



MATHS

BOOKS - RD SHARMA MATHS (ENGLISH)

DIFFERENTIATION

Others

1. If $y = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \dots} \rightarrow \infty}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2y - 1}$

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2. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $x^{\sin^{-1}x}$

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3. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(2ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$ with respect to $\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}$, if $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < ax < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

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4. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $e^{\sin\sqrt{x}}$

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5. Differentiate the function $\sin(\log x)$ with respect to x .

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6. Differentiate the following function $\sin^2(2x + 1)$

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7. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $\sin^{-1}(2x + 3)$

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8. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $\sin(3x + 5)$

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9. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $\tan(x^0 + 45^0)$

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10. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1 - x^{2n}}{1 + x^{2n}}\right), 0 < x < \infty$$

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11. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $\tan 5x^0$



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12. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $(\log)_7(2x - 3)$



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13. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : (i) $e^{x \log x}$ (ii)

$10^{\log \sin x}$



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14. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $x^{\cos^{-1} x}$



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15. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $(\log x)^{\cos x}$



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16. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $x^{\frac{1}{x}}$



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17. If $y = \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}$, prove that $y \frac{dy}{dx} - x = 0$



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18. If $y = e^x + e^{-x}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{y^2 - 4}$



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19. If $xy = 4$, prove, $x\left(\frac{dy}{dx} + y^2\right) = 3y$

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20. Prove that $\frac{d}{dx} \left\{ \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) \right\} = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$

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21. Differentiate the following with respect to x : $\cos^{-1}(\sin x)$ and

$$\cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1-x}{1+x} \right)$$

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22. If $y = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right) + \sec^{-1} \left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2} \right)$, $0 < x < 1$, prove that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4}{1+x^2}$$



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23. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{1+6x^2}\right)$



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24. If $y = \cot^{-1}\left\{\frac{\sqrt{1+\sin x} + \sqrt{1-\sin x}}{\sqrt{1+\sin x} - \sqrt{1-\sin x}}\right\}$. Show that $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is independent of x .



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25. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = \frac{e^t + e^{-t}}{2}$ and $y = \frac{e^t - e^{-t}}{2}$



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26. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = ae^\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)$, $y = ae^\theta(\sin\theta + \cos\theta)$

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27. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = a(\theta + \sin\theta)$ and $y = a(1 - \cos\theta)$

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28. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{a+x}{1-ax}\right)$

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29. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = \frac{3at}{1+t^2}$ and $y = \frac{3at^2}{1+t^2}$

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30. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a + b \tan x}{b - a \tan x} \right)$$

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31. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, $y = e^x + 10^x + x^x$

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32. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{1 + a^2 x^2} - 1}{ax} \right\}, x \neq 0$$

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33. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right)$$

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34. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $\sin(x^x)$

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35. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $(\log x)^{\log x}$

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36. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $10^{\log \sin x}$

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37. If $y = \log \sqrt{\frac{1 + \tan x}{1 - \tan x}}$, Prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sec 2x$

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38. If $y = \log \left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}} \right)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x - 1}{2x(x + 1)}$

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39. If $y = \frac{x}{x + 2}$, prove that $x \frac{dy}{dx} = (1 - y)y$

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40. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, $y = (\sin x)^{\cos x} + (\cos x)^{\sin x}$

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41. If $y = (x - 1)\log(x - 1) - (x + 1)\log(x + 1)$, prove: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \log\left(\frac{x - 1}{1 + x}\right)$

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42. If $y = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - y^2$

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43. If $y = \frac{x\sin^{-1}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$, prove that $(1-x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} = x + \frac{y}{x}$

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44. Differentiate the following function \tan^2x

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45. If $x^y y^x = 1$, provethat $\frac{dy}{dx} = - \left(y \frac{y + x \log y}{x(y \log x + x)} \right)$



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46. If $xy^2 = 1$, provethat $2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y^3 = 0$



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47. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in each of the following: $e^{x-y} = \log\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$



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48. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in each of the following: $\sin xy + \cos(x + y) = 1$



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49. If $\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{1-y^2} = a(x-y)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{1-y^2}{1-x^2}}$

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50. If $y\sqrt{1-x^2} + x\sqrt{1-y^2} = 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sqrt{\frac{1-y^2}{1-x^2}}$.

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51. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $\cos^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{2}}$,

$-1 < x < 1$

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52. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x^2}\right)$

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53. If $\sec\left(\frac{x+y}{x-y}\right) = a$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$.

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54. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\sin^{-1}(2x^2 - 1), 0 < x < 1$$

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55. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}\right\}, -a < x < a$$

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56. If $x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2t}{1+t^2}\right)$ and $y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2t}{1-t^2}\right)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1$.

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57. If $x^{13}y^7 = (x+y)^{20}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$.

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58. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = \frac{\cos^{-1}t}{\sqrt{1+t^2}}$ and $y = \frac{\sin^{-1}t}{\sqrt{1+t^2}}$.

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59. If $x = 2\cos\theta - \cos 2\theta$ and $y = 2\sin\theta - \sin 2\theta$ Prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \tan\left(\frac{3\theta}{2}\right)$.

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60. If $x = \cos t$ and $y = \sin t$, prove : $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ at $t = \frac{2\pi}{3}$

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61. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $\cos(\log x)^2$

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62. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $e^{ax} \sec x \tan 2x$

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63. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : (i) $\log(\cos^2 x)$

(ii) $\cos(\log x)^2$

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64. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, $y = x^x + x^{\frac{1}{x}}$

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65. Differentiate the following function $3e^{-3x}\log(1+x)$

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66. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $\frac{x^2+2}{\sqrt{\cos x}}$

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67. If $y = \log\{\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{x+1}\}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{x^2-1}}$

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68. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in each of the following: $4x + 3y = \log(4x - 3y)$



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69. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in each of the following: $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = a^{\frac{2}{3}}$



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70. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in each of the following: $xy = c^2$



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71. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\cos^{-1} \left\{ \frac{x + \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}; -1 < x < 1$$



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72. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\sin^{-1} \left\{ \frac{x + \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}, -1 < x < 1$$

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73. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2^{x+1}}{1 - 4^x} \right)$,

$$0 < x < \infty$$

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74. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\sin^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}, \frac{3\pi}{4} < x < \frac{\pi}{4}$$

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75. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}}\right), -1 < x < 1$$



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76. Differentiate the following functions with respect to 3^{x^2+2x}



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77. Differentiate the following function from first principles: e^{3x}



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78. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $3e^x$



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79. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{1-x}}{2}\right)$, 0

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80. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $\sqrt{\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}}$

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81. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $e^{\tan x}$

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82. Differentiate the following function $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{x^2+a^2}\right)$

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83. If $y = \sqrt{\cos x + \sqrt{\cos x + \sqrt{\cos x + \dots} \rightarrow \infty}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin x}{1 - 2y}$

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84. If $y = (\sin x)^{(\sin x)^{(\sin x)^{\dots \infty}}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2 \cos x}{(1 - y \log \sin x)}$

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85. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $\log \cos x$

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86. If $y = e^{x^{e^x}} + x^{e^{e^x}} + e^{x^{x^e}}$, prove that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x^{e^x}} \cdot x^{e^x} \left\{ \frac{e^x}{x} + e^x \cdot \log x \right\} + x^{e^{e^x}} \cdot e^{e^x} \left\{ \frac{1}{x} + e^x \log x \right\} + e^{x^{x^e}} \cdot x^{x^e} \cdot x^{e-1} \{1 + e \log x\}$$

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87. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, $y = e^{3x} \sin 4x \cdot 2^x$

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88. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $e^{\sqrt{\cot x}}$

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89. Differentiate the following function $\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - \sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$

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90. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $(\sin^{-1} x^4)^4$

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91. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, $y = \frac{(x^2 - 1)^3(2x - 1)}{\sqrt{(x - 3)(4x - 1)}}$

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92. If $\sqrt{y + x} + \sqrt{y - x} = c$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} - \sqrt{\frac{y^2}{x^2} - 1}$.

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93. If $(\sin x)^y = (\cos y)^x$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\log \cos y - y \cot x}{\log \sin x + x \tan y}$

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94. If $y = \cos^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2x - 3\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{\sqrt{13}} \right\}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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95. If $e^x + e^y = e^{x+y}$, provethat $\frac{dy}{dx} + e^{y-x} = 0$

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96. If $x\sin(a + y) + \sin a\cos(a + y) = 0$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^2(a + y)}{\sin a}$

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97. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in each of the following: $(x^2 + y^2)^2 = xy$

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98. Differentiate the following functions $\frac{2^x \cos x}{(x^2 + 3)^2}$ with respect to x ,

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99. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $e^{\sin^{-1}((- 1)2x)}$

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100. Differentiate the function $\sin(2\sin^{-1}x)$ with respect to x .

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101. Differentiate the following function $\sqrt{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}$ with respect to x

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102. Differentiate the following function $\tan^{-1}(e^x)$ with respect to x

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103. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1+ax}{1-ax}\right)$ with respect to $\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}$.

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104. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{x+1}\right)$ with respect to $\sin^{-1}(3x-4x^3)$, if $-1/2$

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105. If $y = \left\{ \log_{\cos x} \sin x \right\} \left\{ \log_{\sin x} \cos x \right\}^{-1} + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx} \text{ at } x = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

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106. If $y = \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{x+1}{x-1}\right) + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{x+1}\right)$, $x > 0$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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107. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$ with respect to $\sin^{-1}(2x\sqrt{1-x^2})$, if

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

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108. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\sqrt{1-x^2}$ with respect to $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$ if $0 < x < 1$

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109. If $y\sqrt{x^2+1} = \log(\sqrt{x^2+1}-x)$, show that $(x^2+1)\frac{dy}{dx} + xy + 1 = 0$

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110. If $e^x + e^y = e^{x+y}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{e^x(e^y-1)}{e^y(e^x-1)}$ or, $\frac{dy}{dx} + e^{y-x} = 0$



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111. If $y = x \sin(a + y)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^2(a + y)}{\sin(a + y) - y \cos(a + y)}$.



