

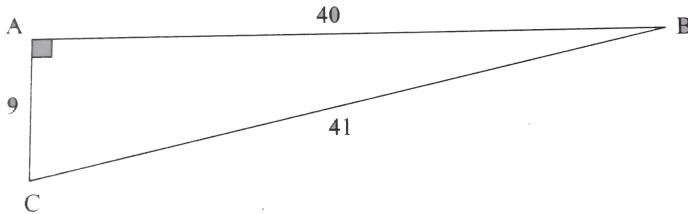
## MATHS

### BOOKS - FULL MARKS MATHS (TAMIL ENGLISH)

#### TRIGONOMETRY

##### Exercise 6 1

1. From the given figure, find all the trigonometric ratios of angle B.

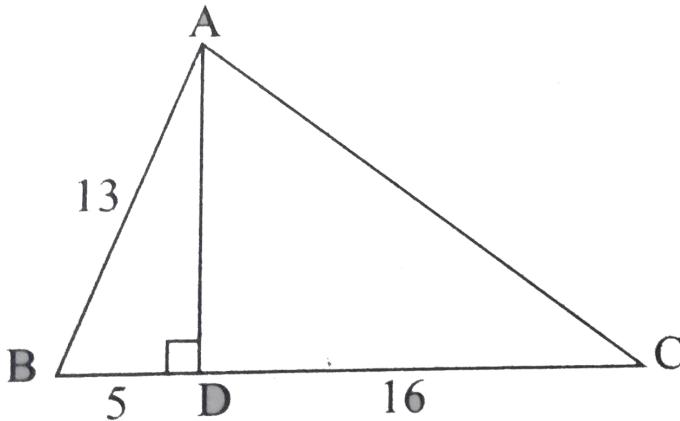


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2. From the given figure, find the values of

(i)  $\sin B$  (ii)  $\sec B$  (iii)  $\cot B$  (iv)  $\cos C$

(v)  $\tan C$  (vi)  $\operatorname{cosec} C$



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3. If  $2\cos\theta = \sqrt{3}$ , then find all the trigonometric ratios of angle  $\theta$ .



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4. If  $\cos A = \frac{3}{5}$ , then find the value of  $\frac{\sin A - \cos A}{2 \tan A}$



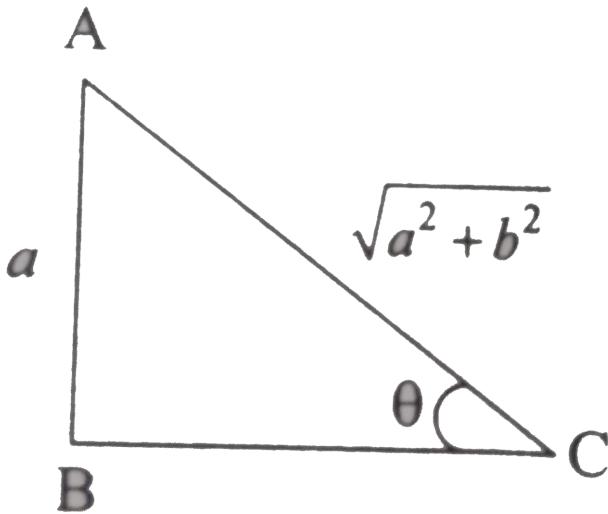
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5. If  $\cos A = \frac{2x}{1 + x^2}$ , then find the values of  $\sin A$  and  $\tan A$  in terms of  $x$ .



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6. If  $\sin \theta = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$  then show that  $b \sin \theta = a \cos \theta$ .



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7. If  $3 \cot A = 2$ , then find the value of  $\frac{4 \sin A - 3 \cos A}{2 \sin A + 3 \cos A}$



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8. If  $\cos \theta : \sin \theta = 1 : 2$ , then find the value of  $\frac{8 \cos \theta - 2 \sin \theta}{4 \cos \theta + 2 \sin \theta}$



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9. A boy standing at point O finds his kite flying at a point P with distance  $OP = 25\text{m}$ . It is at a height of  $5\text{m}$  from the ground . When the thread is extended by  $10\text{ m}$  from P, it reaches a point Q. What will be the height QN of the kite from the ground? (use trigonometric ratios)



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## Exercise 6 2

$$1.1 - \tan^2 45^\circ = \underline{\quad} \quad .$$



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2. Find the value of the following:

$$\frac{\tan 45^\circ}{\operatorname{cosec} 30^\circ} + \frac{\sec 60^\circ}{\cot 45^\circ} - \frac{5\sin 90^\circ}{2\cos 0^\circ}$$



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3. If  $A = 30^\circ$  verify that  $\cos 3A = 4\cos^3 A - 3\cos A$



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4. Find the value of  $8\sin 2x \cdot \cos 4x \cdot \sin 6x$ , when  $x = 15^\circ$ .



