



MATHS

BOOKS - FULL MARKS MATHS (TAMIL ENGLISH)

SAMPLE PAPER 12

Part

1. If 2 sets A and B have 17 elements in common, then the number of elements common to the set $A \times B$ and $B \times A$ is

A. 2^{17}

B. 17^2

C. 34

D. insufficient data

Answer:



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2. If $\frac{1 - 2x}{3 + 2x - x^2} = \frac{A}{3 - x} + \frac{B}{x + 1}$ then the value of A+B is

A. $-\frac{1}{2}$

B. $-\frac{2}{3}$

C. $\frac{1}{2}$

D. $\frac{2}{3}$

Answer:



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3. The value of $(3^{-6})^{2/3}$ is

A. -81

B. -9

C. $\frac{1}{81}$

D. $\frac{1}{9}$

Answer:



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4. The value of $\tan 1^\circ \tan 2^\circ \tan \dots \tan 89^\circ =$

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. -1

Answer:



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5. In ${}_n C_{12} = {}_n C_8$ then $n =$

A. 20

B. 30

C. 6

D. 12

Answer: A



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6. $\cos 1^\circ + \cos 2^\circ \cos 3^\circ \dots + \cos 179^\circ$ is

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

B. 1

C. $\sqrt{3}$

D. 0

Answer:



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7. The number of 10 digit numbers that can be written by using the digits 2 and 3 is

A. ${}^{10}C_2 + {}^2C_2$

B. 2^{10}

C. $2^{10} - 2$

D. $10!$

Answer:



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8. The sum of an infinite G.P. is 18. If the first term is 6, the common ratio is

A. $\frac{1}{3}$

B. $\frac{2}{3}$

C. $\frac{1}{6}$

D. $\frac{3}{4}$

Answer:



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9. Which one of the following is not true about the

matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$?

A. a scalar matrix

B. a diagonal matrix

C. an upper triangular matrix

D. a lower triangular matrix

Answer:



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10. The distance between the lines

$$y = mx + c_1 \text{ and } y = mx + c_2 \text{ is}$$

A. 0

B. $\frac{c_1 - c_2}{\sqrt{1 + m^2}}$

C. $\frac{|c_1 - c_2|}{\sqrt{1 + m^2}}$

D. $\frac{c_2 - c_1}{\sqrt{1 + m^2}}$

Answer:



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11. If $h^2 = ab$ then the angle between the pair of straight lines given by $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 = 0$ is

A. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

B. 0

C. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

D. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

Answer:



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12. If $[2 \ x \ -1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ x \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = [13]$, then the value of x is

A. 2

B. 5

C. ± 3

D. ± 4

Answer: D



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13. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{xe^x - \sin x}{x}$ is

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 0

Answer:



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14. If $\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ then $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ is

A. Δ

B. $-\Delta$

C. 3Δ

D. -3Δ

Answer: B



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15. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{2}{n^2} + \frac{3}{n^2} + \dots + \frac{n}{n^2} \right)$ is

A. $\frac{1}{2}$

B. 0

C. 1

D. ∞

Answer:



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16. The remainder when 38^{15} is divided by 13 is

A. 12

B. 1

C. 11

D. 5

Answer:



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17. If $y = f(x^2 + 2)$ and $f'(3) = 5$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x=1$ is

A. 5

B. 25

C. 15

D. 10

Answer:



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18. $\int \tan x dx =$

A. $\log \cos x + c$

B. $\log \sec x + c$

C. $\sec^2 x + c$

D. $\frac{\tan^2 x}{2} + c$

Answer:



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19. A, B and C try to hit a target simultaneously but independently. Their respective probabilities of hitting the target are $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{5}{8}$. The probability that the target is hit by A or B but not by C is

A. $\frac{21}{64}$

B. $\frac{7}{32}$

C. $\frac{9}{64}$

D. $\frac{7}{8}$

Answer:





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20. If A and B are any two events, then the probability that exactly one of them occur is

A. $P(A \cup \bar{B}) + P(\bar{A} \cup B)$

B. $P(A \cap \bar{B}) + P(\bar{A} \cap B)$

C. $P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$

D. $P(A) + P(B) + (A \cap B)$

Answer: B



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21. Let $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$, and $R = \{(a, a) (b, b) (a, c)\}$. Write down the minimum number of ordered pairs to be included to R to make it

(i) reflexive (ii) symmetric

(iii) transitive (iv) equivalence.



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22. Simplify $\frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{4 - \sqrt{5}} + \frac{6}{7 - \sqrt{8}}$.



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23. Find the value of $\cot 15^\circ$.



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24. Find the sum $1 + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{7}{25} + \frac{10}{125} + \dots$

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25. Examine whether the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & 9 \\ 4 & 9 & 16 \\ 9 & 16 & 25 \end{pmatrix}$ is

singular or non-singular.

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26. For any two vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} prove that

$$|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|^2 + (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})^2 = |\vec{a}|^2 |\vec{b}|^2$$

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27. Find the derivative of $x^{\cos x}$ with respect to x .

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28. Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{4-x^2} dx$.

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29. The length of the perpendicular drawn from the origin to a line is 6 and makes an angle of 135° with positive x axis. Find the equation of the line.



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30. Prove that $\sin 105^\circ + \cos 105^\circ = \cos 45^\circ$



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31. How many triangles can be formed by joining 15 points on the plane, in which no line joining any three points?



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32. Find the equation of the locus of a point such that the sum of the squares of the distance from the points (3, 5), (1, -1) is equal to 20.

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33. If $A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 7 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$,

verify the

$$(A + B)^T = A^T + B^T = B^T + A^T$$

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34. Show that the points whose position vectors are

$$2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - 5\vec{k}, 3\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 2\vec{k} \text{ and } 6\vec{i} - 5\vec{j} + 7\vec{k}$$

are collinear.



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35. Test the existence of the limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{4|x - 1| + x - 1}{|x - 1|}, x \neq 1$$



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36. If $y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right)$ find y' .



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37. Evaluate $\int \left(5x^2 - 4 + \frac{7}{x} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$

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38. If $x^2 + x + 1$ is a factor of the polynomial $3x^3 + 8x^2 + 8x + a$, then find the value of a .

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39. (a) If $f(x) = \frac{x - 1}{x + 1}$ then show that.

(i) $f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = -f(x)$

$$(ii) f\left(-\frac{1}{x}\right) = -\frac{1}{f(x)}.$$

(b) Prove that $\cos 20^\circ \cos 40^\circ \cos 80^\circ = 1/8$



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40. Determine the region in the plane determined by the inequalities.

$$x \leq 3y, x \geq y$$



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41. If the letters of the word GARDEN are permuted in all possible ways and the strings thus formed are arranged in the dictionary order, then find the ranks

of the words

Q GARDEN

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42. If $y = x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots$ then show that

$$x = y - \frac{y^2}{2!} + \frac{y^3}{3!} - \frac{y^4}{4!} + \dots$$

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43. If A_i, B_i, C_i are the cofactors of a_i, b_i, c_i

respectively, $i=1,2,3$ in $\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_2 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$ show that

$$\begin{vmatrix} A_1 & B_1 & C_1 \\ A_2 & B_2 & C_2 \\ A_3 & B_3 & C_3 \end{vmatrix} = \Delta^0$$



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44. $\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(\alpha^n)}{(\sin \alpha)^m}$



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45. (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ where $y = (x^2 + 1)\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 2}$

(b) Evaluate $\int (x + 1)\sqrt{2x + 3}$.



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