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112. If $xy \log(x + y) = 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y(x^2y + x + y)}{x(xy^2 + x + y)}$.



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113. If $y = (\sin x - \cos x)^{\sin x - \cos x}$, $\frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{3\pi}{4}$ find dy/dx



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114. If $y = \log\left(\frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^2 - x + 1}\right) + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{1 - x^2}\right)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$



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115. If $(x - y)e^{\frac{x}{x-y}} = a$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} + x = 2y$.



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116. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $\frac{e^x \log x}{x^2}$



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117. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\log\left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}\right)$$



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118. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $\tan\left(e^{\sin x}\right)$





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119. Differentiate $\sin^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2^{x+1} \cdot 3^x}{1 + (36)^x} \right\}$ with respect to x .



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120. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $\log \left(\frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right)$



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121. If $y = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x}} \right\}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$



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122. Differentiate the following function $\sqrt{\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x}}$



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123. If the derivative of $\tan^{-1}(a + bx)$ take the value of 1 at $x = 0$, prove that $1 + a^2 = b^2$

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124. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $e^{3x}\cos 2x$

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125. If $y = \sin \left[2 \tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \right\} \right]$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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126. Differentiate $(\log x)^x$ with respect to $\log x$

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127. Differentiate $\log(1 + x^2)$ with respect to $\tan^{-1}x$.

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128. Differentiate x^2 with respect to x^3 .

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129. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}{x}\right)$ with respect to $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$, if $x > 0$.

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130. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$ with respect to $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$, if $x < 1$.

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131. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\sqrt{1-x^2}$ with respect to $\cos^{-1}x$, if (i) $x \in (0, 1)$ (ii) $x \in (-1, 0)$

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132. Differentiate $(\cos x)^{\sin x}$ with respect to $(\sin x)^{\cos x}$

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133. If $y = 1 + \frac{\alpha}{\left(\frac{1}{x} - \alpha\right)} + \frac{\beta/x}{\left(\frac{1}{x} - \alpha\right)\left(\frac{1}{x} - \beta\right)} + \frac{\gamma/x^2}{\left(\frac{1}{x} - \alpha\right)\left(\frac{1}{x} - \beta\right)\left(\frac{1}{x} - \gamma\right)}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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134. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $(\log)_x 3$



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135. Differentiate the following function from first principles: e^{-x}



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136. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $2^x \wedge 3$



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137. Differentiate the following function from first principles: e^{ax+b}



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138. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $e^{\cos x}$



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139. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $e^{\sqrt{2x}}$

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140. Differentiate the following function $\sqrt{\frac{a^2 - x^2}{a^2 + x^2}}$

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141. Differentiate the functions $3^{x \log x}$ with respect to x

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142. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $x^2 e^x$

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143. Differentiate the function $(\log \sin x)^2$ with respect to x

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144. If $a > 0, x = \left(t + \frac{1}{t}\right)^a, y = a^{t + \frac{1}{t}}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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145. If $x = a \left(\frac{1+t^2}{1-t^2} \right)$ and $y = \frac{2t}{1-t^2}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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146. If $x = a \sin 2t(1 + \cos 2t)$ and $y = b \cos 2t(1 - \cos 2t)$, show that at

$$\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{b}{a}$$

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147. If $x = \frac{1 + \log t}{t^2}$, $y = \frac{3 + 2\log t}{t}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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148. If $x = 3\sin t - \sin 3t$, $y = 3\cos t - \cos 3t$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$.

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149. If $\sin x = \frac{2t}{1 + t^2}$, $\tan y = \frac{2t}{1 - t^2}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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150. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x}\right)$ with respect to $\sec^{-1}x$.

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151. If $\cos y = x \cos(a + y)$, with $\cos a \neq \pm 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos^2(a + y)}{\sin a}$.

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152. If $f(x) = (\log)_x^2(\log x)$, then $f'(x)$ at $x = e$ is 0 (b) 1 (c) $\frac{1}{e}$ (d) $\frac{1}{2}e$

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153. The derivative of the function $\cot^{-1} \left\{ (\cos 2x)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right\}$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$ is $\left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (b) $\left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (c) $3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (d) $6^{\frac{1}{2}}$

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154. If $f(x)$, $g(x)$ and $h(x)$ are three polynomials of degree 2, then prove that

$\varphi(x) = \left| f(x)g(x)h(x)f'(x)g'(x)h'(x)f''(x)g''(x)h''(x) \right|$ is a constant polynomial

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155. If $\sin^{-1}x + \sin^{-1}y + \sin^{-1}z = \frac{3\pi}{2}$, then find the value of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$

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156. If $3\sin(xy) + 4\cos(xy) = 5$ then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

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157. If $f(x) = \left(\frac{x^l}{x^m}\right)^{l+m} \left(\frac{x^m}{x^n}\right)^{m+n} \left(\frac{x^n}{x^l}\right)^{n+l}$, then $f'(x)$

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158. $\frac{d}{dx} \left\{ \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} \right) \right\}$ equal $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) x (c) $\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}$ (d) 1

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159. If $y = \sqrt{\sin x + y}$ then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ (a) $\frac{\sin x}{2y - 1}$ (b) $\frac{\sin x}{1 - 2y}$ (c) $\frac{\cos x}{1 - 2y}$ (d) $\frac{\cos x}{2y - 1}$

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160. If $y = \frac{1}{1 + x^{a-b} + x^{c-b}} + \frac{1}{1 + x^{b-c} + x^{a-c}} + \frac{1}{1 + x^{b-a} + x^{c-a}}$, then $(dy)/(dx)$ is equal to (a) 1 (b) $(a + b + c)^{x+b+c-1}$ 0 (d) none of these

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161. If $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2} \right) = \log a$ then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is equal to (a) $\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$ (b) $\frac{y}{x}$ (c) $\frac{x}{y}$ (d) none of these

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162. If $(1 + x)^n = C_0 + C_1x + C_2x^2 + \dots + C_nx^n$, using derivative prove that $C_1 + 2C_2 + \dots + nC_n = n \cdot 2^{n-1}$ $C_1 - 2C_2 + 3C_3 + \dots + (-1)^{n-1}nC_n = 0$

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163. Differentiate the following function with respect to x , $\tan(x^0 + 45^0)$

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164. If $y = \left\{x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}\right\}^n$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{ny}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}$

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165. If $y = \frac{x \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \log \sqrt{1-x^2}$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

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166. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$\log(\sec x + \tan x)$ (ii) $e^{x \sin x} \sin^{-1}(x^3)$ (iv) $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{a + b \cos x}{b + a \cos x}\right)$, $b > a$

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167. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $\sec(\log x^n)$ (ii)

$$\log \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{\log\left\{\sin\left(\frac{x^2}{3} - 1\right)\right\}}$$

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168. If $y = \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}$ prove that $(1-x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$

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169. If $y = \sqrt{\frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^x}{(1-e^x)\sqrt{1-e^{2x}}}$



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170. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$(\log)_{10}x + (\log)_x 10 + (\log)_x + (\log)_{10}10$$



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171. If $y = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2} + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2} - \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2a^2}{x^3} \left\{ 1 + \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{a^4 - x^4}} \right\}$.



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172. Differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}{x} \right)$ with respect to $\tan^{-1}x$, $x \neq 0$.



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173. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1+2x}{1-2x}\right)$ with respect to $\sqrt{1+4x^2}$

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174. Differentiate x^x with respect to $x \log x$

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175. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+2x}\right)$ wrt to $\tan^{-1}x$, -1

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176. If $x = \sec\theta - \cos\theta$ and $y = \sec^n\theta - \cos^n\theta$ then show that

$$(x^2 + 4) \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 = n^2 (y^2 + 4)$$

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177. If $u = \sin(m\cos^{-1}x)$, $v = \cos(m\sin^{-1}x)$, provethat $\frac{du}{dv} = \sqrt{\frac{1-u^2}{1-v^2}}$

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178. Differentiate $\log \sin x$ with respect to $\sqrt{\cos x}$.

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179. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = e^{\theta}\left(\theta + \frac{1}{\theta}\right)$ and $y = e^{-\theta}\left(\theta - \frac{1}{\theta}\right)$

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180. If $f(x) = \left|x + a^2abacabx + b^2bcacx + c^2\right|$, $f \in df'(x)$

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181. Differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2}} \right\}$ with respect to $\cos^{-1}x^2$

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182. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $(x^2 + x + 1)^4$

$\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}$ (iii) $\sin^3 x$ (iv) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$

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183. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : (i) $\log \sin x^2$

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184. Differentiate $\log \sin x$ from first principle.

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185. If $f(x) = |\log x|$, $x > 0$, find $f' \left(\frac{1}{e} \right)$ and $f'(e)$

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186. Differentiate $\sin^{-1} \sqrt{x}$ ($0 < x < 1$) from first principles.

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187. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(2x + 3)$ from first principles.

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188. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $\frac{2^2 \cot x}{\sqrt{x}}$ (ii)

$e^x \log \sqrt{x} \tan x$

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189. If $f(x) = |\cos x - \sin x|$, find $f' \left(\frac{\pi}{6} \right)$ and $f' \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right)$.

