



MATHS

BOOKS - MBD NCERT SOLUTIONS

CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY

Multiple Choice Questions

1. Point P(6, -4) lies in which quadrant?

A. First

B. Second

C. Third

D. Fourth.

Answer: D

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2. Coordinates of midpoint of line joining two

points (-1, 7) and (4, -3) are:

A.
$$\left(-rac{3}{2},2
ight)$$

$$B.\left(\frac{3}{2},2\right)$$
$$C.\left(\frac{3}{2},-2\right)$$
$$D.\left(2,\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

Answer: B

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3. Point Q(-3, -4) lies in which quadrant?

A. First

B. Third

C. Second

D. Fourth.

Answer: B



4. Coordinates of midpoint of line joining two

points (-5, 7) and (5, -7) are :

A. (5, 7)

B.(0,0)

C. (0, 7)

D.(5,0)

Answer: B



5. Point P(3, 4) lies in which quadrant?

A. First

B. Second

C. Third

D. Fourth.

Answer: A

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6. Coordinates of midpoint of line joining two

points
$$\left(\frac{5}{7}, \frac{-3}{2}\right)$$
 and $\left(\frac{-5}{7}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$ are :

A. (5, -3)B. $\left(\frac{5}{14}, \frac{3}{4}\right)$

C.(0,0)

D. None of these

Answer: C

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7. Point P(-3, -4) lies in which quadrant?

A. First

B. Second

C. Third

D. Fourth.



8. Find the coordinates of that point, which is the line segment joining points (-1, 7) and (4, -3) in the ratio of 2:3.

A.
$$(1, 3)$$

- B. (-1, 3)
- C. (1, -3)

D. (-1, -3)

Answer: A



9. The distance of point (5, -7) from origin

is :

A. $\sqrt{74}$

 $\mathsf{B.}-2$

C. 2

D. 12

Answer: A



10. Find the area of a triangle whose vertices are (1 , -1) , (- 4 , 6) and (- 3 , -5) . $\left(AS_{1}
ight)$

A.
$$\frac{43}{2}$$

B. 8

C. 24



11. The distance of point (-4, 5) from origin

is :

A. 1

B. 9

 $\mathsf{C.}\,\sqrt{41}$



12. The area of the triangle formed by joining the points (-5, 3)(6, -2) and (-3, 4) is :

A. 15

B. 30

C. 10.5



13. The distance of point $(\,-5,12)$ from origin

is :

A. 13

B. 17

C. 7

D. 6

Answer: A



14. Find area of triangle formed by the points A(5;2);B(4;7) and C (7;-4)

A. 57 sq units

B. 2 sq units

C. 0

Answer: D



15. The distance of the point P(3, -4) from the origin is

A. -1

B.1

C. 5

D. 7



16. The area of triangle formed by joining (2, 3), (-1, 0) and (2, -4) is :

A. 21

B. 10.5

C. 0

Answer: B



17. The distance between the points P(x, y) and Q(0, 0) will be:

A.
$$x^2+y^2$$

B.
$$\sqrt{x^2-y^2}$$

C.
$$\sqrt{x^2+y^2}$$

D. $\sqrt{x+y}$



18. The midpoint of the line segment joining the points (-4, 3) and (8, -5) is :

A.
$$(\,-12,\,8)$$

- B. (4, -2)
- $\mathsf{C.}\,(\,-2,\,1)$

D. (2, -1)

Answer: D



19. The co - ordinates of midpoint of the points (-3,4) and $(1,\ -2)$ are : A. (1, -2)B. (-2, 3)C.(2,1)D. (-2, -3)

Answer: A



20. The distance between the points (0, 0) and (-6, 8) is :

A. 2

B. 10

C.-6

D. 8

Answer: B



21. If the points A(2, 3), B(4, k) and C(6, -3) are collinear, find the value of k.

 $\mathsf{A.}-1$

B. 0

C. 1

Answer: B



22. Find the point on the *x*-axis which is equidistant from (2, -5) and (-2, 9).

A.
$$(\,-7,\,0)$$

B.(7,0)

C.(0, -7)

D.(5,0)

Answer: A



23. Find the distance between the points P(-6,7) and Q(-1, -5)

A. $\sqrt{13}$

- B. 13
- C. $\sqrt{119}$

D. - 13.





24. The distance of a point from the y-axis is called its x-coordinate or _____

A. Abscissa

B. Ordinate

C. Origin



Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. Find the distance between the points (2, 3) and (4, 1).

2. Find the midpoint of the line joining the points (7, 6) and (-3, -4).

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3. Find the distance between the points

$$(-5,7)$$
 and $(-1,3)$.

4. Find the midpoint of the line joining the

points (3, 4) and (5, 2).

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Short Answer Type Questions

1. Find the ratio in which the y-axis divides the line segment joining the points (5, -6) and (-1, -4). Also, find the coordinates of the point of division.



2. Find the ratio in which the line joining (5, -6) and (-1, -4) is divided by x - axis. Also find the coordinates of the point of intersection.



3. Find the ratio is which the line joining A(1, -5) and B(-4, 5) is divided by x -

axis. Also find the coordinates of the point of

intersection.



4. Find the ratio in which the line joining (3, 4) and (-4, 7) is divided by y - axis. Also find the coordinates of the point os intersection.

5. If (1, 2), (4, y), (x, 6) and (3, 5) are the vertices

of a parallelogram taken in order, find x and y.

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6. Find the coordinates of a point A , here AB is a diameter of the circle whose centre is $(2,\ -3)$ and $B(1,\ 4)$.

7. Find the point on the x -axis which is equidistant from (2, -5) and (-2, 9)

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8. Find the co - ordinates of the point which divides the join (1, 7) and (4, -3) in the ratio 2:3.

9. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points (-3, 10) and (6, -8) is divided by (-1, 6).



10. Find the values of y for which the distance between the points P(2, -3) and Q(10, y)

is 10 units.



11. Find the coordinates of the points of trisection of the line segment joining the points (2,-2) and (-7,-4)

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12. Find the co - ordinates of the points of trisection of the line segment joining (4, -1)

and (-2, -3).

13. Find a relation between x and y such that the point (x, y) is equidistant from the points (3, 6) and (-3, 4)

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14. Find the value of k for which the points (7, -2), (5, 1) and (3, k) are collinear.

15. Determine if the points (2, 3), (4, 0) and

(6, -3) are collinear

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16. Find the value of k if the points A(8, 1), B(k, -4) and C(2, -5) are collinear.

17. Find the area of a triangle whose vertices

are (1 , -1) , (- 4 , 6) and (- 3 , -5) . $\left(AS_{1}
ight)$

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18. Find the area of triangle whose vertices are

$$(-15, 3), (6, -2) \text{ and } (-3, 4).$$