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## Exercise 6 3

1. Find the value of

$$\frac{\cot \theta}{\tan(90^\circ - \theta)} + \frac{\cos(90^\circ - \theta)\tan \theta \sec(90^\circ - \theta)}{\sin(90^\circ - \theta)\cot(90^\circ - \theta)\csc(90^\circ - \theta)}$$



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## Exercise 6 4

1. Find the value of the following :

$$\sin 21^\circ 21'$$



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**2.** Find the value of  $\theta$  if

$$\sin \theta = 0.9975$$



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**3.** Find the value of the following :

$$\sin 65^\circ 39' + \cos 24^\circ (@) 57' + \tan 10^\circ (@) 10''$$



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**4.** Find the area of a right triangle whose hypotenuse is 10 cm

and one of the acute angle is  $24^\circ 24'$ .



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5. Find the angle made by a ladder of length 5m with the ground, if one of its end is 4m away from the wall and the other end is on the wall.



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6. In the given figure, HT shows the height of a tree standing vertically. From a point P, the angle of elevation of the top of the tree (that is  $\angle P$ ) measures  $45^\circ$  and the distance to the tree is 60 metres. Find the height of the tree.



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**Exercise 6 5**

**1.** If  $\sin 30^\circ = x$  and  $\cos 60^\circ = y$ , then  $x^2 + y^2$  is

A.  $\frac{1}{2}$

B. 0

C.  $\sin 90^\circ$

D.  $\cos 90^\circ$

**Answer:** A



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**2.** If  $\tan \theta = \cot 37^\circ$ , then the value of  $\theta$  is

A.  $37^\circ$

B.  $53^\circ$

C.  $90^\circ$

D.  $1^\circ$

**Answer: B**



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3. The value of  $\tan 72^\circ \cdot \tan 18^\circ$  is.....

A. 0

B. 1

C.  $18^\circ$

D.  $72^\circ$

**Answer: B**



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4. The value of  $\frac{2\tan 30^\circ}{1 - \tan^2 30^\circ}$  is equal to

A.  $\cos 60^\circ$

B.  $\sin 60^\circ$

C.  $\tan 60^\circ$

D.  $\sin 30^\circ$

**Answer: C**



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5. If  $2\sin 2\theta = \sqrt{3}$ , then the value of  $\theta$  is :

A.  $90^\circ$

B.  $30^\circ$

C.  $45^\circ$

D.  $60^\circ$

**Answer: B**



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6. The value of  $3\sin 70^\circ \sec 20^\circ + 2\sin 49^\circ \sec 51^\circ$  is.....

A. 2

B. 3

C. 5

D. 6

**Answer: C**



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7. The value of  $\frac{1 - \tan^2 45^\circ}{1 + \tan^2 45^\circ}$  is

A. 2

B. 1

C. 0

D.  $\frac{1}{2}$

**Answer: C**



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8. The value of

$$\cos ec(70^\circ + \theta) - \sec(20^\circ - \theta) + \tan(65^\circ + \theta) - \cot(25^\circ - \theta)$$

is.....

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

**Answer: A**



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9. The value of  $\tan 1^\circ \tan 2^\circ \tan 3^\circ \dots \tan 89^\circ$  is

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D.  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

**Answer: B**



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10. If  $\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $\cos \beta = \frac{1}{2}$ , then the value of  $(\alpha + \beta)$  is

A.  $0^\circ$

B.  $90^\circ$

C.  $30^\circ$

D.  $60^\circ$

**Answer: B**

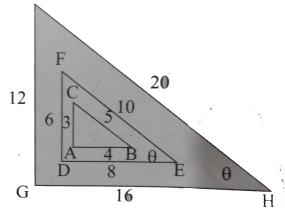


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## Thinking Corner

1. The given triangles ABC, DEF and GHI have measures 3-4-5, 6-8-10 and 12-16-20. Are they all right triangles? How do you know? The angles at the vertices B, E and H are of equal size (each angle is equal to  $\theta$ ). With these available details, fill up the following table and comment on the ratios that you get.

In $\triangle ABC$	In $\triangle DEF$	In $\triangle GHI$
$\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}$	$\sin \theta = \frac{6}{10} = ?$	$\sin \theta = \frac{12}{20} = ?$
$\cos \theta = ?$	$\cos \theta = ?$	$\cos \theta = ?$
$\tan \theta = \frac{3}{4}$	$\tan \theta = ?$	$\tan \theta = ?$



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**2.** The sets of three numbers are called as Pythagorean triplets as they form the sides of a right angled triangle:

- (a) 3,4,5 (b) 5,12,13 (c) 7,24,25

Multiply each number in any of the above pythagorean triplet by a non-zero constant. Verify whether each of the resultant set so obtained is also a pythagorean triplet or not.



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**3.** What are the minimum and maximum values of  $\sin \theta$ ?



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**4.** What are the minimum and maximum values of  $\cos \theta$ ?