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190. If $y = (1+x)(1+x^2)(1+x^4)(1+x^8)\dots\dots\dots(1+x^{2^n})$, find dy/dx at $x = 0$

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191. If $x = a \sec^3 \theta$ and $y = a \tan^3 \theta$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$

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192. If $x = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2t}{1+t^2} \right)$ and $y = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2t}{1-t^2} \right)$, $t > 1$. Prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -1$

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193. If $y = \sqrt{\sin x + \sqrt{\sin x + \sqrt{\sin x + \dots}}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos x}{2y - 1}$

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194. If $y = a^{x^{a^{x^{\dots}}}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2 \log y}{x(1 - y \log x \log y)}$

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195. If $y = e^{x + e^{x + e^{(((-\infty)))))}}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{1 - y}$

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196. If $y = (\sqrt{x})^{\sqrt{x} \wedge \sqrt{x} \wedge ((\infty))}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2}{x(2 - y \log x)}$

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197. If $y = x + \frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{x + \dots}}}$, provethat $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{2y - x}$

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198. If $y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \frac{\cos x}{1 + \frac{\sin x}{1 + \frac{\cos x}{1 + \dots}}}}$, provethat $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(1 + y)\cos x + y\sin x}{1 + 2y + \cos x - \sin x}$

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199. If $e^x + e^y = e^{x+y}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{e^x(e^y - 1)}{e^y(e^x - 1)}$

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200. If $y = (\cos x) \left((\cos x) \left((\cos x) \left((\cos x) \dots \right) \right) \right)$ prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y^2 \tan x}{1 - y \log \cos x}$

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201. If $y = \sqrt{\sin x + y}$, write $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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202. If $y = x^x \wedge x^{\wedge(((\infty))))}$, $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is

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203. If $y = x^{\tan x} + \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + 1}{2}}$, $f \in d \frac{dy}{dx}$

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204. If $x^y = y^x$, then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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205. If $(\sin x)^y = (\cos y)^x$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\log \cos y - y \cot x}{\log \sin x + x \tan y}$



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206. If $y^x = e^{y-x}$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(1 + \log y)^2}{\log y}$



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207. If $y = \frac{ax^2}{(x-a)(x-b)(x-c)} + \frac{bx}{(x-b)(x-c)} + \frac{c}{x-c} + 1$ then $\frac{y'}{y} =$



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208. If $x = e^{\frac{x}{y}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x-y}{x \log x}$



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209. If $y = x \sin y$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x(1 - x \cos y)}$

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210. If $xy \log(x + y) = 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y(x^2y + x + y)}{x(xy^2 + x + y)}$

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211. If $(\sin x)^y = x + y$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1 - (x + y)y \cot x}{(x + y) \log \sin x - 1}$

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212. Differentiate: $(\log x)^x + x^{\log x}$ with respect to x :

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213. Find the derivative of $\frac{\sqrt{x}(x+4)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(4x-3)^{\frac{4}{3}}}$ with respect to x :

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214. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $(\cos x)^x$ (ii)
 $x^{\sqrt{x}}$ $(\log x)^{\sin x}$ (iv) $(\sin x)^{\cos x}$

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215. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : (i) $(x^x)^x$

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216. If $y = \left\{ (\log)_{\cos x} \sin x \right\} \left\{ (\log)_{\sin x} \cos x \right\}^{-1} + \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right)$, find

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \text{ at } x = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

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217. If $\sqrt{y+x} + \sqrt{y-x} = c$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} - \sqrt{\frac{y^2}{x^2} - 1}$.

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218. If $y = \cos^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{\cos 3x}{\cos^3 x}}$, then show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{\cos x \cos 3x}}$

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219. If $\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{1-y^2} = a(x-y)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{1-y^2}{1-x^2}}$

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220. If $x^2 + y^2 = t - \frac{1}{t}$ and $x^4 + y^4 = t^2 + \frac{1}{t^2}$ then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^3 y$

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221. If $y = b \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\tan^{-1} y}{x} \right)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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222. Differentiate $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right) + \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2} \right)$ with respect to x , if $x \in (0, 1)$

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223. Differentiate $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right) + \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2} \right)$ with respect to x , if $x \in (-1, 0)$

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224. Differentiate the functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{1 + a^2 x^2} - 1}{ax} \right\}, x \neq 0$$

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225. Differentiate the functions with respect to x :

$$\cos^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}, -\frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{\pi}{4}$$

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226. If the derivative of $\tan^{-1}(a + bx)$ takes the value 1 at $x = 0$, prove that

$$1 + a^2 = b^2$$

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227. If $y = \sin \left[2 \tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \right\} \right]$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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228. If $\log(x^2 + y^2) = 2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y}{x} \right)$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$.

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229. If $y = \cos^{-1}(2x) + 2 \cos^{-1} \sqrt{1-4x^2}$,

$-\frac{1}{2} < x < 0$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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230. If $\sqrt{1-x^6} + \sqrt{1-y^6} = a(x^3 - y^3)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2}{y^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-y^6}{1-x^6}}$ where -1

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231. If $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}\right) = \tan^{-1}a$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$.

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232. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(2x^2 - 1)$ with respect to x , if $x > 0$

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233. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3x - x^3}{1 - 3x^2}\right)$, if $x = 1/\sqrt{3}$

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234. Differentiate each of the following functions with respect to x : (i)

$$\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right), -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \text{(ii) } \cos^{-1}\left(2x\left(\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)\right), -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$



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235. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\sin^{-1}(\sin x), x \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\cos^{-1}(\cos x), x \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\tan^{-1}(\tan x), x \in [0, \pi] - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

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236. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , if $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

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237. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(3x - 4x^3\right)$ with respect to x , if (i) $-\frac{1}{2} < x < \frac{1}{2}$ (ii)

$$\frac{1}{2} < x < 1 \text{ (iii) } -1 < x < -\frac{1}{2}$$

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238. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(2x^2 - 1)$ with respect to x , if $x \neq 0$

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239. If $y = \cos^{-1}\{x\sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-x^2}\}$ and $0 < x < 1$

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240. If $y = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$, prove that $y \frac{dy}{dx} + x = 0$

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241. If $y = e^x + e^{-x}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{y^2 - 4}$

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242. If $y = \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}$, prove that $y \frac{dy}{dx} - x = 0$

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243. If $y = x \sin^{-1} x + \sqrt{1 - x^2}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin^{-1} x$

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244. If $y = \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2x}{1 + \cos 2x} \right)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \operatorname{cosec} 2x$

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245. If $y = xe^x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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246. If $y = (x-1)\log(x-1) - (x+1)\log(x+1)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \log\left(\frac{x-1}{1+x}\right)$



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247. If $y = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$, prove that $2x \frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$



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248. Prove that $\frac{d}{dx} \left\{ \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) \right\} = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$



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249. If $xy = 4$, prove that $x \left(\frac{dy}{dx} + y^2 \right) = 3y$



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250. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{a+x}}, \quad -a < x < a$$

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251. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a+x}{1-ax} \right)$

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252. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3a^2x - x^3}{a^3 - 3ax^2} \right)$$

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253. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a+x}{1-ax} \right) \text{ (ii) } \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a \cos x - b \sin x}{b \cos x + a \sin x} \right), \quad \text{`pi/2-1`}$$



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254. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x} \right\}, -\pi < x < \pi$$



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255. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}} \right\}, 0 < x < \pi$$



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256. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}} \right\}, 0 < x < \pi$$



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257. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} \right\}, 0 < x < \pi$$

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258. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x}} \right\}, -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

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259. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1}(\sec x + \tan x), -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

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260. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $\tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{a+x}}$

, $-a < x < a$

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261. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a+x}{1-ax} \right)$

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262. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3a^2x - x^3}{a^3 - 3ax^2} \right)$$

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263. $y = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a \cos x - b \sin x}{b \cos x + a \sin x} \right)$, where $-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi$ and $\frac{a}{b} \tan x > -1$

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264. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x} \right\}, -\pi < x < \pi$$

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265. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}} \right\}$$

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266. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}} \right\}, 0 < x < \pi$$

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267. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} \right\}, 0 < x < \pi$$

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268. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x}} \right\}, -\pi/2 < x < \pi/2$$

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269. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1}(\sec x + \tan x), -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

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270. Differentiate $\frac{2^x \cot x}{\sqrt{x}}$ with respect to x .



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271. Differentiate $e^x \log \sqrt{x} \tan x$ with respect to x .



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272. Differentiate $\frac{e^x + \sin x}{1 + \log x}$ with respect to x .



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273. Differentiate $\frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{x \sin x + \cos x}$ with respect to x .



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274. If $y = (1 + x)(1 + x^2)(1 + x^4)(1 + x^8) \dots (1 + x^{2^n})$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.



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275. If $f(x) = |\cos x|$, find $f' \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right)$ and $f' \left(\frac{3\pi}{4} \right)$.

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276. If $f(x) = |\cos x - \sin x|$, find $f' \left(\frac{\pi}{6} \right)$ and $f' \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right)$.

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277. If $f(x) = |\log x|$, $x > 0$, find $f' \left(\frac{1}{e} \right)$ and $f'(e)$.

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278. Differentiate e^{x^2} with respect to x from first-principles

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279. Differentiate e^{2x} with respect to x from first principles

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280. Differentiate $e^{\sqrt{x}}$ with respect to x from first-principles

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281. Differentiate $e^{\sin x}$ with respect to x from first-principles

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282. Differentiate xe^x from first principles.

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283. Find the derivative of the following function with respect to 'X' :

$\log \sin x$



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284. Differentiate $\log \sec x$ from first principles.



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285. If $f(x) = x \tan^{-1} x$, find $f'(\sqrt{3})$ using the first principle.



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286. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(2x + 3)$ from first principles.



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288. Differentiate $x \tan^{-1}x$ from first principles.

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289. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\sqrt{x}$ (0

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290. Differentiate e^{-x} from first principles

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291. Differentiate e^{3x} from the first principle.



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292. Differentiate the following function from first principles: e^{ax+b}



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293. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $e^{\cos x}$



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294. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $e^{\sqrt{2x}}$



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295. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $\log \cos x$



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296. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $e^{\sqrt{\cot x}}$

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297. Differentiate $x^2 e^x$ from first principal:

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298. Differentiate $\log \sin x$ from the first principles.

