



## MATHS

### BOOKS - RD SHARMA MATHS (ENGLISH)

#### SOME SPECIAL SERIES

Others

1. If  $S_k = \frac{1 + 2 + \dots + k}{k}$ , find the value of  $S_1^2 + S_2^2 + \dots + S_n^2$ .



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2. Find the sum of  $n$  terms of the series

$$1. 2^2 + 2. 3^2 + 3. 4^2 +$$

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3. Prove that  $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

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4. The sum of the series  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{8}{9} + \frac{26}{27} + \frac{80}{81} + \dots$  to  $n$  terms is (a)  $n - \frac{1}{2}(3^{-n} - 1)$  (b)  $n - \frac{1}{2}(1 - 3^{-n})$  (c)  $n + \frac{1}{2}(3^n - 1)$  (d)  $n - \frac{1}{2}(3^n - 1)$

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5. Prove that  $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + n^3 = \left\{ \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right\}^2$ .

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6. Prove that :

$$1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

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7. Find the sum of the series  $2^2 + 4^2 + 6^2 + \dots + (2n)^2$

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8. Find the sum of  $n$ th term of this series and  $S_n$  denote the sum of its  $n$  terms. Then,

$$T_n = \left[ 1 + (n - 1 \times 2)^2 \right] = (2n - 1)^2 = 4n^2 - 4n + 1$$



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9. Sum the following series to  $n$  terms:

$$\frac{1}{1.6} + \frac{1}{6.11} + \frac{1}{11.16} + \frac{1}{16.21} + \dots + \frac{1}{(5n - 4)(5n + 1)}$$



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10. Sum the following series to  $n$  terms:

$$1 + 4 + 13 + 40 + 121 + \dots$$



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11. Find the sum of all possible products of the first  $n$  natural numbers taken two by two.

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12. Sum of  $n$  terms the series :

$$1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - 4^2 + 5^2 - 6^2 + \dots$$

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13. Find the sum to  $n$  terms of the series:

$$\frac{1}{1 + 1^2 + 1^4} + \frac{2}{1 + 2^2 + 2^4} + \frac{3}{1 + 3^2 + 3^4} + \dots$$

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14. Sum the following series to  $n$  terms:

$$4 + 6 + 9 + 13 + 18 +$$

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15. Find the sum:  $\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{(ar + b)(ar + a + b)}$

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16. Find the sum to  $n$  terms of the series:

$$\frac{3}{1^2 \cdot 2^2} + \frac{5}{2^2 \cdot 3^2} + \frac{7}{3^2 \cdot 4^2} + \dots$$

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17. Sum the following series to  $n$  terms:

$$5 + 7 + 13 + 31 + 85 +$$

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18. Find the sum to  $n$  terms of the series:

$$\frac{1}{1.3} + \frac{1}{3.5} + \frac{1}{5.7} +$$

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19. Find the sum to  $n$  terms of the series:

$$3 + 15 + 35 + 63 +$$



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20. Find the sum to  $n$  terms of the series:

$$1 + 5 + 12 + 22 + 35 + \dots$$



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21. Find the sum of the series:

$$1 \cdot n + 2 \cdot (n - 1) + 3 \cdot (n - 2) + \dots + (n - 1) \cdot 2 + n \cdot 1.$$



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22. Find the sum of series

$$(3^3 - 2^3) + (5^3 - 4^3) + (7^3 - 6^3) + \dots n \text{ terms.}$$

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23. If  $S_n = \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1 + 2 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^r}{2^r}$ , then  $S_n$  is equal to (a)  $2^n n - 1$  (b)  $1 - \frac{1}{2^n}$  (c)  $n - 1 + \frac{1}{2^n}$  (d)  $2^n - 1$

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24. The value of  $\sum_{r=1}^n \left\{ (2r - 1)a + \frac{1}{b^r} \right\}$  is equal to (a)

$$an^2 + \frac{b^{n-1} - 1}{b^n(b-1)} \quad \cdot \quad (b) \quad an^2 + \frac{b^n - 1}{b^n(b-1)} \quad (c)$$

$$an^3 + \frac{b^{n-1} - 1}{b^n(b-1)} \quad (d) \text{ none of these}$$



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25. The sum of the series:

$$\frac{1}{(\log)_2 4} + \frac{1}{(\log)_4 4} + \frac{1}{(\log)_8 4} + \dots + \frac{1}{(\log)_{2^n} 4}$$

is

(a)  $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$  (b)  $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{12}$  (c)  $\frac{n(n+1)}{4}$  (d) none

of these



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26. The sum  $n$  terms of the series

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n-1} + \sqrt{2n+1}}$$

is

(a)  $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2n+1}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2n+1} - 1$  (c)  $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2n+1} - 1$  (d)  $\frac{1}{2} \{ \sqrt{2n+1} - 1 \}$



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27. Find the sum of  $n$  terms of the series

$$1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \dots \dots \dots$$



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28. Sum the series  $3.8 + 6.11 + 9.14 + \dots \dots \dots$  to  $n$  terms.



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29. Find the sum of  $n$  terms of the series whose  $n$ th term is:  $2n^2 - 3n + 5$



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30. Find the sum to  $n$  terms of the series whose  $n$ th term is  $n^2 + 2^n$ .

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31. Find the sum of the series

$$\frac{1^3}{1} + \frac{1^3 + 2^3}{1 + 3} + \frac{1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3}{1 + 3 + 5} + \dots \text{ up to } n \text{ terms.}$$

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32.

