



MATHS

BOOKS - UNITED BOOK HOUSE

SET (11)

Exercise

1. State which of the following is total number of relations

from set A = {a,b,c) to set B = {d,e} is.....

A. 2^{6}

 $\mathsf{B.}\,2^8$

 $C. 2^4$

 $\mathsf{D.}\,2^{15}$

Answer:





A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

Answer:



3. Let A be a non singular square matarix of order 3 imes 3. Then |adjA| is equal to

- A. $\left|A\right|$
- $\mathsf{B.}\left|A\right|^{2}$
- $\mathsf{C.}\left|A\right|^{3}$
- D. 3|A|

Answer:



4. If from Lagrange's Mean value theorem we have, f(4) - f(1) = (4 - 1) then find the range of c

- A. $1 \leq c \leq 4$
- $\texttt{B.1} \leq c < 4$
- $\mathsf{C.1} < c \leq 4$
- D. 1 < c < 4.

Answer:



A. 1

- $\mathsf{B.}\,\frac{1}{2}$
- C. 0
- D. 2

Answer:



6. If the rate of increasae of the side of a squre is $1c \frac{m}{\sec}$, the rate of increase of the area of the square when its side 2 cm, is

A.
$$4c \frac{m}{\sec^2}$$

B. $4c \frac{m^2}{\sec}$
C. $2c \frac{m}{\sec^2}$
D. $2c \frac{m^2}{\sec}$.

Answer:



7. If
$$\overrightarrow{a}$$
 = $2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$, $\overrightarrow{b} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + m\hat{k}$, and $\left|\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b}\right|$

=0, then the value of m is......

A.
$$\frac{3}{2}$$

B. -3

C.
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$

D. 3

Answer:

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8. The plane, which passes throught the point (3,2,0) and line $\frac{x-3}{1} = \frac{y-6}{5} = \frac{z-4}{4}$ is A. x - y + z = 1

B. x + y + z = 5

C. x + 2y - z=1

D. 2x - y + z = 5.

Answer:



9. choose the correct answer from the given alternatives : 2.if A and B are two independent events and P(A)=3/5 and $P(A \cap B) = \frac{4}{9}$ then the value of P(B) will be -



Answer:



10. For a binomial distribution with n trials , mean and s.d. are 4 and $\sqrt{3}$ respectivley, the value of n is.....

A. 4

B. 16

C. 8

D. 32

Answer:

11. prove that
$$\sin^{-1}\cos\sin^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}\sin\cos^{-1}x$$
 = $\frac{\pi}{2}$





13. If A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
, prove that $A - A^T$ is a skew-symmetric

matrix.

14. Prove that, q(x) =
$$\begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x} & when x \neq 0\\ 0 & when x = 0 \end{cases}$$
 is discontinuous

at x = 0.



15. State Rolle's theorem.



16. Evaluate:

 $\int x e^x dx$

17. Find the order and degree of the differential equation

$$rac{d^3y}{dx^3}+y=3\sqrt{1+\left(rac{dy}{dx}
ight)}$$



18. Show that the function $f(x) = \log x$ has neither a maximum nor a minium value.

19. Let V and S be the volume and surfacea area of a sphere with radius respectivley. Prove that, $2\frac{dV}{dt} = r\frac{ds}{dt}$

20. Find the direction cosines of the straight line which

makes equal angles with the coordinate axes.



22. If A and B are two events such that P(A) = P(B) = 1, then

show that, P(A + B) = 1.

23. Eight coins are thrown simultaneously. Show that the probability of getting at least 6 heads is $\frac{37}{256}$.

24. If
$$\tan^{-1}\left[\frac{yz}{xr}\right] + \tan^{-1}\left[\frac{zx}{yr}\right] + \tan^{-1}\left[\frac{xy}{zr}\right] = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

prove that, $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2$.

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25. Provet that the producet of the matrics

 $\begin{bmatrix} \cos^2 \alpha \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \sin^2 \alpha \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{bmatrix} \cos^2 \beta \cos \beta \sin \beta \\ \cos \beta \sin \beta \sin^2 \beta \end{bmatrix} \text{ is the null}$ matrix when α and β differ by an odd multiple of $\frac{\pi}{2}$.

26. Solve :
$$\begin{vmatrix} x+a & b & c \\ a & x+b & c \\ a & b & x+c \end{vmatrix}$$
 =0

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27. If
$$f(x) = \left(rac{a+x}{b+x}
ight)^{a+b+2x}$$
 then prove that $f'(0) = \left[2\log\left(rac{a}{b}
ight) + rac{b^2-a^2}{ab}
ight] \left(rac{a}{b}
ight)^{a+b}$

28. If
$$y = e^u$$
 and $u = f(x)$, show that, $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = e^u \left[\frac{d^2u}{dx^2} + \left(\frac{du}{dx} \right)^2 \right]$.



29.
$$\int \!\! {dx \over x^n (1+x^n)^{1\over n}}$$
 is

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30. Solve:

$$\left(x^2+y^2
ight)$$
. $dx-2xydy$ = 0, given y = 0 when x = 1

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31. SolveL $\left(1+y
ight)^2 dx = \left(an^{-1}y - x
ight) dy$, given that y= 0

when x= -1.

32. If the points having position vectors $\hat{i} + b\hat{j} + c\hat{k}$, $7\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ and $5\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$ are collinear, find the values of b and c.

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33. Let
$$\overrightarrow{a} = 2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$$
, $\overrightarrow{b} = -\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, and $\overrightarrow{c} = 3\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ be three given vectors, if $\overrightarrow{a} + \lambda \overrightarrow{b}$ and \overrightarrow{c} are perpendicular to each other, find λ .

34. Evaluate: $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \left(\sqrt{\tan x} + \sqrt{\cot x}\right) dx$

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35. A bag contains 5 white, 7 red and 3 black balls. If three balls are drawn one by one without replacement, find the probability that none is red.



36. A bag contains 5 white and 7 black balls. Find the expectation of a man who is allowed to draw two balls

from the bag and who is to receive one rupee for each

black ball and two rupees for each white ball drawn.



the point (2,-1) upon the line 3x - 4y + 5 = 0.

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38. Shade the area bounded by $y^2 = 8x$ and y = x above positive direction of x-axis and use calculus to find the area of that part.



39. Find the equation of the line which passes through the point with position vector $-\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and which is at right angles to each of the lines: $\frac{2x-1}{4} = \frac{3y+5}{2} = \frac{2-z}{3}$ and $\frac{x}{-3} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z}{3}$. Watch Video Solution

40. Find the equation of the plane passing through line of intersection of the plane $\overrightarrow{r} \cdot (\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}) + 6$ = 0 and $\overrightarrow{r} \cdot (3\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 4\hat{k}) = 0$. which is at a unit

distance form the origin.