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299. Differentiate the following function from first principles: $\sin^{-1}(2x + 3)$

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300. Differentiate $\sin(x^2 + 1)$ with respect to x :



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301. Differentiate $e^{\sin x}$ with respect to x :



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302. Differentiate $\log \sin x$ with respect to x :



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303. Differentiate $\log \sin x^2$ with respect to x :



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304. Differentiate $e^{\sin x^2}$ with respect to x :



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305. Differentiate $\sin(e^x + 2)$ with respect to x :



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306. Differentiate $(x^2 + x + 1)^4$ with respect to x :



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307. Differentiate $\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}$ with respect to x :



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308. Differentiate $\sin^3 x$ with respect to x :



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309. Differentiate $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$ with respect to x :

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310. Differentiate $\log(\sec x + \tan x)$ with respect to x :

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311. Differentiate $e^{x \sin x}$ with respect to x :

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312. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}(x^3)$ with respect to x :

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313. Differentiate the following w.r.t.x. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{a + b\cos x}{b + a\cos x}\right)$, $b > a > 1$

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314. Differentiate $e^e \wedge x$ with respect to x :

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315. Differentiate $(\log)_7((\log)_7 x)$ with respect to x :

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316. Differentiate $(\log)_x 2$ with respect to x :

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317. Differentiate $\sec(\log x^n)$ with respect to x :

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318. Differentiate $\log \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right)$ with respect to x :

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319. Differentiate $\sqrt{\log\left\{\sin\left(\frac{x^2}{3} - 1\right)\right\}}$ with respect to x

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320. Differentiate $\log\left(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}\right)$ with respect to x .

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321. Differentiate $\log \left\{ \frac{a + b \sin x}{a - b \sin x} \right\}$ with respect to x .

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322. Differentiate $\frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}}$ with respect to x .

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323. Differentiate $\log \sqrt{\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x}}$ with respect to x .

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324. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $y = e^{ax} \cos(bx + c)$

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325. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $y = \frac{e^x + \log x}{\sin 3x}$

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326. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $y = e^x \log(1 + x^2)$

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327. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $y = \frac{\sin x + x^2}{\cot 2x}$

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328. If $y = \left\{ x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} \right\}^n$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{ny}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}$.

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329. If $y = \frac{x \cos^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} - \log \sqrt{1-x^2}$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos^{-1} x}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

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330. Differentiate $\sin(m \sin^{-1} x)$ with respect to x :

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331. Differentiate $(a^{\sin^{-1} x})^2$ with respect to x :

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332. Differentiate: $e^{\cos^{-1} \sqrt{1-x^2}}$

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333. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x :

$$(\log)_{10}x + (\log)_x 10 + (\log)_x + (\log)_{10} 10 \cdot 5^3 - x^2 + (3 - x^2)^5$$

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334. Differentiate $5^3 - x^2 + (3 - x^2)^5$ with respect to x :

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335. If $y = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2} + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2} - \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2a^2}{x^3} \left\{ a + \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{a^4 - x^4}} \right\}$.

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336. If $y = \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}$ prove that $(1-x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$

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337. If $y = \sqrt{\frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^x}{(1-e^x)\sqrt{1-e^{2x}}}$

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338. If $(1+x)^n = c_0 + C_1x + C_2x^2 + \dots + C_nx^n$, use derivatives to prove that

$$C_1 + 2C_2 + \dots + nC_n = n \cdot 2^{n-1} \quad C_1 - 2C_2 + 3C_3 + \dots + (-1)^{n-1}nC_n = 0$$

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339. Using the fact that $s \in (A+B) = s \in A \cos B + \cos A s \in B$ and the differentiation, obtain the sum formula for cosines.

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340. If $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2+1}$, $g(x) = \frac{x+1}{x^2+1}$ and $h(x) = 2x-3$, then find $f'(h'(g'(x)))$.

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341. Differentiate $\sin(3x + 5)$ with respect to x :

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342. Differentiate $\tan^2 x$ with respect to x :

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343. Differentiate $\tan(x + 45)$ with respect to x :

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344. Differentiate $\sin(\log x)$ with respect to x :

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345. Differentiate $e^{\sin\sqrt{x}}$ with respect to x :



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346. Differentiate $e^{\tan x}$ with respect to x :



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347. Differentiate $s \in^2(2x + 1)$ with respect to x :



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348. Differentiate $(\log)_7(2x - 3)$ with respect to x :



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349. Differentiate $\tan 5x$ with respect to x :





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350. Differentiate 2^{x^3} with respect to x :



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351. Differentiate 3^{e^x} with respect to x :



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352. Differentiate $(\log)_x 3$ with respect to x :



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353. Differentiate 3^{x^2+2x} with respect to x :



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354. Differentiate $\sqrt{\frac{a^2 - x^2}{a^2 + x^2}}$ with respect to x .

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355. Differentiate $3^{x \log x}$ with respect to x :

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356. Differentiate $\sqrt{\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x}}$ with respect to x .

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357. Differentiate $\sqrt{\frac{1 - x^2}{1 + x^2}}$ with respect to x .

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358. Differentiate $(\log \sin x)^2$ with respect to x :



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359. Differentiate $\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}}$ with respect to x .



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360. Differentiate $\sin\left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x .



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361. Differentiate $e^{3x} \cos 2x$ with respect to x :



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362. Differentiate $\sin(\log \sin x)$ with respect to x :

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363. Differentiate $e^{\tan 3x}$ with respect to x :

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364. Differentiate $e^{\sqrt{\cot x}}$ with respect to x :

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365. Differentiate $\log\left(\frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}\right)$ with respect to x :

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366. $\log \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x}}$

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367. Differentiate $e^{\sin x}$ with respect to x :

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368. Differentiate $\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$ with respect to x :

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369. Differentiate $(e^x \log x)$ with respect to x :

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370. Differentiate $\log(\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)$ with respect to x :

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371. Differentiate $e^{2x}\log x$ with respect to x .

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372. Differentiate $\log\left(\frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^2 - x + 1}\right)$ with respect to x .

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373. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}(e^x)$ with respect to x :

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374. Differentiate: $e^{\sin^{-1} 2x}$ with respect to x .

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375. Differentiate $\sin(2 \sin^{-1} x)$ with respect to x :

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376. Differentiate $e^{\tan^{-1} \sqrt{x}}$ with respect to x .

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377. Differentiate $\sqrt{\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right)}$ with respect to x :

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378. Differentiate $\log(\tan^{-1}x)$ with respect to x :

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379. Differentiate the following functions $\frac{2^x \cos x}{(x^2 + 3)^2}$ with respect to x

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380. Differentiate $x \sin 2x + 5^x + k^k + (\tan^2 x)^3$ with respect to x :

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381. Differentiate $\log(3x + 2) - x^2 \log(2x - 1)$ with respect to x :

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382. Differentiate $\sin^2\{\log(2x + 3)\}$ with respect to x :

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383. Differentiate $e^x \sin 2x$ with respect to x .

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384. Differentiate $\left(\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}\right)$ with respect to x .

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385. Differentiate $\log\left\{x + 2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 1}\right\}$ with respect to x :

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386. Differentiate $(\sin^{-1}x^4)^4$ with respect to x :

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387. Differentiate $\sin\left(\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}\right)$ with respect to x :

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388. Differentiate $e^x \sin x$ with respect to x .

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389. Differentiate $3 e^{-3x} \log(1 + x)$

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390. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $\frac{x^2 + 2}{\sqrt{\cos x}}$

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391. Differentiate $x^2(1 - x^2)$ with respect to x .

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392. Differentiate $\log \left\{ \cot \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right\}$ with respect to x :

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393. Differentiate the following functions with respect to $e^{ax} \sec x \tan 2x$

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394. Differentiate $\log(\cos x^2)$ with respect to x :

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395. Differentiate $\cos(\log x)^2$ with respect to x :

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396. Differentiate $\log\sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x+1}}$ with respect to x :

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397. If $y = \log\{\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{x+1}\}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{x^2-1}}$

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398. If $y = \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x-1}$, prove that $\sqrt{x^2-1} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}y$

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399. If $y = \frac{x}{x+2}$, prove that $x \frac{dy}{dx} = (1-y)y$

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400. If $y = \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}\right)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x-1}{2x(x+1)}$

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401. If $y = \log\sqrt{\frac{1-\tan x}{1+\tan x}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sec 2x$.

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402. If $y = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$, prove that $2x \frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$

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403. If $y = \frac{x \sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$, prove that $(1-x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = x + \frac{y}{x}$

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404. If $y = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - y^2$

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405. If $y = (x-1)\log(x-1) - (x+1)\log(x+1)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \log\left(\frac{x-1}{1+x}\right)$

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406. If $y = e^x \cos x$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{2} e^x \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

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407. If $y = \frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{1 - \cos 2x}{1 + \cos 2x}\right)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \operatorname{cosec} 2x$

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408. If $y = x \sin^{-1} x + \sqrt{1 - x^2}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin^{-1} x$

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409. If $y = \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}$, prove that $y \frac{dy}{dx} - x = 0$

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410. If $y = e^x + e^{-x}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{y^2 - 4}$

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411. If $y = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$, prove that $y \frac{dy}{dx} + x = 0$

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412. If $xy = 4$, prove that $x \left(\frac{dy}{dx} + y^2 \right) = 3y$

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413. Prove that $\frac{d}{dx} \left\{ \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) \right\} = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$

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414. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}(\sin x)$, $x \in [0, 2\pi]$



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415. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(\cos x)$, $x \in [0, 2\pi]$



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416. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}(\tan x)$, $x \in [0, \pi] - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$



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417. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , if $x \in \left[-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right]$



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418. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , if $x \in \left[-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right]$



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419. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x ,



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420. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(3x - 4x^3\right)$ with respect to x , if $x < 1/2$



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421. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(3x - 4x^3\right)$ with respect to x , if $x > 1/2$



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422. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(3x - 4x^3\right)$ with respect to x



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423. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(2x^2 - 1)$ with respect to x , if $0 < x < 1$

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424. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(2x^2 - 1)$ with respect to x , if -1

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425. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(1 - 2x^2)$ with respect to x , if $0 < x < 1$

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426. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(1 - 2x^2)$ with respect to x , if -1

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427. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(4x^3 - 3x)$ with respect to x , if $x \in \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

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428. $y = \sec^{-1} \frac{1}{2x^2 - 1}$, $0 < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

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429. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(4x^3 - 3x)$ with respect to x , if $x \in \left(-1, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$

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430. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , if $x \in (-1, 1)$

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431. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , if $x \in (-\infty, -1)$

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432. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , if $x \in (1, \infty)$

