



MATHS

NCERT - NCERT MATHEMATICS(TELUGU)

PRINCIPLE OF MATHEMATICAL INDUCTION

Example

1. Using the principle of Mathematical Induction , $\forall n \in N$, prove that

$$1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

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2. Prove that $2^n > n$ for all positive integers n.

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3. For every positive integer n , prove that $7^n - 3^n$ is divisible by 4.



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4. Prove that $(1 + x)^n \geq (1 + nx)$ for all natural number n where $x > -1$



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5. Prove the rule of exponents $(ab)^n = a^n b^n$ by using principle of mathematical induction for every natural number.



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1. Use mathematical induction to prove that statement

$$1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + n^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}, \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$$



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2. Using Mathematical Induction, prove that statement for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$1.2.3 + 2.3.4 + \dots + (\text{upto } n \text{ terms}) = \frac{n(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)}{4}$$

.



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3. Prove that by using the principle of mathematical induction for all

$n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2^n}$$



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4. $\frac{1}{2.5} + \frac{1}{5.8} + \frac{1}{8.11} + \dots$ 16 terms =



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5. Using the principle of finite Mathematical Induction prove the following:

(iv) $a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + n \text{ terms} = \frac{a(r^n - 1)}{r - 1}, r \neq 1.$



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6. Using Mathematical Induction, prove that statement for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\left(1 + \frac{3}{1}\right) \left(1 + \frac{5}{4}\right) \left(1 + \frac{7}{9}\right) \dots \left(1 + \frac{2n+1}{n^2}\right) = (n+1)^2.$$



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7. Prove that by using the principle of mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{1}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}\right) \dots \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) = (n + 1)$$



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8. Using the principle of finite Mathematical Induction prove the following:

$$(iii) \frac{1}{1.4} + \frac{1}{4.7} + \frac{1}{7.10} + \dots + n \text{ terms} = \frac{n}{3n + 1}.$$



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9. Prove that by using the principle of mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$$1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n < \frac{1}{8}(2n + 1)^2$$



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10. Prove that by using the principle of mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$10^{2n-1} + 1$ is divisible by 11



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11. Prove that by using the principle of mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$x^{2n} - y^{2n}$ is divisible by $x+y$



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12. Prove that by using the principle of mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$3^{2n+2} - 8n - 9$ is divisible by 8



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13. Prove that by using the principle of mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$41^n - 14^n$ is multiple of 27



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