



PHYSICS

BOOKS - UNITED BOOK HOUSE

QUESTION PAPER 2015



1. As radio waves of low frequencies cannot be

transmitted to long distances, a high

frequency carrier signal is superposed on it.

This process is called

A. Amplification

B. Rectification

C. Modulation

D. Oscillation

Answer:

2. The impurity atom which when added to germanium makes its an n- type semiconductor is

A. boron

B. indium

C. arsenic

D. aluminium

Answer:

3. The total energy of an electron for any patrticular energy level in hydrogen atom is -1.51 eV. The value of principal quantum number of the energy level is

A. n=1

B. n=2

C. n=3

D. n=4



4. The wavelength of matter waves associated with an electron of mass m having kinetic energy E is given by

A.
$$2\frac{h}{m}E$$

B. 2mhE

C.
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}mE}{h}$$

D. $\frac{h}{\sqrt{2}}me$



5. If a light of wavelength λ falling on a sibgle slit of width 'a $d \Leftrightarrow ractsatan \angle$ theta`, the condition of first minima will b

- A. $\lambda \sin heta = a$
- B. $a\cos heta=\lambda$
- C. $a\sin heta=\lambda$
- D. `lambda costheta=a



6. The refractive index of the material of a double equiconvex lens id 1.5. IF the radius of curvature of he lens is R, then its focal length is

A. zero

B. infinite

C. 2R

D. R





7. Electromagnetic waves are produced by

- A. a static charge
- B. a uniformity moving cahrge
- C. an accelerated charge
- D. neutral particle.



8. A current flowing through a coil changes from +2A to -2A in 0.05 s and an emf of 8 V is induced in the coil. The value of selfinductance of the coil is

A. 0.8 H

B. 0.1H

C. 0.2 H

D. 0.4H

Answer:



9. an ac having a peak value of 1.41 ampere is used to heat a wire. A DC having a peak value of 1.41 ampere is used to heat wire. A DC producing the same heating rate will be of approximately

A. 1.41

C. 0.705

D. 1.0A.

Answer:



10. IF current I flows in a coil of area A and

number of turns n, the magnetic moment of the coil is

A. nIA

$B. n^2 IA$

C.
$$\frac{nl}{A}$$

D. $\frac{(nl)}{\sqrt{A}}$

Answer:

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11. A conductor of uniform cross-section is carrying a current of a ampere. The number of free electrons flowing across the across the cross-section of the condukctor per second is A. $6.25 imes10^{18}$

 $\texttt{B.}\,6.25\times10^{17}$

 $\text{C.}~6.25\times10^{16}$

D. $6.25 imes10^{23}$

Answer:

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12. 64 tiny drops of water having same radius and same charge are combioned of formone

large drop. The ratio of petential of the large

drop to the small drop is

A. 4:1

B. 1:4

C. 16:1

D. 1:16



13. The statvolt corresposnding to one volt is

A.
$$\frac{1}{100}$$

B. 10^9
C. $\frac{1}{300}$
D. 300



14. At what position should an object be placed in front of a spherical mirror such that the size of the image is equal to that of the object?

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15. What is meant by accomodation of human

eye?

16. Write down the equation of Lorentz force

acting on a moving charged particle.



17. α - particle and (ii) β particle are both projected with the same velocity v perpendicular to the magnetic field B.which particle will experience greater force?





20. An ac voltage e= $E_0 \sin \omega t$ is applied across

an ideal inductor of slef inductance L. Write

down the peak current.



21. Establish the relation between drift velocity of electron and current density in metallic conductor.

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22. Why is potentiometer converted for the measurement of emf of a cell? Explain.



24. The Plane of a suspended current carrying rectangular coil makes an and θ with the direction of uniform magnetic field. Calculate the torque acting on the coil.





25. Draw the variation of binding energy per nuvcleon with mass number of atoms and indicate the stable an unstable regions of the diagram.



26. State Boh'r quantum condition in conneciton with the hydrogen atom. What is the value of Bohr's radius is SI system?



27. Write down different modes by which electromagnetic waves can propagate from transmitting to receiving antenna. Mention one important use of microwaves.



28. Draw a neat diagram of amplitude modulated wavefrom. Write down the

expression of modulation index and show

each term in the diagram.