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433. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3x-x^3}{1-3x^2}\right)$, if $x < -1/\sqrt{3}$

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434. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3x-x^3}{1-3x^2}\right)$, if $x > \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

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435. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3x - x^3}{1 - 3x^2}\right)$, if $x > \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

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436. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1 + x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , when $x \in (-1, 1)$

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437. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1 + x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , when $x \in (1, \infty)$

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438. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1 + x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , when $x \in (-\infty, -1)$

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439. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , when $x \in (0, \infty)$

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440. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$ with respect to x , when $x \in (-\infty, 0)$

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441. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$, $0 < x < 1$ with respect to x

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442. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$, $0 < x < 1$ with respect to x



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443. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$, $-1 < x < 1$ with respect to x



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444. Differentiate $\sec^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2x^2-1}\right)$, $x > 1$



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445. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}(2x\sqrt{1-x^2})$, $0 < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$



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446. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$



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447. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{1-\cos x}{\sin x}\right\}$, $-\pi$

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448. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\sqrt{\frac{1-\cos x}{1+\cos x}}\right\}$, $-\pi$

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449. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\sqrt{\frac{1+\cos x}{1-\cos x}}\right\}$ with respect to x $0 < x < \pi$

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450. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{\cos x}{1+\sin x}\right\}$, $0 \leq x \leq \pi$

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451. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\sqrt{\frac{1+\sin x}{1-\sin x}}\right\}, \pi/2$

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452. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}(\sec x + \tan x), \pi/2$

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453. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\sqrt{1+x^2} + x\right\}, x \in \mathbb{R}$ with respect to x .

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454. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : (i)

$$\tan^{-1}\left\{\sqrt{1+x^2} - x\right\}, x \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{(ii) } \tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - 1}{x}\right\}, x \neq 0$$

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455. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x : (i)

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} + 1}{x} \right\}, \quad x \neq 0 \quad \text{(ii)} \quad \cot^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{1+x^2} + x \right\}$$

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456. Differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{1+\sin x} + \sqrt{1-\sin x}}{\sqrt{1+\sin x} - \sqrt{1-\sin x}} \right\}, 0 < x < \pi$

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457. Differentiate the following functions with respect to x $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a+x}{1-ax} \right)$

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458. Differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3a^2x - x^3}{a^3 - 3ax^2} \right), \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

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459. Differentiate $\frac{\tan^{-1}\sqrt{a-x}}{\sqrt{a+x}}$, $-a < x < a$

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460. If $y = \sin^{-1}\left[x\sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-x^2}\right]$ and $0 < x < 1$, then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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461. differentiate $x \tan y = 80$

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462. If $y = \tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \sqrt{1-x^2}}\right\}$, $-1 < x < 1, x \neq 0$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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463. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$, with respect to x , if

$x \in (0, 1)$.



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464. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$, with respect to x , if

$x \in (1, \infty)$



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465. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$, with respect to x , if

$x \in (-\infty, -1)$



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466. Differentiate $\sin x \tan x$ with respect to x



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467. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$ with respect to x .



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468. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$ with respect to x .



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469. Evaluate $\int (x + e^x) dx$



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470. If $y = \sin^{-1}x + \sin^{-1}\sqrt{1-x^2}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in each of the following cases: (i)

$x \in (0, 1)$ (ii) $x \in (-1, 0)$

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471. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}\left\{2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right\}$, $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

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472. Differentiate $y \tan x = \tan y$ with respect to x

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473. Differentiate $\sin x \sin y = x$ with respect to x

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474. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\{\sqrt{1-x^2}\}$, $x > 0$



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475. Differentiate $\sin 2x = \sin 2y$ with respect to x



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476. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left\{\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}\right\}$ with respect to x



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477. Differentiate $\sin(\log x)$ with respect to x



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478. Differentiate $\sin x \cos y = \log y$ with respect to x

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479. Differentiate $\cos^{-1} \left\{ \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} \right\}$ with respect to x

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480. Differentiate $\sin^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}, \lambda - \frac{3\pi}{4}$

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481. Differentiate $\cos^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}, \lambda - \frac{\pi}{4}$

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482. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{x}{(1+\sqrt{1-x^2})}\right\}$, -1

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483. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{x}{(a+\sqrt{a^2-x^2})}\right\}$, -a

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484. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\sin^{-1}\left\{\frac{x + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right\}, -1 < x < 1$$

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485. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}\{2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\}$, $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

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486. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{4x}{1-4x^2}\right\}$, $-1/2$

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487. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{2^{x+1}}{1-4^x}\right\}$, $-\infty < x < 0$ with respect to x

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488. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2a^x}{1-a^{2x}}\right)$, $a > 1$, $-\infty < x < 0$ with respect to x

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489. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left\{\frac{\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{1-x}}{2}\right\}$, 0

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490. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{1 + a^2 x^2} - 1}{ax} \right\}, x \neq 0$$

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491. Differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right\}$ with respect to x

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492. Differentiate $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}} \right)$ with respect to x

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493. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$

(ii) $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^{2n}}{1+x^{2n}}\right)$



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494. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right) + \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}\right)$, $x \in R$ with respect to

x



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495. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{a+x}{1-ax}\right)$ with respect to x



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496. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a}}{1 - \sqrt{xa}}\right)$ with respect to x

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497. Differentiate the following function with respect to x :

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{a + b \tan x}{b - a \tan x}\right)$$

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498. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{a + bx}{b - ax}\right)$ with respect to x .

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499. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x - a}{x + a}\right)$ with respect to x

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500. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{1+6x^2}\right)$ with respect to x

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501. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{5x}{1-6x^2}\right\}$, $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}$ with respect to x

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502. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\cos x - \sin x}\right\}$ with respect to x

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503. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left\{\frac{x^{1/3} + a^{1/3}}{1 - (ax)^{1/3}}\right\}$ with respect to x

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504. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2^{x+1}}{1+4^x}\right)$ with respect to x

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505. If $y = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right) + \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}\right)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4}{1+x^2}$.

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506. If $y = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x}{1+x^2}$.

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507. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(\sin x)$ with respect to x :

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508. Differentiate $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x}{1+x}\right)$ with respect to x .

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509. If $y = \cot^{-1}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+\sin x} + \sqrt{1-\sin x}}{\sqrt{1+\sin x} - \sqrt{1-\sin x}}\right]$, $\left(0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

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510. If $y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right) + \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}\right)$, $x > 0$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4}{1+x^2}$.

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511. If $y = \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{x+1}{x-1}\right) + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{x+1}\right)$, $x > 0$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.



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512. If $y = \sin \left[2 \tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \right\} \right]$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$



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513. If $y = \cos^{-1}(2x) + 2 \cos^{-1} \sqrt{1-4x^2}$, x is $\left[0, \frac{1}{2} \right]$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.



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514. If the derivative of $\tan^{-1}(a+bx)$ takes the value 1 at $x=0$, prove that

$$1+a^2=b.$$



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515. If $y = \cos^{-1}(2x) + 2 \cos^{-1} \sqrt{1-4x^2}$, x is $\left[-\frac{1}{2}, 0 \right]$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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516. If $y = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x}} \right\}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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517. If $y = \cos^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2x - 3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{13}} \right\}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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518. Differentiate the following with respect to x : $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2^{x+1} \cdot 3^x}{1 + (36)^x} \right)$

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519. If $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.



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520. If $x^2 + 2xy + y^3 = 42$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$



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521. If $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$



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522. If $\log(x^2 + y^2) = 2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$, then show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$



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523. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x = \sqrt{1+y}$



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524. If $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}\right) = \tan^{-1}a$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$.

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525. If $\sin y = x \sin(a + y)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^2(a + y)}{\sin a}$.

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526. If $\sqrt{1 - x^6} + \sqrt{1 - y^6} = a(x^3 - y^3)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - y^6}}{y^2 \sqrt{1 - x^6}}$.

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527. If $x^2 + y^2 = t - \frac{1}{t}$ and $x^4 + y^4 = t^2 + \frac{1}{t^2}$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x^3 y}$.

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528. If $y = b \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} + \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x} \right)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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529. If $y = \cos^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{\cos 3x}{\cos^3 x}}$, then show $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{\cos x \cos 3x}}$

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530. If $xy = c^2$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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531. If $y^3 - 3xy^2 = x^3 + 3x^2y$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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532. If $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = a^{2/3}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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533. If $4x + 3y = \log(4x - 3y)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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534. If $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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535. If $x^5 + y^5 = 5xy$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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536. If $(x + y)^2 = 2axy$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$



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537. If $(x^2 + y^2)^2 = xy$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$



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538. $\tan^{-1}(x^2 + y^2) = a$



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539. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in each of the following: $e^{x-y} = \log\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$



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540. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if, $\sin xy + \cos(x + y) = 1$



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541. If $\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{1-y^2} = a(x-y)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{1-y^2}{1-x^2}}$

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542. If $y\sqrt{1-x^2} + x\sqrt{1-y^2} = 1$ show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sqrt{\frac{1-y^2}{1-x^2}}$

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543. If $xy = 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} + y^2 = 0$.

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544. If $xy^2 = 1$, prove that $2\frac{dy}{dx} + y^3 = 0$

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545. If $x\sqrt{1+y} + y\sqrt{1+x} = 0$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{(x+1)^2}$

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546. If $\log\sqrt{x^2+y^2} = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is

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547. If $\sec\left(\frac{x+y}{x-y}\right) = a$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$.

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548. If $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2-y^2}{x^2+y^2}\right) = a$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x(1-\tan a)}{y(1+\tan a)}$.

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549. If $xy \log(x + y) = 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y(x^2y + x + y)}{x(xy^2 + x + y)}$.

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550. If $y = x \sin(a + y)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^2(a + y)}{\sin(a + y) - y \cos(a + y)}$.

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551. If $x \sin(a + y) + \sin a \cos(a + y) = 0$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^2(a + y)}{\sin a}$.

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552. If $y = x \sin y$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin y}{(1 - x \cos y)}$.

