldol condensation.



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33. What is Tollens reagent? How can acetaldehyde and acetone be distinguished with the help of reactions?



34. How will you convert:

Formic acid to oxallic acid.



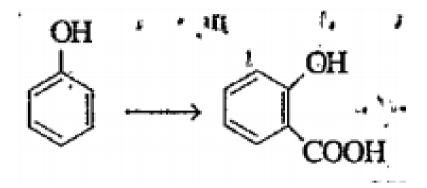
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35. How will you convert:

Benzene to benzoic acid.



36. How will you convert:





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37. How will you convert:

$$OH \longrightarrow O_2N \longrightarrow NO_2$$

$$NO_2$$

$$NO_2$$

38. What is reverse osmosis? Write one application.



39. A urea solutions isotonic with 3% (w//v) glucose $(C_6H_{12}O_6)$ solution. Calculate the concentration of the urea solution.



40. What are interhalogen compounds? Give an example.



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41. Answer the following

 CIF_3 exists but FCl_3 does not exist why?



42. Identify A, B and C in the following.

$$C_6H_5N_2^+Cl^-{\overset{CuCN}{\longrightarrow}} A \overset{H_2O/H^+}{\longrightarrow} B \overset{NH_3}{\longrightarrow} C$$



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43. Identify A, B and C in the following.

$$C_6H_5NO_2 \stackrel{Fe\,/\,HCl}{\longrightarrow} A \stackrel{NaNO_2\,+\,HCl}{\longrightarrow} B \stackrel{H_2O\,/\,H^{\,+}}{\longrightarrow} C$$



44. How will you convert:

Acetone to propene



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45. How will you convert:

Benzoic acid to benzal delyde



46. How will you convert:

Aniline to Benzoic acid

