



CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - UNITED BOOK HOUSE

SET-15



1. On what condition two solution be isotonic?

2. What do you mean by molal ebuloscopic constant K_b for water $0.515^{\circ}C$ kg mol^{-1} .

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3. Draw temperature vs degree of adsorption curve for both physical and chemical adsorption.

4. Write two differences between lyophilic and

lyophobic sol.

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5. Why oxygen only forms diatomic molecule among group 16 elements and others form octa atomic solid?

6. Chrome alum is a double salt but potassium

ferricyanide is a complex salt-Explain why?



Γ



9. Chromium, forms a body centred Cubic lattice. If the side length of the cube be 287 pm them what is the radius of chromium atom and density of the solid?

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10. What is schotsky defect? Find the packing

efficiency of face centred cubic latice.



11. State the factors on which osmotic pressure of a liquid depends. 10gm glycerine dissolved in 1 litre solution is isotonic with 2% Glucose solution. What is the molecular weight of Glycerine?

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12. Define equvalent conductance and state its unit. To make 0.005 mm thick silver coat on a

 $80cm^2$ metal sheet calculate the time required for 3 amp current passed through $AgNO_3$ solution. Density of Ag beign $10.5gmcm^{-3}$

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13. Calculate the EMF of the electrochemical cell for which the following cell reaction is given below-

$$Zx(S)+ni^{2_+}(aq)
ightarrow Zn^{+2}(aq)+Ni(S)$$

Given

 $E^{\,\circ}_{zn^2\,/\,zn}=~-~0.76VE_{Ni^{2+}\,/\,Nl}=~-~0.25V.$





14. State with proper reason for which ores calcination and roasting applicable. What is matt?

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15. Write with balanced chemical equation what will happen when a mixture of NaCl, MnO_2 and concentrat3ed H_2SO_4 is strongly heated.



group 18-f-block element. How would you carry

out the change of chromate ion to dichromate

ion?





18. Show mechanistic path way of the reactiontertiary butyl bromide is treated with aqueousKOH solution. Convert Iodobenzene frombenzene.

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19. Identify A,B,C,D,E,F in the reaction given below:



20. An organic compound A (C_3H_5N) when heated with concentrated NaOH, NH_3 gas evolved with formation of a sodium salt of carborylic acid (B). On reduction A give $C(C_3H_9N)C$ when treated with Nitrous acid gives D. Find A,B,C,D and writes the relevant reactiosn involved.









22. State the arrowhead equation for the reaction given below: Propanone is heated

strongly with lodine and concentrated NaOH

solution.



24. State the product:-

 $CH_3CHO + SeO_2 \rightarrow ?$



26. State the product:-

 $CH_3COOH + CH_2N_2 \xrightarrow{Ether} ?$

27. State the product:-

 $(CH_3)_2 CO + CH_3 MgBr \xrightarrow{H_2O}$?



28. What do you mean by isoelectric point of an amino acid being 9.5? Name a non-reducing sugar? Define non reducing sugar?

29. Prove that for any first order reaction time

to complete the reaction is infinity but for a

zero order reaction, it is a fixed time.



30. State the postulates of reaciton rate. What

is temperature co-efficient of a reaction.



31. The specific reaction-rate constant for a decomposition reaction at $15^{\circ}Cbe4.8 \times 10^{35}$ ^ -1. If the energy of activation for the reaction be 80KJ mol^{-1} then find the temperature in which it will be 1.5×10^{45} ^ -1

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32. Mention two differences between bleaching action of SO_2 and CI_2 .





33. Which one has highest Catenation property between N_2 and Phosphorus and why?

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34. Which solutions can be reduced by phosphine?

35. Give one example each for the the folloiwng: Hunsdicker reaction.
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36. Give one example each for the the

folloiwng: Stephen reaction



37. Give one example each for the the

folloiwng: Reimer tiemann reaction.



38. Two isomeric compounds A and B having the molecular formula $C_3H_7B_r$ form the same compound C on dehydrobromination. C on



40. How would you convert.

1 propanol \rightarrow 2 propanol



A. Cationic

B. anionic

C. non ionic

D. soap

Answer:

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43. Which on used as Tranquilizer

A. Mifepristone

B. Promethazine

C. Vallium

D. Naproxen

Answer:

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44. What is condensation polymerisation?

Write with an example.

A. Backelite

B. Teflon

C. Butyl Rubber

D. Melamyne-formaldehyde resin

Answer:



45. Which one does not undergo azo coupling

reaction with Benzene diazonium chloride

A. aniline

B. Phenol

C. Anisole

D. Nitrobenzene

Answer:

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46. Which one among the following is a vitamin

A. Aspertic acid

B. Ascorbic acid

C. Adipic acid

D. Saccaric acid

Answer:



47. Which of the following does not react with

both acetone and benzaldehyde.

A. Fehling solution

B. $NaHSO_3$

C. Phenyl Hydrozine

D. Grignard reagent

Answer:

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48. The reagent used to discreminate 2pentanone and pentanone is.

A. $K_2Br_2O_7 \mid concH_2SO_4$

B. $Zn - Hg \mid HCI$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,SeO_2$

D. $I_2 \,/\, NaOH$

Answer:



49. Which one among the following is paramagnetic

A.
$$\left[Ni(H_2O)_6
ight]^{2+}$$

 $\mathsf{B.}\left[Ni(CO)_4\right]$

C. $\left[Zn(NH_3)_4\right]^{2+}$

D. $\left[Co(NH_3)_6
ight]^{3\,+}$

Answer:



50. In which of the following pairs, the hybridisation of central atoms is same, but geometry is not the same ?

A.
$$\left[Ni(CN)_4
ight]^2$$
 –

 $\mathsf{B.}\left[Cu(NH_3)_4\right]^{2-}$

C.
$$\left[Pt(CI_4)^{2-1}\right]^{2-1}$$

D. All

Answer:

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51. P-H bond is not present in.

A. H_3PO_2

 $\mathsf{B}.\,H_3PO)3$

$\mathsf{C}.\,H_4P_2O_5$

D. H_3PO_4

Answer:



52. Delta is formed due to

- A. Emulsification
- B. Colloid
- C. Coagulation

D. Peptization

Answer:

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53. if SiO_2 is present as impurities then the flux used.

A. CaO

B. $MgCO_3$

 $C. CaCO_3$

D. All of these

Answer:

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54. Quantity of charge required to get 1 mole Al from Al_2O_3

A. 1F

B. 6F

C. 3F

D. 2F

Answer:

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55. Which one is not a ferromagnetic

substance.

A. Cobalt

B. Nickel

C. Manganese

D. Iron

Answer:

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56. How would you understand that the

AS_2S_3 sols particles are negetively charged?

57. Which types of ligands form chelates? Give

example.



59. State one differnece between Lanthanoid

and Actinoid.

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60. What do you mean by limiting molar conductivity?