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553. If $y\sqrt{x^2 + 1} = \log(\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x)$, show that $(x^2 + 1)\frac{dy}{dx} + xy + 1 = 0$

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554. $\sin(xy) + \frac{x}{y} = x^2 - y$

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555. If $\tan(x + y) + \tan(x - y) = 1$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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556. If $e^x + e^y = e^{x+y}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{e^x(e^y - 1)}{e^y(e^x - 1)}$ or $\frac{dy}{dx} + e^{y-x} = 0$

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557. If $\cos y = x \cos(a + y)$, with $\cos a \neq \pm 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos^2(a + y)}{\sin a}$.

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558. If $y = \left\{ (\log)_{\cos x} \sin x \right\} \left\{ (\log)_{\sin x} \cos x \right\}^{-1} + \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2} \right)$, find

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \text{ at } x = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

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559. If $\sqrt{y+x} + \sqrt{y-x} = c$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} - \sqrt{\frac{y^2}{x^2} - 1}$.

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560. Differentiate the following function with respect to x : x^x

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561. Differentiate $(\sin x)^{\log x}$ with respect to x :

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562. Differentiate $(\cos x)^x$ with respect to x :

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563. Differentiate $x^{\sqrt{x}}$ with respect to x :

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564. Differentiate $(\log x)^{\sin x}$ with respect to x :

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565. $(\sin x)^{\cos x}$



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566. Differentiate $x^{\cos(x)}$ with respect to x :



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567. Differentiate $(\sin x)^{\cos x}$ with respect to x :



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568. Differentiate x^{x^x} with respect to x :



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569. Differentiate $(x^x)^x$ with respect to x :



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570. If $y = (\sin x)^{\tan x} + (\cos x)^{\sec x}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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571. Differentiate: $(\log x)^x + x^{\log x}$ with respect to x

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572. Differentiate $x^{\cot x} + \frac{2x^2 - 3}{x^2 + x + 2}$ with respect to x .

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573. Differentiate $\cos(x^x)$ with respect to x :

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574. Differentiate $\log(x^x + \operatorname{cosec}^2 x)$ with respect to x :

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575. Differentiate $x^x e^{2(x+3)}$ with respect to x :

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576. If $x^y = e^{x-y}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\log x}{(1 + \log x)^2}$

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577. If $x^y + y^x = 2$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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578. If $x^y = y^x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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579. If $(\cos x)^y = (\sin y)^x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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580. If $y = a^x + e^x + x^x + x^a$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = a$.

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581. If $y = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}(2x-3)^{1/2}}{(x^2+2)^{2/3}}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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582. Find the derivative of $\frac{\sqrt{x}(x+4)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(4x-3)^{\frac{4}{3}}}$ with respect to x :

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583. If $x^m y^n = (x+y)^{m+n}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$.

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584.

If $\frac{ax^2}{(x-a)(x-b)(x-c)} + \frac{bx}{(x-b)(x-c)} + \frac{c}{x-c} + 1$, prove that $\frac{y'}{y} = \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{a}{a-x} + \frac{b}{b-x} + \frac{c}{c-x} \right)$.

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585. Prove that the derivative of an even function is an odd function and that of an odd function is an even function.

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586. If $y = f\left(\frac{2x-1}{x^2+1}\right)$ and $f'(x) = \sin x^2$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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587. Given that $\cos\frac{x}{2} \cdot \cos\frac{x}{4} \cdot \cos\frac{x}{8} \dots = \frac{\sin x}{x}$. Then find the sum $\frac{1}{2^2}\sec^2\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2^4}\sec^2\frac{x}{4} + \dots$

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588. Differentiate $x^{1/x}$ with respect to x :

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589. Different $x^{\sin x}$ with respect to x :

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590. Differentiate $(1 + \cos x)^x$ with respect to x :

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591. Differentiate $x \cos^{-1} x$ with respect to x :

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592. 5929 students are sitting in an auditorium in such a manner that there are as many students in a row as there are rows in the auditorium. How many rows are there in the auditorium.

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593. Differentiate $(\log x)^{\cos x}$ with respect to x :

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594. Differentiate $(\sin x)^{\cos x}$ with respect to x :

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595. Differentiate $e^x \log x$ with respect to x :

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596. Differentiate $(\sin x)^{\log x}$ with respect to x :

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597. Differentiate $10^{\log \sin x}$ with respect to x :

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598. Differentiate $(\log x)^{\log x}$ with respect to x :

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599. Differentiate $10^{(10x)}$ with respect to x :

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600. Differentiate $\sin(x^x)$ with respect to x :

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601. Differentiate $(\sin^{-1}x)^x$ with respect to x :

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602. Differentiate $x^{\sin x}$ with respect to x :



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603. Differentiate $(\tan x)^{1/x}$ with respect to x :



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604. Differentiate $x^{\tan x}$ with respect to x :



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605. Differentiate $(x^x)\sqrt{x}$ with respect to x :



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606. Differentiate $x^{\sin x - \cos x} + \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1}$ with respect to x .



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607. Differentiate $x^{x\cos x} + \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1}$ with respect to x .

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608. Differentiate the following w.r.t. x : $(x\cos x)^x + (x\sin x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$

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609. Differentiate $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x$

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610. Differentiate $e^{\sin x} + (\tan x)^x$ with respect to x .

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611. Differentiate $(\cos x)^x + (\sin x)^{1/x}$ with respect to x :

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612. Differentiate $x^{x^2-3} + (x-3)^{x^2}$ with respect to x :

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613. Find (dy) if, $y = e^x + 10^x + x^x$

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614. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if, $y = x^n + n^x + x^x + n^n$

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615. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, $y = \frac{(x^2 - 1)^3(2x - 1)}{\sqrt{(x - 3)(4x - 1)}}$

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616. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if, $y = \frac{e^{ax} \sec x \log x}{\sqrt{1 - 2x}}$

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617. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, $y = e^{3x} \sin 4x \cdot 2^x$

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618. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if, $y = \sin x \sin 2x \sin 3x \sin 4x$

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619. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if, $y = x^{\sin x} + (\sin x)^x$

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620. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, $y = (\sin x)^{\cos x} + (\cos x)^{\sin x}$

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621. differentiate $(\tan x)^{\cot x} + (\cot x)^{\tan x}$

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622. If $y = (\sin x)^x + \sin^{-1} \sqrt{x}$ then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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623. If $y = x^{\cos x} + (\sin x)^{\tan x}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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624. If $y = x^x + (\sin x)^x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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625. If $y = (\tan x)^{\log x} + \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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626. If $y = x^x + x^{1/x}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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627. If $y = x^{\log x} + (\log x)^x$ then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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628. If $x^{13}y^7 = (x + y)^{20}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$

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629. If $x^{16}y^9 = (x^2 + y)^{17}$, prove that $x\frac{dy}{dx} = 2y$

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630. If $y = \sin(x^x)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos(x^x) \cdot x^x(1 + \log x)$

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631. If $x^x + y^x = 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = - \left\{ \frac{x^x(1 + \log x) + y^x \cdot \log y}{x \cdot y^{(x-1)}} \right\}$

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632. If $x^y \cdot y^x = 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y(y + x \log y)}{x(y \log x + x)}$

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633. If $y^x + x^y = (x + y)^{x+y}$ find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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634. If $x^m y^n = 1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{my}{nx}$

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635. If $y^x = e^{y-x}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(1 + \log y)^2}{\log y}$

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636. If $(\sin x)^y = (\cos y)^x$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\log \cos y - y \cot x}{\log \sin x + x \tan y}$

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637. If $(\cos x)^y = (\tan y)^x$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\log \tan y + y \tan x}{\log \cos x - x \sec y \operatorname{cosec} y}$

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638. If $e^x + e^y = e^{x+y}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} + e^{y-x} = 0$

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639. If $e^y = y^x$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(\log y)^2}{\log y - 1}$

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640. If $e^{x+y} - x = 0$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1-x}{x}$

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641. If $y = x \sin(a+y)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{s \in^2(a+y)}{\sin(a+y) - y \cos(a+y)}$

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642. If $x \sin(a+y) + \sin a \cos(a+y) = 0$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{s \in^2(a+y)}{\sin a}$

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643. If $(\sin x)^y = x + y$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1 - (x+y)y \cot x}{(x+y) \log \sin x - 1}$

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644. If $(x - y) e^{\frac{x}{x-y}} = a$, prove that $y \frac{dy}{dx} + x = 2y$.

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645. If $y = x \sin y$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x(1 - x \cos y)}$

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646. Find the derivative of the function $f(x)$ given by

$f(x) = (1 + x)(1 + x^2)(1 + x^4)(1 + x^8)$ and hence find $f'(1)$

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647. If $y = \log \left(\frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^2 - x + 1} \right) + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{1 - x^2} \right)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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648. If $y = (\sin x - \cos x)^{\sin x - \cos x}$, $\frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{3\pi}{4}$ find dy/dx



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649. If $xy = e^{x-y}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.



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650. If $y^x + x^y + x^x = a^b$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.



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651. If $(\cos x)^y = (\cos y)^x$ find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.



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652. If $\cos y = x \cos(a + y)$, where $\cos a \neq -1$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos^2(a + y)}{\sin a}$

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653. If $(x - y) e^{\frac{x}{x-y}} = a$, prove that $y \frac{dy}{dx} + x = 2y$.

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654. If $x = e^{x/y}$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x - y}{x \log x}$.

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655. If $y = x^{\tan x} + \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + 1}{2}}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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656. If $y = 1 + \frac{\alpha}{\left(\frac{1}{x} - \alpha\right)} + \frac{\beta/x}{\left(\frac{1}{x} - \alpha\right)\left(\frac{1}{x} - \beta\right)} + \frac{\gamma/x^2}{\left(\frac{1}{x} - \alpha\right)\left(\frac{1}{x} - \beta\right)\left(\frac{1}{x} - \gamma\right)}$, find

$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$

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657. If $y = x^x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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658. If $y = \sqrt{\sin x + \sqrt{\sin x + \sqrt{\sin x + \dots}}}$, $\rightarrow \infty$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos x}{2y - 1}$

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659. If $y = a^{x^{a^{x^{\dots \infty}}}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2(\log y)}{x[1 - y(\log x)(\log y)]}$

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660. If $y = e^{x+e^{x+e^{x+\dots}}}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{1-y}$.

