



# CHEMISTRY

# **BOOKS - FULL MARKS CHEMISTRY (TAMIL ENGLISH)**

# **SAMPLE PAPER - 9 (SOLVED)**



1. Blistered copper is.....

A. 98% pure copper

B. 96% pure copper

C. 97% pure copper

D. 88% pure copper

Answer: A



- 2. Which of the following statements is not correct ?
  - A. Beryl is a cyclic silicate
  - B.  $Mg_2SiO_4$  is an orthosilicate
  - C.  $SiO_4^{2-}$  is the basic structural unit of silcates
  - D. Feldspar is not aluminosillicate

# Answer: D

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- **3.** Consider the following statements.
- (i) phosphine is the most important hydride of phosphorous
- (ii) phosphine is a poisonous gas with rotten egg smell.
- (iii) phosphine is a powerful reducing agent
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct ?

A. (i) and (ii)

B. (ii) and (iii)

C. (i) and (iii)

D. (ii) only

Answer: C

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4. the correct order of increasing oxidizing power in the series .

A. 
$$VO_2^{\,+}\, < Cr_2O_7^{2\,-}\, < MnO_4^{\,-}$$

B.  $Cr_2O_7^{2\,-}\,< VO_2^{\,+}\,< MnO_4^{\,-}$ 

C. 
$$Cr_2O_7^{2-} < MnO_4^- < VO_2^+$$

D. 
$$MnO_4^- < Cr_2O_7^{2-} < VO_2^+$$

# Answer: A

5. The geometry possible in  $[FeF_6]^{4-}$  and  $[CoF_6]^{4-}$  is .....

A. Trigonal bipyramidal

B. Square planar

C. Octahedral

D. Tetrahedral

Answer: C

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6. The number of carbon atoms per unit cell of diamond is

A. 8

B. 6

C. 1

# Answer: A



# 7. In a homogeneous reaction

A o B + C + D, the initial pressure was  $P_0$  and after time t it was P. Expression for rate constant in terms of  $P_0$ , P and t will be .....

$$\begin{aligned} \mathsf{A}.\, k &= \left(\frac{2.303}{t}\right) \log \left(\frac{2P_0}{3P_0 - P}\right) \\ \mathsf{B}.\, k &= \left(\frac{2.303}{t}\right) \log \left(\frac{2P_0}{P_0 - P}\right) \\ \mathsf{C}.\, k &= \left(\frac{2.303}{t}\right) \log \left(\frac{3P_0 - P}{2P_0}\right) \\ \mathsf{D}.\, k &= \left(\frac{2.303}{t}\right) \log \left(\frac{2P_0}{3P_0 - 2P}\right) \end{aligned}$$

### Answer: A

**8.** The solubility of an aqueous solution of  $Mg(OH)_2$  be x then its  $K_{sp}$  is

A.  $4x^3$ 

.....

 $\mathsf{B}.\,108x^5$ 

 $C.27x^4$ 

D. 9x

Answer: A

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**9.** During electrolysis of molten sodium chloride, the time required to produce 0.1 mol of chlorine gas using a current of 3A is

A. 55 minutes

B. 107.2 minutes

C. 220 minutes

## D. 330 minutes

### Answer: B



**10.** The coagulation values in millimoles per litre of the electrolytes used

for the coagulation of  $As_2S_3$  are given below

- (I) (NaCl) = 52
- (II)  $(BaCl_2) = 0.69$
- (III)  $(MgSO_4) = 0.22$

The correct order of their coagulating power is

A. III > II > I

 $\mathsf{B}.\, I > II > III$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\,I>III>II$ 

 $\mathsf{D}.\,II>III>I$ 

#### Answer: A

11. Assertion : Coagulation power of  $Al^{3\,+}$  is more than  $Na^{\,+}$  .

Reason : greater the valency of the flocculating ion added, greater is its power to cause precipitation

A. if both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion. (Hardy-Sechulze rule)

B. if both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

explanation of assertion.

C. assertion is true but reason is false

D. both assertion and reason are false.

# Answer: A

			Colu	umn	- I		Column - II
	A.		Met	han	ol	1.	Printing Ink and Stamp pad ink
12.	В.		$\operatorname{Eth}$	anol		2.	Industrial solvent
	C.		Glycol		3.	Beverage	
	D.		Gly	$\operatorname{cero}$	1	4.	Anti-freezer in automobile radiator
		٨	л	a	D		
	A.	A	$B \ 3$	C	D		
	р	A	$B \ 2$	C	D		
	Б.	1	2	3	4		
	~	$\boldsymbol{A}$	B	C	D		
	C.	4	B1	2	3		
	_	A	B	C	D		
	D.	3	B 4	1	2		

### Answer: A

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**13.** Which of the following represents the correct order of acidity in the

given compounds

A.

 $FCH_2COOH > CH_3COOH > BrCH_2COOH > ClCH_2COOH$ 

# $FCH_2COOH > ClCH_2COOH > BrCH_2COOH > CH_3COOH$

C.

# $CH_{3}COOH > ClCH_{2}COOH > FCH_{2}COOH > Br - CH_{2}COOH$

D.

