

India's Number 1 Education App

PHYSICS

BOOKS - HC VERMA PHYSICS (ENGLISH)

MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATTER

Sample

1. A bar magnet made of steel has a magnetic

moment of $2.5Am^2$ and amass of

 $6.6 imes10^{-5}kg$. If the density of steel is $7.9 imes10^{3}kgm^{-3}$, find the intensity of magnetization of the magnet.

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2. Find the magnetic intensity H at the centre of a long solenoid having n turns per unit length and carrying a current i (a) when no material is kept in it and (b) when a long copper rod is inserted in the solenoid. **3.** Find the per cent increase in the magnetic field B when the space within a current-carrying toroid is filled with aluminiu. The susceptibility of aluminium is 2.1×10^{-5} .

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Worked Out

1. A tightly-wound, long solenoid having 50 turns cm^{-1} , carris a current of 4.00A. Find

the magnetic intensity H and the magnetic field B at the centre of the solenoid. What will be the values of these quantities if an iron core is inserted in the solenoid and the magnetization I in the core is $4.00 \times 10^{6} Am^{-1}$?

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2. A long, cylindrical iron core of crosssectional area $5.00cm^2$ is inserted into a long solenoid having 2000 tunres m^{-1} and carrying a current 2.00A. The magnetic field inside the core is found to be 1.57T. Neglecting the end effects, find the magnetization I of the core and the pole strength developed.

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3. An ideal solenoid having 40 turns cm^{-1} has an aluminium core and carries a current of 2.0*A*. Calculate the magnetization *I* developed in the core and the magnetic field B at the centre. The susceptibility χ of aluminium $=2.3 imes10^{-5}.$



4. Find (a) the magnetization I, (b) the magnetic intensity H and \odot the magnetic field B at the centre of a bar magnet having pole strength 3.6 A m, magnetic length 12cm and cross-sectional are $0.90cm^2$.



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5. The maxiumum value of the permeability of metal (77% Ni, 16% Fe, 5% Cu, 2% Cr) is $0.128TmA^{-1}$. Find the maxiumum relative permeability and susceptibility.

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6. A toroid has a mean radius R equal to $\frac{20}{\pi}$ cm, and a total of 400 turns of wire carrying a current of 2.0A. An aluminium ring at temperature 280K inside the toroid provides the core. (a) If the magnetization I is

 $4.8 \times 10^{-2} Am^{-1}$, find the susceptibility of aluminium at 280K. (b) If the temperature of the aluminium ring is raised to 320K, what will be the magnetization?

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Objective 1

1. A paramagnetic material is placed in a magnetic field. Consider the following statements : (A) If the magnetic field is

increased, the magnetization is increased. (B)

If the temperature is increased, the increased

the magnetization is increased.

A. Both A and B are ture

B. A is true but B is false

C. B is true but A is false

D. Both A and B are false.

Answer: B

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2. A paramagnetic material is kept in a magnetic field. The field is increased till the magnetization becomes constant. If the temperature is now decreased, the

magnetization.

A. will increase

B. decrease

C. remain constant

D. may increase or decrease

Answer:





3. A ferromagnetic material is placed in an external magnetic field. The magnetic domains

A. increase in size

B. decrease in size

C. may increase or decrease in size

D. have no relation with the field.

Answer: C

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4. A long, straight wire carries a current i. The magnetizing field intensity H is measured at a point P close to the wire. A long, cylindrical iron rod is brought close to the wire so that the point P is at the centre of the rod. The value of H at P will

A. increase many times

B. decrease many times

C. remain almost constant

D. become zero

Answer: C

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5. The magnetic susceptibility is negative for

A. paramagnetic materials only

- B. diamagnetic materials only
- C. ferromagnetic materials only

D. paramagnetic	and	ferromagnetic
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materials.

Answer: B



6. The desirable properties for making permanent magnets are

A. high retentivity and high coercive force

B. high retentivity and low coercive force

C. low retentivity and high coercive force

D. low retentivity and low coercive force.

Answer: A

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7. Electromagnets are made of soft iron

because soft iron has

A. high retentivity and high coercive force

B. high retentivity and low coercive force

C. high retentivity and high coercive force

D. low retentivity and low coercive force.

Answer: D

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1. Pick the correct option

A. All electrons have magnetic moment

B. All protons have magnetic moment

C. All nuclei have magnetic moment.

D. All atoms have magnetic moment.

Answer: A::B

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2. The permanent magnetic moment of the atoms of a material is not zero. The material

