



# **BIOLOGY**

## **BOOKS - FULL MARKS BIOLOGY (TAMIL ENGLISH)**

### **TRANSPORTATION IN PLANTS AND CIRCULATION IN ANIMALS**

**Textbook Evaluation Questions Solved Choose  
The Correct Answer**

1. Active transport involves

A. movement of molecules from lower to higher concentration

B. expenditure of energy

C. it is an uphill task

D. all of the above

**Answer:**



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2. Water which is absorbed by roots is transported to aerial parts of the plant through

A. cortex

B. epidermis

C. phloem

D. xylem

**Answer:**



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3. During transpiration there is loss of

A. carbon dioxide

B. oxygen

C. water

D. none of the above

**Answer:**



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4. Root hairs are

- A. cortical cell
- B. projection of epidermal cell
- C. unicellular
- D. both b and c

**Answer:**



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5. Which of the following process requires energy ?

A. active transport

B. diffusion

C. osmosis

D. all of them

**Answer:**



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6. The wall of human heart is made of

- A. Endocardium
- B. Epicardium
- C. Myocardium
- D. All of the above

**Answer:**



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7. Which is the sequence of correct blood flow

A. ventricle - atrium - vein - arteries

B. atrium - ventricle - veins - arteries

C. atrium - ventricle - arteries - vein

D. ventricles - vein - atrium - arteries

**Answer:**



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**8.** A patient with blood group O was injured in an accident and has lost . Which blood group



the doctor should effectively use for transfusion in this condition ?

A. O group

B. AB group

C. A or B group

D. all blood group

**Answer:**



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9. Heat ' of heart' is called

A. SA node

B. AV node

C. Purkinje fibres

D. Bundle of His

**Answer:**



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**10.** Which one of the following regarding blood composition is correct

A. Plasma - Blood + Lymphocyte

B. Serum - Blood + Fibrinogen

C. Lymph - Plasma + RBC + WBC

D. Blood - Plasma + RBC+ WBC +Platelets

**Answer:**



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# Textbook Evaluation Questions Solved Fill In The Blanks

1. \_\_\_\_\_ involves evaporative loss of water from aerial parts .



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2. Water enters the root cell through a \_\_\_\_\_ plasma membrane .



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3. Structures in roots that help to absorb water are \_\_\_\_\_.



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4. Normal blood pressure is \_\_\_\_\_.



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5. The normal human heartbest rate is about \_\_\_\_\_ times per minute .



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## Textbook Evaluation Questions Solved Match The Following

### 1. Match the following -Section I

- |                       |                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Symplastic pathway | ~ (a) Leaf              |
| 2. Transpiration      | ~ (b) Plasmodesmata     |
| 3. Osmosis            | ~ (c) Pressure in xylem |
| 4. Root Pressure      | ~ (d) Pressure gradient |



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## 2. Match the following terms with their respective meanings - Section II

- |                   |                              |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Leukemia       | – (a) Thrombocytes           |
| 2. Platelets      | – (b) Phagocyte              |
| 3. Monocytes      | – (c) Decrease in leucocytes |
| 4. Leucopenia     | – (d) Blood Cancer           |
| 5. AB blood group | – (e) Allergic condition     |
| 6. O blood group  | – (f) Inflammation           |
| 7. Eosinophil     | – (g) Absence of antigen     |
| 8. Neutrophils    | – (h) Absence of antibody    |



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**Textbook Evaluation Questions Solved State Whether True Or False If False Write The Correct Statement**

1. The phloem is responsible for the translocation of food .



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2. Plants lose water by the process of transpiration.



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**3.** The form of sugar transported through the phloem is glucose .



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**4.** In apoplastic movement the water travels through the cell membrane and entre the cell .



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5. When guard cells lose water the stoma opens



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6. Initiation and stimulation of heart beat take place by nerves .



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7. All veins carry deoxygenated blood .



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8. WBC defend the body from bacterial and viral infections .



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9. The closure of the mitral and tricuspid valves at the start of the ventricular systole produces the first sound 'LUBB '



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## Textbook Evaluation Questions Solved Answer In A Word Or Sentence

1. Name two layered protective covering of human heart .



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2. What is the shape of RBC in human blood?



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3. Why is the colour of the blood red ?



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4. Which kind of cells are found in the lymph ?



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5. Name the heart valve associated with the major arteries leaving the ventricles.



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6. Mention the artery which supplies blood to the heart muscle .



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**Textbook Evaluation Questions Solved Short Answer Question**

1. What causes the opening and closing of guard cells of stomata during transpiration?



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2. What is cohesion?



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3. Trace the pathway followed by water molecules from the time it enters a plant root to the time it escapes into the atmosphere from a leaf.



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4. What would happen to the leaves of a plant that transpires more water than its absorption in the roots ?



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5. Describe the structure and working of the human heart .



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6. Why is the circulation in man referred to as double circulation ?



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7. What is are heat sounds ? How are they produced ?



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8. What is the importance of values in the heart ?



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9. Who discovered RH factor ? Why was it named so ?



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**10.** How are arteries and veins structuarlly different from one another ?



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**11.** Why is the sinoatrial node called the pacemaker of heart ?



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**12.** Differentiate between systemic circulation and pulmonary circulation ?



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**13.** The complete events of cardiac cycle last for 0.8 sec . What is the timing for each event ?