29. Define electric dipole moment. Find the torque actging on a dipole when it is placed in a uniform electric field \overrightarrow{E} .

30. Sate Gauss's theorem in electrostatics. Find the electric flux through a surface of area $50m^2$ in x-y plane in the electric field $\overrightarrow{E} = 3\hat{t} + 2\hat{t} + k\hat{t}$ V/m.

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31. What is understood by capacitance of a capicitor? A 900 pF capacitor is charged to 100 V by a battery. How much energy is stored in the capacitor?



32. Define angel of dip at a place. What will be the value of the angle at the poles and the equator of the earth? Aat what place on the earth's surface will the horozontal component of the eath's magnetic field and is verticle component ne equal?



33. State Ampere's circuital law. Using this law obtain an expression for the intensity of the magnetic field on the axis of a toroidal solenoid for a current of I ampere.

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34. What are coherent sources? Green light of wavelength 5100 $\circ A$ is incident on a double slit. IF the overall separation of 10 fingers on a

screen 200 cm away from the slits is 2, find the

distance between the slits.



35. What is understood by diffraction of light? In a single slit experiment, if the width of the slit increases, what will be the change of angular width of the central maxima? State Brewster's law.



36. Define angle of deviation. Show that angle of deviation incase of refracion of light through a prism is $\delta=i_1+i_2-A$ where the

symbols have their usual meanings.



37. Calculate the speed of light in a mediun whose crifical angel is 45° . Mention two practical applications of optical fibre.

38. What is meant by stopping potential in photoelectric emission? Does the stppping potential depend on the intensity and the frequency of the incident light? Explain.

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39. What conclusion is drawn from Davission-

Germer experiment? Are matter waves

electromagnetic waves? Explain.

40. Write down the relation between radius of the nucleus and mass number of an atom. What is isotone? Give an example.



41. Draw the I-V characteristics of a light emitting diode (LED) and explain its working principle.

42. Draw the output characteristic curves of a

n-p-n transistor in a C-E configuration and find

the output resistance from it.



43. What is NOR gate? Prepare its Truth Table.

Why is it called Universal gate?



44. What is Zener dioide? Draw its voltage vs currrent characteristics in the reverse bias and indicaste the breakdown voltage on the characteristics. Mention one important use of this diode.

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45. With the help of a circuit expain the

function of a shunt used in a galvanometer.

46. Sate Kirchhoff's laws in a network of conductors carrying current. 'State which law obeys the principle of conservation of energy.



47. Establish the balanced condition of Wheatstone's bridge by applying Krichhoff's laws

48. Length diameter and specific resistance of two wires of different materials are each in the radio 2:1. One of the wires has a resistance of 10 ohm. Find the resistance of 10 ohm. Find the lresistance of the other wire.

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49. Define self inductance of a coil.

50. A metallic disc of radius 10 cm is roatating uniforminty about a horizontal axis passing through its centre with angular velocity 10 revolution per second. A uniform magnetic field of intensity 10^{-2} Tesla acts along the axis of the disc. Find the potential difference induced between the centre and the rim, of the disc.



51. The instantaneous voltage from an ac souce is given by e=200 sin 314t volt. Find the rms voltage. What is the frequency of the frequency of the source?



52. State the condition under which the phenomenon of resonance occurs in series LCR circuit when ac voltage. Calculate the value of self-inductance if the capacitor used is

 $10 \mu F$ and resistance used iss 10 ohm with the

ac source of frequency 50 Hz.



53. Focal lengths of two thin lenses kept in contant are f_1 and f_2 . Prove that their equivalent focal length f is given by $\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{f_1} + \frac{1}{f_2}$

54. The refracting angle of a prism is 60° and the refractive index of its material is $\sqrt{\frac{7}{3}}$. Find the minimum angle of incidence of a ray of light falling on one refracting face of the prism such that the emerging ray will graze the other refracting face.



55. The object and the image are at distances x and y respectively from the focus of a concave

mirror. Eastablish the relation between x y and

the focal length f of the mirror.



56. Light from a point source placed at the bottom of a rectuangular glass slab of thikness 5 cm is internally reflected by the upper surface and a circle of radius 8 cm is formed at the bottom. Find the R.I. of glass.