A. must be paramagnetic

B. must be diamagnetic

C. must be ferromagnetic

D. may be paramagnetic

Answer: D

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3. The permanent magnetic moment of the atoms of a material is zero. The material

A. must be paramagnetic

B. must be diamagnetic

C. must be ferromagnetic

D. may be paramagnetic

Answer: B

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4. Which of the following pairs has quantities

of the same dimensions?

A. Magnetic field B and magnetizing field intensity HB. Magnetic field B and intensity of magnetization IC. Magnetizing field intensity H and intensity of magnetization ID. Longitudinal strain and magnetic susceptibility

Answer: C::D

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5. When a ferromagnetic material goes through a hysteresis loop, the magnetic susceptibility

A. has a fixed value

B. may be zero

C. may be infinity

D. may be negative

Answer: B::C::D





- 6. Mark out the correct options.
 - A. (a)Diamagnetism occurs in all materials
 - B. (b)Diamagnetism results from the partial
 - alignment of permanent magnetic
 - moment.
 - C. (c)The magnetizing field intensity H is

always zero in free space.

D. (d)The magnetic field of induced

magnetic moment is opposite to the

applied fied.

Answer: A::D

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1. The magnetic intensity H at the centre of a long solenoid carrying a current of 2.0A, is

found to be $1500 Am^{-1}$. Find the number of

turns per centimetre of the solenoid.



2. A rod is inserted as the core in the currentcarrying solenoid of the previous problem. (a) What is the magnetic intensity H at the centre? (b) If the magnetization I of the core is found to be $0.12Am^{-1}$, find the susceptibility of the material of the rod. (c) Is the material paramagnetic, diamagnetic or

ferromagnetic?

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3. The magnetic field inside a long solenoid having 50 turns cm^{-1} is increased from $2.5 \times 10^{-3}T$ to 2.5T when an iron core of cross-sectional area $4cm^2$ is inserted into it. Find (a) the current in the solenoid, (b) the magnetization I of the core and (c) the pole strength developed in the core.



4. A bar magnet of length 1cm and crosssectonal area $1.0cm^2$ produces a magnetic field of $1.5 imes 10^{-4}T$ at a point in end-on position at a distance 15cm away from the centre. (a) Find the magnetic moment M of the magnet. (b) Find the magnetization I of the magnet. (c) Find the magnetic field B at the centre of the magnet.



5. The susceptibility of annealed iron at saturation is 5500. Find the permeability of annealed iron at saturation.



6. The magnetic field B and the magnetic intensity H in a material are found to be 1.6T and $1000Am^{-1}$ respectively. Calculate the relative permeability μ , and the susceptibiliyt χ of the material. 7. The susceptibility of magnesium at 300K is 1.2×10^{-5} . At what temperature will the susceptibility increase to 1.8×10^{-5} ?

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8. Assume that each iron atom has a permaanent magnetic moment equal to 2 Bohr magnetons (1 Bohr magneton equals $9.27 imes 10^{-24} Am^2$). The density of atoms in iron is 8.52×10^{28} atoms m^{-3} . (a) Find the maximum magnetization I in a long cylinder of iron. (b) Find the maximum magnetic field B on the axis inside the cylinder.

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9. The coercive force for a certain prmanent magnet is $4.0 \times 10^4 Am^{-1}$. This magnet is placed inside a long solenoid of 40 turns/cm and a current is passed in the solenoid to demagnetize it completely. Find the current.









have the same dimensions?

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2. A rod when suspended in a magnetic field stays in east-west direction. Can we be sure

that the field is in the east-west direction? Can

it be in the north-south direction?



4. Can we have magnetic hysterisis in paramagnetic or diamagnetic substances?



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6. To keep valuable instruments away from the earth's magnetic field, they are enclosed in iron boxes. Explain.