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**Textbook Evaluation Questions Solved Give Reasons For The Following Statements**

1. Minerals cannot be passively absorbed by the roots .



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2. Guard cells are responsible for opening and closing of the stomata



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**3.** The movement of substances in the phloem can be in any direction .



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**4.** Minerals in the plants are not lost when the leaf falls .



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5. The walls of the right ventricle are thicker than the right auricles .



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6. Mature RBC in mammals do not have cell organelles .



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1. How do plants absorb water? Explain .



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2. What is transpiration?



**Watch Video Solution**

3. Why are leucocytes classified as granulocytes and mention its functions .



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4. differentiate between systole and diastole  
explain the conduction of heart best .



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5. (a) Write a note on euploidy.  
(b) Enumerate the functions of blood.



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# Textbook Evaluation Questions Solved Assertion And Reasoning

**1. Assertion :** RBC plays an important role in the transport of respiratory gases.

**Reason :** RBC do not have cell organells and nucleus .

A. If both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. A is true but R is false

D. Both A and R are false

**Answer:**



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2. Assertion: Persons with AB blood group are called an universal recipients, because they can receive blood from all groups.

Reason: Antibodies are absent in persons with AB blood group.

A. If both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. A is true but R is false

D. Both A and R are false

**Answer:**



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## Textbook Evaluation Questions Solved Higher Order Thinking Skills Hots

1. When any dry plant material is kept in water , they swell up . Name and define the phenomenon involved in this change .



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2. Why are the walls of the left ventricle thicker than the other chambers of the heart?



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3. Doctors use stethoscope to hear the the sound of the heart . Why ?



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4. How does the pulmonary artery and pulmonary vein differ in their function when compared to a normal artery and vein ?



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5. Transpiration is a necessary evil in plants  
Explain .



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## Textbook Activities Solved

### 1. Demonstration of Osmosis:

A thistle funnel whose mouth is covered with a semipermeable membrane, is filled with sucrose solution. It is kept inverted in a beaker containing water. The water will diffuse across

sugar the membrane due to osmosis and raise the level of the solution solution in the funnel.



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## 2. Demonstration of Root Pressure:

Choose a small soft stemmed plant. Cut the stem horizontally near the base with a blade in the morning. You will see drops of solution oozing out of the cut stem due to root pressure.



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### 3. Determining Heart Rate:



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## Additional Questions Fill In The Blanks

1. ....is responsible for the movement of water upto the base of the stem.



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2. The other name of red blood corpuscles is \_\_\_\_\_.



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3. The apices of the flaps of tricuspid valves are held in position by .....



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4. Blood vessels that supply blood to the cardiac muscles are .....



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5. Sinuses are the body cavities which are called .....



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**Additional Questions Write True Or False For The Following Statements Write The True Statement For The False Statement**

1. Root hairs are thin walled, slender extension of Parenchyma cells.



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2. The transpiration pull sucks the water column from the xylem tubes, so that the water is able to rise up in the tallest plants.



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3. The force of attraction between the molecules of companion cells is called cohesion.



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4. Blood platelets help in clotting of blood, form clot at the site of injury and prevent blood loss.



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## 5. Match the following.

- |                        |                                    |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. Universal Recipient | – (a) Left Atrio Ventricular Valve |
| 2. Blood               | – (b) Thin and non elastic cells   |
| 3. Thermocytes         | – (c) Blood group AB               |
| 4. Universal Donor     | – (d) Thick and elastic cells      |
| 5. Mitral              | – (e) Bloos group ‘O’              |
| 6. Veins               | – (f) Blood platelets              |
| 7. Arteries            | – (g) Connective tissue            |



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## Additional Questions Answer The Following In A Word Or A Sentence

1. What is Root Pressure?



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2. What is ascent of sap ?



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3. What do you mean by capillarity or capillary action ?



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4. Define Adhesion.



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5. What are capillaries?



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6. What is single circulation ?



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7. What is Cardiac Cycle?



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**8. Define:-**

Hypertension



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**9. What is pulse rate?**



**Watch Video Solution**

**10.** Why is membrane bound proteins called pumps?



**Watch Video Solution**

**11.** What are Rh antibodies?



**Watch Video Solution**

**12.** What are Lymph nodes?



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## Additional Questions Answer The Following Briefly

1. Define the following. (a) Diffusion

(b) Osmosis



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2. (a) Name the main two components of blood.

(b) What does plasma contain?



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**3. Explain the two types of Circulatory System.**



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**4. What is Blood Pressure? How is blood pressure expressed?**



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5. In a Tabular Column, mention the distribution of Antigen (RBC) and antibody (Plasma) in different blood groups.



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6. Explain the causes of the sound of the Heart.



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7. The instruments used to measure blood pressure is



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8. What are the factors which affect transpiration?



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**9.** Draw a labelled diagram for the following.

1. (a) Root tip with root hairs.

(b) Guard cell in turgid and Flacid condition.



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**10.** Draw a labelled diagram of the internal structure of Human Heart.



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## Additional Questions Answer The Following In Detail

1. Explain the types of blood circulation.



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2. Explain the Lymphatic System with diagram and mention the function of Lymph.



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## Additional Questions Higher Order Thinking Skills Hots

1. What do you know about the following? (a) Anaemia (b) Leucocytosis (c) Leukopenia



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2. What are the factors affecting Ascent of Sap?



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3. What do you know about the following important terms, which we come across every day. (a) Heart attack (b) Cardiac arrest (c) Heart Failure



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4. What precautions can be taken for preventing heart disease?



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