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661. If $y = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x}\dots$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2}{x(2-y\log x)}$.

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662. If $y = x + \frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{x + \dots}}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{2y-x}$.

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663. If $y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \frac{\cos x}{1 + \frac{\sin x}{1 + \frac{\cos x}{1 + \dots}}}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(1+y)\cos x + y\sin x}{1 + 2y + \cos x - \sin x}$.

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664. If $y = \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \dots}}}}}$, $\rightarrow \infty$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2y - 1}$

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665. If $y = \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\cos x + \sqrt{\cos x + \sqrt{\cos x + \dots}}}}}$, $\rightarrow \infty$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin x}{1 - 2y}$.

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666. If $y = \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\log x + \sqrt{\log x + \sqrt{\log x + \dots}}}}}$, $\rightarrow \infty$, prove that $(2y - 1)\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$.

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667. If $y = \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\tan x + \sqrt{\tan x + \sqrt{\tan x + \dots}}}}}$, $\rightarrow \infty$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sec^2 x}{2y - 1}$

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668. If $y = \sin x^{\sin x^{\sin x^{\infty}}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2 \cot x}{(1 - y \log \sin x)}$

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669. Prove that : $\cos 6x = 32\cos^6 x - 48\cos^4 x - 18\cos^2 x - 1$

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670. If $y = e^{xe^x} + xe^{e^x} + e^{x+e}$, prove that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{xe^x} \cdot x e^x \left\{ \frac{e^x}{x} + e^x \cdot \log x \right\} + x e^{e^x} \cdot e^{e^x} \left\{ \frac{1}{x} + e^x \log x \right\} + e^{x+e} \cdot x^{x^e} \cdot x^{e-1} \{1 + e \log x\}$$

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671. If $y = \cos x^{\cos x^{\cos x^{\infty}}}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y^2 \tan x}{(1 - y \log \cos x)}$

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672. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$: $x = a \left\{ \cos t + \frac{1}{2} \log \tan^2 \frac{t}{2} \right\}$ and $y = a \sin t$.

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673. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = a(\theta + \sin\theta)$ and $y = a(1 - \cos\theta)$

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674. If $x = a \sec^3 \theta$ and $y = a \tan^3 \theta$, $f \in d \frac{dy}{dx} a h \eta = \frac{\pi}{3}$.

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675. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = a \cos^3 t$ and $y = at$.

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676. If $x = \sqrt{a^{\sin^{-1}t}}$, $y = \sqrt{a^{\cos^{-1}t}}$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y}{x}$

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677. If $x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2t}{1+t^2}\right)$ and $y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2t}{1-t^2}\right)$, $t > 1$. Prove that $dy/dx = -1$

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678. If $u = \sin(m\cos^{-1}x)$, $v = \cos(m\sin^{-1}x)$, prove that $\frac{du}{dv} = \sqrt{\frac{1-u^2}{1-v^2}}$

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679. If $x = \sec\theta - \cos\theta$ and $y = \sec^n\theta - \cos^n\theta$ then show that

$$(x^2 + 4)\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 = n^2(y^2 + 4)$$

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680. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = at^2$ and $y = 2at$

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681. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = a(\theta + \sin\theta)$ and $y = a(1 - \cos\theta)$

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682. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when

$x = a\cos\theta$ and $y = b\sin\theta$

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683. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = ae^\theta(\sin\theta - \cos\theta)$, $y = ae^\theta(\sin\theta + \cos\theta)$

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684. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = b \sin^2\theta$ and $y = a \cos^2\theta$

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685. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = a(\theta + \sin\theta)$ and $y = a(1 - \cos\theta)$

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686. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = \frac{e^t + e^{-t}}{2}$ and $y = \frac{e^t - e^{-t}}{2}$

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687. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = \frac{3at}{1+t^2}$ and $y = \frac{3at^2}{1+t^2}$

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688. If x and y are connected parametrically by the equations given, without eliminating the parameter, Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

$$x = a(\cos\theta + \theta\sin\theta), y = a(\sin\theta - \theta\cos\theta)$$

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689. $x = e^\theta\left(\theta + \frac{1}{\theta}\right), y = e^{-\theta}\left(\theta - \frac{1}{\theta}\right)$

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690. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = \frac{2t}{1+t^2}$ and $y = \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}$

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691. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = \frac{\cos^{-1}1}{\sqrt{1+t^2}}$ and $y = \frac{\sin^{-1}1}{\sqrt{1+t^2}}, t \in \mathbb{R}$

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692. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when $x = \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}$ and $y = \frac{2t}{1+t^2}$

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693. If $x = 2\cos\theta - \cos 2\theta$ and $y = 2\sin\theta - \sin 2\theta$ prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \tan\left(\frac{3\theta}{2}\right)$.

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694. If $x = e^{\cos 2t}$ and $y = e^{\sin 2t}$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y \log x}{x \log y}$.

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695. If $x = \cos t$ and $y = \sin t$, prove: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ at $t = \frac{2\pi}{3}$

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696. $x = t + \frac{1}{t}, y = t - \frac{1}{t}$



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697. If $x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2t}{1+t^2}\right)$ and $y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2t}{1-t^2}\right)$, -1



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698. If x and y are connected parametrically by the equations given, without eliminating the parameter, Find $\frac{dy}{dx} \cdot x = \frac{\sin^3 t}{\sqrt{\cos 2t}}, y = \frac{\cos^3 t}{\sqrt{\cos 2t}}$



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699. If $a > 0, x = \left(t + \frac{1}{t}\right)^a, y = a^{t + \frac{1}{t}}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$



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700. If $x = a \left(\frac{1+t^2}{1-t^2} \right)$ and $y = \frac{2t}{1-t^2}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

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701. If $x = 10(t - \sin t)$, $y = 12(1 - \cos t)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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702. If $x = a(\theta - \sin\theta)$ and $y = a(1 + \cos\theta)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$.

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703. If $x = a \sin 2t(1 + \cos 2t)$ and $y = b \cos 2t(1 - \cos 2t)$, show that at

$$\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{b}{a}$$

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704. If $x = \cos t(3 - 2 \cos^2 t)$ and $y = \sin t(3 - 2 \sin^2 t)$ find the value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$

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705. If $x = \frac{1 + \log t}{t^2}$, $y = \frac{3 + 2 \log t}{t}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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706. If $x = 3 \sin t - \sin 3t$, $y = 3 \cos t - \cos 3t$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$.

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707. If $\sin x = \frac{2t}{1 + t^2}$, $\tan y = \frac{2t}{1 - t^2}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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708. Differentiate $\log \sin x$ with respect to $\sqrt{\cos x}$.

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709. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1+2x}{1-2x}\right)$ with respect to $\sqrt{1+4x^2}$

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710. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}{x}\right)$ with respect to $\tan^{-1}x$, $x \neq 0$.

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711. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$ with respect to $\tan^{-1}x$.

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712. Differentiate x^x with respect to $x \log x$.

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713. Differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2}} \right\}$ with respect to $\cos^{-1} x^2$

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714. Differentiate $x^{\sin^{-1} x}$ with respect to $\sin^{-1} x$.

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715. If $x \in \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 1 \right)$, differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right)$ with respect to $\cos^{-1} \left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2} \right)$.

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716. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x

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717. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to x

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718. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$

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719. If $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$, differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3x - x^3}{1 - 3x^2}\right)$ with respect to $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1 - x^2}\right)$.

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720. Differentiate x^2 with respect to x^3 .

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721. Differentiate $\log(1 + x^2)$ with respect to $\tan^{-1}x$.

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722. Differentiate $(\log x)^x$ with respect to $\log x$.

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723. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\sqrt{1-x^2}$ with respect to x

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724. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = (x-1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

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725. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\sqrt{1-x^2}$ with respect to $\cos^{-1}x$,

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726. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}{x}\right)$ with respect to $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$,

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727. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y - x - x^6 = 0$

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728. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to 'x'

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729. Differentiate $(\cos x)^{\sin x}$ with respect to $(\sin x)^{\cos x}$.

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730. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$.

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731. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1+ax}{1-ax}\right)$ with respect to $\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}$.

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732. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$.

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733. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$.

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734. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{x+1}\right)$ with respect to $\sin^{-1}\left(3x-4x^3\right)$, if $-1/2$

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735. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x}$

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736. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$ with respect to $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$,

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737. Differentiate $\cos^{-1}(4x^3 - 3x)$ with respect to 'x'.

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738. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}(2x\sqrt{1-x^2})$,

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739. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\sqrt{1-x^2}$ with respect to $\cos^{-1}x$, if $x \in [-1, 0]$

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740. Differentiate $\sin^{-1}\left(2ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$ with respect to $\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}$, if $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < ax < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$.

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741. Differentiate $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x}{1+x}\right)$ with respect to $\sqrt{1-x^2}$, if $-1 < x < 1$.

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742. If $f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} x+a^2 & ab & ac \\ ab & x+b^2 & bc \\ ac & bc & x+c^2 \end{vmatrix}$, then $f'(x)$



743. If $f_r(x), g_r(x), h_r(x), r = 1, 2, 3$ are polynomials such that

$$f_r(a) = g_r(a) = h_r(a), r = 1, 2, 3 \text{ and } F(x) = \begin{vmatrix} f_1(x) & f_2(x) & f_3(x) \\ g_1(x) & g_2(x) & g_3(x) \\ h_1(x) & h_2(x) & h_3(x) \end{vmatrix} \text{ then}$$

$F'(x)$ at $x = a$ is _____

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744. If $f(x), g(x)$ and $h(x)$ are three polynomials of degree 2, then prove that

$$\varphi(x) = \left| f(x)g(x)h(x) f'(x)g'(x)h'(x) f''(x)g''(x)h''(x) \right| \text{ is a constant polynomial}$$

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745. If $f, g,$ and h are differentiable functions of x and

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} f & g & h \\ (xf)' & (xg)' & (xh)' \\ (x^2f)'' & (x^2g)'' & (x^2h)'' \end{vmatrix} \quad \text{prove} \quad \text{that}$$

$$\Delta' = \begin{vmatrix} f & g & h \\ f' & g' & h' \\ (x^3 f')' & (x^3 g')' & (x^3 h')' \end{vmatrix}$$

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746. If $y = |f(x)g(x)h(x)lmnabc|$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = |f'(x)g'(x)h'(x)lmnabc|$.