 $ClCH_2COOH > CH_3COOH > BrCH_2COOH > ICH_2COOH$ 

#### Answer: B

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**14.** 1-nitrobutane and 2-methyl-1-nitropropane are belong to

A. position isomerism

B. functional isomerism

C. Tautomerism

D. chain isomerism

# Answer: D



15. Haemoglobin is.....

A. an enzyme

B. a globular protein

C. a vitamin

D. carbohydrate

# Answer: B



16. An example of antifertility drug is

A. novestrol

B. seldane

C. salvarsan

D. Chloramphenicol

Answer: A

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# Part li

1. Name the method used for the refining of (i) Nickel (ii) Zirconium



2. Complete the following reactions :

- (a)  $B(OH)_3 + NH_3 
  ightarrow$
- (b)  $Na_{2}B_{4}O_{7}+H_{2}SO_{4}+H_{2}O
  ightarrow$

**3.**  $KMnO_4$  does not act as oxidising agent in the presence of HCl. Why ?

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4. A reaction is first order in A and second order in B.

(i) Write the differential rate equation.

(ii) How is the rate affected on increasing the concentration of B three

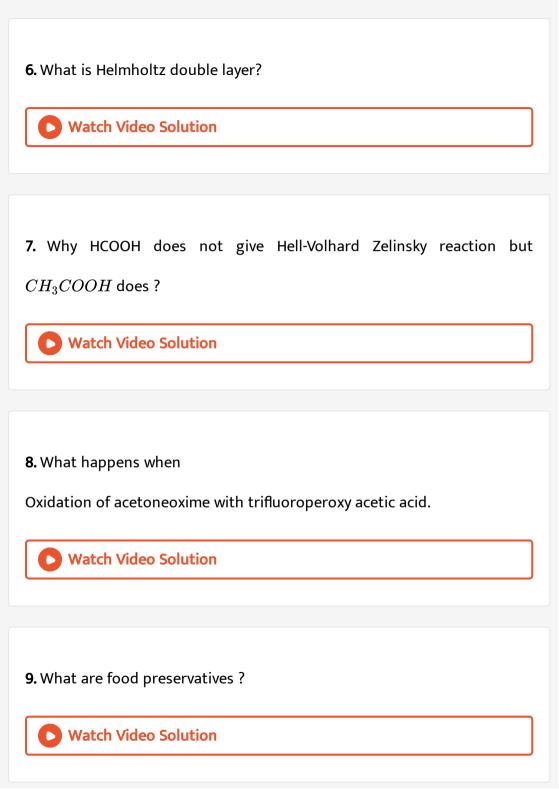
times ?

(iii) How is the rate affected when the concentrations of both A and B are

doubled ?

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**5.** Calculate the pH of 0.04 M  $HNO_3$  Solution.



**1.** Explain the principle of electrolytic refining with an example.

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<b>2.</b> How will you prepare phosphine and explain the purification of phosphine ?
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<b>3.</b> Justify the position of lanthanides and actinides in the periodic table .
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4. Distinguish between isotropy and anisotropy ?

5. What are the merits and limitations of the intermediate compound

theory ?

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6. Write a note on sacrificial protection .
<b>7.</b> 1 mole of HI is allowed to react with t-butyl methylether. Identify the product and write down the mechanism of the reactions.
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8. How will you prove the presence of aldehyde group in glucose ?

9. Explain about anaesthetics with their types.

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Part Iv
<b>1.</b> (i) CO is more stable at higher temperature. Why ? (ii) How will you prepare potash alum ?
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<b>2.</b> (i) Give the balanced equation for the reaction between chlorine with cold NaOH.
(ii) Nitrogen exists as diatomic molecule and Phosphrus as $P_4$ . Why ? Watch Video Solution



(ii) Compare lanthanides and actinides.



**4.** (i)  $Ni^{2+}$  is identified using alcoholic solution of dimethyl glyoxime. Write the structural formula for the rosy red precipitate of a complex formed in the reaction.

 $Cu^+, Zn^{2+}, Sc^{3+}, Ti^{4+}$  are colourless. Prove this statement.



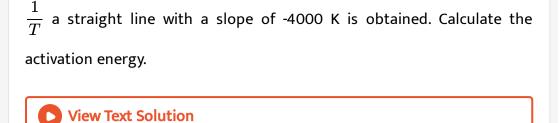
**5.** (i) What is meant by the term "coordination number"? What is the coordination number of atoms in a bcc structure ?

(ii) Rate constant k of a reaction varies with temperature T according to

the following Arrhenius equation

$$\log K = \log \mathrm{A} rac{E_a}{2.303 R} igg(rac{1}{T}igg)$$

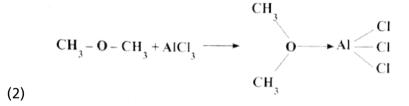
Where  $E_a$  is the activation energy. When a graph is plotted for log k Vs



**6.** (i) Explain about the hydrolysis of salt of strong base and weak acid. Derive the value of  $K_h$  for that reaction.

(ii) Identify the Lewis acid and the Lewis base in the following reactions.

(1)  $CaO+CO_2 
ightarrow CaCO_3$ 



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**7.** (i) What are lyophilic and lyophobic sols ? Give one example of each type. Why are hydrophobic sols easily coagulated ?

(ii) What is meant by catalyst poison?



8. (i) How would you calculate the solubility of sparingly soluble salt using

Kohlrausch's law?

(ii) Formic acid act as reducing agent. Prove this statement.

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9. (i) What are the uses of nitrobenzene?

(ii) Write a note on formation of -helix.

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10. (i) Define TFM value.

(ii) Differentiate thermoplastic and thermosetting.