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## Additional Questions Solved

1. The value of  $\cos ec^2 60 - 1$  is equal to.....

A.  $\cos^2 60$

B.  $\cot^2 60$

C.  $\sec^2 60$

D.  $\tan^2 60$

**Answer: b**



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2. The value of  $\cos 60^\circ \cos 30^\circ - \sin 60^\circ \sin 30^\circ$  is equal  
is.....



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3. The value of  $\frac{\sin 57^\circ}{\cos 33^\circ}$  is.....

A.  $\cot 63^\circ$

B.  $\tan 27^\circ$

C. 1

D. 0

**Answer: c**



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4. If  $3x \cos ec 36^\circ = \sec 54^\circ$  then the value of x is.....

A. 0

B. 1

C.  $\frac{1}{3}$

D.  $\frac{3}{4}$

**Answer: c**



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5. If  $\cos A \cdot \cos 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ , then the measures of A is.....

A.  $90^\circ$

B.  $60^\circ$

C.  $45^\circ$

D.  $30^\circ$

**Answer: b**



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### Additional Questions Solved Answer The Following Question

1. Given  $\sec \theta = \frac{13}{12}$ . Calculate all other trigonometric ratios.



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2. If  $3 \cot A = 4$ , check whether

$$\frac{1 - \tan^2 A}{1 + \tan^2 A} = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 A \text{ or not.}$$



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3. Evaluate  $\frac{\sin 30^\circ + \tan 45^\circ - \cos ec 60^\circ}{\sec 30^\circ + \cos 60^\circ + \cot 45^\circ}$



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4. Find A if  $\sin 20^\circ \tan A \sec 70^\circ = \sqrt{3}$



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5. Find the area of a right triangle whose hypotenuse is 10 cm and one of the acute angle is  $24^\circ 24'$ .



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## Assignment I Choose The Best Answer

1. The value of  $\sec^2 60^\circ - \tan^2 60^\circ$  is.....

A.  $\sin^2 30^\circ - \cos^2 30^\circ$

B.  $\sin^2 30^\circ + \cos^2 30^\circ$

C.  $\tan^2 45^\circ + \cot^2 45^\circ$

D.  $\sin^2 60^\circ + \cos^2 30^\circ$

**Answer: B**



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2. The value of  $\frac{2\tan 30^\circ}{1 - \tan^2 30^\circ}$  is equal to

A.  $\tan 45^\circ$

B.  $\tan 30^\circ$

C.  $\tan 60^\circ$

D.  $\tan 90^\circ$

**Answer: C**



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**3.** Find the value of  $2\sin 30^\circ \cos 30^\circ$ .

A.  $\tan 30^\circ$

B.  $\cos 60^\circ$

C.  $\sin 60^\circ$

D.  $\cot 60^\circ$

**Answer: C**



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4. The value of  $\frac{\sin 27^\circ}{\cos 63^\circ}$  is.....

A. 0

B. 1

C.  $\tan 27^\circ$

D.  $\cot 63^\circ$

**Answer: B**



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5. If  $\cos x = \sin 43^\circ$ , then the value of x is.....

A.  $57^\circ$

B.  $43^\circ$

C.  $47^\circ$

D.  $90^\circ$

**Answer: C**



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6. The value of  $\sec 29^\circ - \cos ec 61^\circ$  is.....

A. 1

B.  $\sec 60^\circ$

C.  $\cos ec 29^\circ$

D. 0

**Answer: D**



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7. The value of  $\tan 26^\circ \cdot \tan 64^\circ$  is.....

A.  $\frac{1}{2}$

B.  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

C. 1

D. 0

**Answer: C**



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8. If  $\sin A = \frac{9}{15}$  then  $\sec A$  is.....

A.  $\frac{15}{9}$

B.  $\frac{15}{12}$

C.  $\frac{12}{15}$

D.  $\frac{9}{12}$

**Answer: B**



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**Assignment II Answer The Following Questions**

1. Find the other trigonometric ratios of  $\sec A = \frac{17}{8}$



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2. If  $\sec \theta = \frac{13}{5}$ , show that  $\frac{2\sin \theta - 3\cos \theta}{4\sin \theta - 9\cos \theta} = 3$



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3. Evaluate  $\frac{12\cos^2 30^\circ - 2\tan^2 60^\circ}{4\sec^2 45^\circ}$



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4. Find the value of  $3\frac{\tan 67^\circ}{\cot 23^\circ} + \frac{\sin 42^\circ}{2\cos 48^\circ} + \frac{5\cos ec 61^\circ}{2\sec 29^\circ}$



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5. Simplify  $\frac{\sin 35^\circ}{\cos 55^\circ} + \frac{\cos 55^\circ}{\sin 35^\circ} - 2 \cos^2 60^\circ$



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6. A ladder makes an angle  $30^\circ$  with the floor and its lower end is 12m away from the wall. Find the length of the ladder.



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7. In an isosceles triangle with base  $\alpha$ , vertical angle  $20^\circ$  and lateral side each of length  $b$ , prove that  $a^3 + b^3 = 3ab^2$ .



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