Show

that

$$\frac{1 \times 2^2 + 2 \times 3^2 + \dots + n \times (n+1)^2}{1^2 \times 2 + 2^2 \times 3 + \dots + n^2 \times (n+1)} = \frac{3n+5}{3n+1}.$$



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33. If  $S_1, S_2, S_3$  are the sums of first  $n$  natural numbers, their squares and cubes respectively, show that

$$9S_2^2 = S_3(1 + 8S_1).$$



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**34.** Find the sum to  $n$  terms of the series :

$$1^2 + (1^2 + 2^2) + (1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2) + \dots$$



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**35.** The sequence  $N$  of natural numbers is divided into classes as follows. Show that the sum of the numbers in  $n$ th row is  $(2n^2 + 1)$



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**36.** Find the sum of the following series to  $n$  term:

$$1^3 + 3^3 + 5^3 + 7^3 + \dots$$



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**37.** Find the sum of the following series to  $n$  term:

$$2^3 + 4^3 + 6^3 + 8^3 + \dots\dots\dots$$

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**38.** Find the sum of the following series to  $n$  term:

$$1. 2. 5 + 2. 3. 6 + 3. 4. 7 + \dots\dots\dots$$

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**39.** Find the sum of the following series to  $n$  term:

$$1. 2. 4 + 2. 3. 7 + 3. 4. 10 + \dots\dots\dots$$



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40. Find the sum to  $n$  terms of the series

$$1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + 3 \times 4 + 4 \times 5 + \dots$$



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41. Find the sum of the following series to  $n$  term:

$$3 \times 1^2 + 5 \times 2^2 + 7 \times 3^2 + \dots$$



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42. Find the sum of the following series whose  $n$ th term is:  $2n^3 + 3n^2 - 1$ .

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43. Find the sum of the following series whose  $n$ th term is:  $n^3 - 3^n$ .

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44. Find the sum of the following series whose  $n$ th term is:  $n(n + 1)(n + 4)$ .

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45. Find the sum of the following series whose  $n$ th term

is:  $(2n - 1)^2$ .



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46. Find the 20th term and the sum of 20 terms of the

series:  $2 \times 4 + 4 \times 6 + 6 \times 8 + \dots$



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47. Find the sum of the first  $n$  terms of the series :

$3 + 7 + 13 + 21 + 31 + \dots$



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48. Find the sum of first  $n$  terms of the following series:

$$5 + 11 + 19 + 29 + 41 + \dots\dots\dots$$



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49. Find the sum of  $n$  terms of the series:

$$\frac{1}{1.2} + \frac{1}{2.3} + \frac{1}{3.4} + \dots\dots\dots + \frac{1}{n.(n+1)}$$



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50. Sum of the following series to  $n$  term:

$$3 + 5 + 9 + 15 + 23 + \dots\dots\dots$$



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51. Sum of the following series to  $n$  term:

$$1 + 3 + 7 + 13 + 21 + \dots\dots\dots$$

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52. Sum of the following series to  $n$  term:

$$1 + 3 + 6 + 10 + 15 + \dots\dots\dots$$

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53. Sum of the following series to  $n$  term:

$$\frac{1}{1 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 7} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 10} + \dots\dots\dots$$



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54. Find the sum  $2 + 5 + 10 + 17 + 26 + \dots$



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55. Find the sum of the series to  $n$  terms  
: $3+7+14+24+37\dots$



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56. Sum of the following series to  $n$  term:  
 $2 + 4 + 7 + 11 + 16 + \dots$





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57. Write the sum of the series

$$2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + \dots + 2n$$



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58. Write the sum of the series

$$1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - 4^2 + 5^2 - 6^2 \dots + (2n - 1)^2 - (2n)^2$$



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59. Write the sum of  $n$  term for a series whose  $r^{\text{th}}$  term is:  $r + 2^r$ .



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60. If  $\sum_{r=1}^n r = 55$ , Find  $\sum_{r=1}^n r^3$ .



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61. If the sum of first  $n$  even natural numbers is equal to

$k$  times the sum of first  $n$  odd natural number then  $k =$

$\frac{1}{n}$  b.  $\frac{n-1}{n}$  c.  $\frac{n+1}{2n}$  d.  $\frac{n+1}{n}$



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62. Write the sum of 20 terms of the series:

$$1 + \frac{1}{2}(1 + 2) + \frac{1}{3}(1 + 2 + 3) +$$



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63. If  $t_n$  denotes the  $n$ th term of the series

$$2 + 3 + 6 + 11 + 18 + \dots \text{ then } t_{50} \text{ a. } 49^2 - 1 \text{ b. } 49^2 \text{ c.}$$

$$50^2 + 1 \text{ d. } 49^2 + 2$$



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64. Let  $S_n$  denote the sum of the cubes of the first  $n$

natural numbers and  $s_n$  denote the sum of the first  $n$



natural numbers. Then  $\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{S_r}{s_r}$  is equal to

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65. If  $\sum n = 210$ , then  $\sum n^2 =$

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66. If  $1 + \frac{1+2}{2} + \frac{1+2+3}{3} + \dots \rightarrow n$  terms is  $S$ .

Then,  $S$  is equal to a.  $\frac{n(n+3)}{4}$  b.  $\frac{n(n+2)}{4}$  c.  $\frac{n(n+1)(n+2)}{6}$  d.  $n^2$

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67. What is the sum of  $n$  terms of the series

$$\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{18} + \sqrt{32} + \dots$$



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68. The sum of 10 terms of the series

$$\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{18} + \dots \text{ is}$$



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69. The sum of the series  $1^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 + \dots + n$



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