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747. If $f(x) = (\log)_e \left((\log)_e x \right)$, then write the value of $f'(e)$.

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748. If $f(x) = x + 1$, then write the value of $\frac{d}{dx}(f \circ f)(x)$.

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749. If $f'(1) = 2$ and $y = f((\log)_e x)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = e$.

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750. If $f(1) = 4$, $f'(1) = 2$, find the value of the derivative of $\log(f(e^x))$ with respect to x at the point $x = 0$.

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751. If $f'(x) = \sqrt{2x^2 - 1}$ and $y = f(x^2)$, then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 1$.

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752. Let $g(x)$ be the inverse of an invertible function $f(x)$ which is derivable at $x = 3$. If $f(3) = 9$ and $f'(3) = 9$, write the value of $g'(9)$.

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753. If $y = \sin^{-1}(\sin x)$, $-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$. Then, write the value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for $x \in \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$.

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754. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x = \sin 2y$

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755. If $\pi \leq x \leq 2\pi$ and $y = \cos^{-1}(\cos x)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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756. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x = \sin^2 y$

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757. If $f(0) = f(1) = 0$, $f'(1) = f'(0) = 2$ and $y = f(e^x)e^{f(x)}$, write the value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 0$.

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758. If $y = x|x|$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for $x < 0$.

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759. If $y = \sin^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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760. If $x = a(\theta + \sin\theta)$, $y = a(1 + \cos\theta)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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761. If $y = x^x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = e$.

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762. If $y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x}{1+x}\right)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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763. If $y = (\log)_a x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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764. If $y = \log\sqrt{\tan x}$, write $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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765. If $y = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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766. If $y = \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{x+1}{x-1}\right) + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{x+1}\right)$, $x > 0$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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767. If $|x| < 1$ and $y = 1 + x + x^2 + \dots \rightarrow \infty$, then find the value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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768. If $u = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$ and $v = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$, where -1

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769. If $f(x) = \log \left\{ \frac{u(x)}{v(x)} \right\}$, $u(1) = v(1)$ and $u'(1) = v'(1) = 2$, then find the value of $f'(1)$.

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770. If $y = \log(3x)$, $x \neq 0$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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771. If $f(x)$ is an even function, then write whether $f'(x)$ is even or odd.

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772. If $f(x)$ is an odd function, then write whether $f'(x)$ is even or odd.

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773. Write the derivative of $\sin x$ w.r.t. $\cos x$

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774. If $f(x) = (\log)_x^2(\log x)$, then $f'(x)$ at $x = e$ is (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) $1/e$ (d) $1/2e$

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775. The differential coefficient of $f(\log x)$ with respect to x , where $f(x) = \log x$ is (a) $\frac{x}{\log x}$ (b) $\frac{\log x}{x}$ (c) $(x \log x)^{-1}$ (d) none of these

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776. The derivative of the function $\cot^{-1}\left\{(\cos 2x)^{1/2}\right\}$ at $x = \pi/6$ is (a) $(2/3)^{1/2}$ (b) $(1/3)^{1/2}$ (c) $3^{1/2}$ (d) $6^{1/2}$

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777. Differential coefficient of $\sec(\tan^{-1}x)$ is (a) $\frac{x}{1+x^2}$ (b) $x\sqrt{1+x^2}$ (c)

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$ (d) $\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$

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778. If $y = \tan^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \sin x}}$, then the value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$ is.

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779. If $y = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ (a) $\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x \left\{ \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) - \frac{1}{x+1} \right\}$ (b)

$\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)$ (c) $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x \left\{ \log(x+1) - \frac{x}{x+1} \right\}$ (d)

$\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x \left\{ \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{x+1} \right\}$

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780. If $x^y = e^{x-y}$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is (a) $\frac{1+x}{1+\log x}$ (b) $\frac{1-\log x}{1+\log x}$ (c) not defined (d) $\frac{\log x}{(1+\log x)^2}$

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781. Given $f(x) = 4x^8$, then (a) $f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$ (b) $f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = -f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$ (c) $f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = -f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ (d) $f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$

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782. If $x = a \cos^3 \theta$, $y = a \sin^3 \theta$, then $\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} =$ (a) $\tan^2 \theta$ (b) $\sec^2 \theta$ (c) $\sec \theta$ (d) $|\sec \theta|$

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783. If $y = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ (a) $-\frac{2}{1+x^2}$ (b) $\frac{2}{1+x^2}$ (c) $\frac{1}{2-x^2}$ (d)

$$\frac{2}{2-x^2}$$

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784. The derivative of $\sec^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2x^2-1}\right)$ with respect to $\sqrt{1+3x}$ at $x = -\frac{1}{3}$

(a) does not exist (b) 0 (c) 1/2 (d) 1/3

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785. For the curve $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 1$, $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $(1/4, 1/4)$ is

(a) 1/2

(b) 1

(c) -1

(d) 2

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786. If $\sin(x + y) = \log(x + y)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

- (a) 2
- (b) -2
- (c) 1
- (d) -1



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787. Let $U = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$ and $V = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$, then $\frac{dU}{dV} =$

- (a) 1/2
- (b) x
- (c) $\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}$
- (d) 1



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788. $\frac{d}{dx} \left\{ \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} \right) \right\}$ equals

(a) $1/2$

(b) $-1/2$

(c) 1

(d) -1



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789. $\frac{d}{dx} \left[\log \left\{ e^x \left(\frac{x-2}{x+2} \right)^{3/4} \right\} \right]$ equals

(a) $\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 4}$

(b) 1

(c) $\frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 4}$

(d) $e^x \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 4}$



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790. If $y = \sqrt{\sin x + y}$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

(a) $\frac{\sin x}{2y - 1}$

(b) $\frac{\sin x}{1 - 2y}$

(c) $\frac{\cos x}{1 - 2y}$

(d) $\frac{\cos x}{2y - 1}$



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791. If $3\sin(xy) + 4\cos(xy) = 5$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

(a) $\frac{y}{x}$

(b) $\frac{3\sin(xy) + 4\cos(xy)}{3\cos(xy) - 4\sin(xy)}$

(c) $\frac{3\cos(xy) + 4\sin(xy)}{4\cos(xy) - 3\sin(xy)}$

(d) none



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792. If $\sin y = x \sin(a + y)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is

(a) $\frac{\sin a}{\sin a \sin^2(a + y)}$

(b) $\frac{\sin^2(a + y)}{\sin a}$

(c) $\sin a \sin^2(a + y)$

(d) $\frac{\sin^2(a - y)}{\sin a}$

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793. The derivative of $\cos^{-1}(2x^2 - 1)$ with respect to $\cos^{-1}x$ is

(a) 2 (b) $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ (c) $2/x$ (d) $1-x^2$

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794. If $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 6x + 9}$, then $f'(x)$ is equal to (a) 1 for $x < -3$ (b) -1 for $x < -3$ (c) 1 for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$ (d) none of these

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795. If $f(x) = |x^2 - 9x + 20|$, then $f'(x)$ is equal to (a) $-2x + 9$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$
(b) $2x - 9$ if $4 < x < 5$ (c) $-2x + 9$ if $4 < x < 5$ (d) None of these

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796. If $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 10x + 25}$, then the derivative of $f(x)$ in the interval $[0, 7]$ is (a) 1 (b) -1 (c) 0 (d) none of these

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797. If $f(x) = |x - 3|$ and $g(x) = f \circ f(x)$, then for $x > 10$, $g'(x)$ is equal to (a) 1
(b) -1 (c) 0 (d) none of these

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798. If $f(x) = \left(\frac{x^l}{x^m}\right)^{l+m} \left(\frac{x^m}{x^n}\right)^{m+n} \left(\frac{x^n}{x^l}\right)^{n+l}$, then $f'(x)$ is equal to

(a) 1 (b) 0 (c) x^{l+m+n} (d) none of these

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799. If $y = \frac{1}{1 + x^{a-b} + x^{c-b}} + \frac{1}{1 + x^{b-c} + x^{a-c}} + \frac{1}{1 + x^{b-a} + x^{c-a}}$, then

$(dy)/(dx)$ is equal to (a) 1 (b) $(a + b + c)^{x+b+c-1}$ 0 (d) none of these

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800. If $\sqrt{1 - x^6}$ then find dy/dx

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801. If $y = \log\sqrt{\tan x}$, then the value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ is given by (a) ∞ (b) 1 (c)

0 (d) $\frac{1}{2}$

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802. If $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}\right) = \log a$ then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is equal to

(a) $\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$ (b) $\frac{y}{x}$ (c) $\frac{x}{y}$ (d) none of these

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803. If $\sin y = x \cos(a + y)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is equal to

(a) $\frac{\cos^2(a + y)}{\cos a}$ (b) $\frac{\cos a}{\cos^2(a + y)}$ (c) $\frac{\sin^2 y}{\cos a}$ (d) none of these

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804. If $y = \log\left(\frac{1 - x^2}{1 + x^2}\right)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ (a) $\frac{4x^3}{1 - x^4}$ (b) $-\frac{4x}{1 - x^4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{4 - x^4}$ (d)

$-\frac{4x^3}{1 - x^4}$

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805. If $y = \sqrt{\sin x + y}$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ equals (a) $\frac{\cos x}{2y - 1}$ (b) $\frac{\cos x}{1 - 2y}$ (c) $\frac{\sin x}{1 - 2y}$ (d) $\frac{\sin x}{2y - 1}$



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806. If $y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\cos x - \sin x}\right)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is equal to (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) 0 (c) 1 (d)

none of these



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