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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - KCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS

## KARNATAKA CET 2008

Chemistry

1. Methoxy methane and ethanol are
A. Functional isomers
B. Optical isomers
C. Position isomers
D. Chain isomers

## Answer: A

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2. When the azimuthal quantum number has
has the value of 2 , the number of orbitals possible are
A. 3
B. 0
C. 7
D. 5

Answer: D

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3. 

For
the
reaction
$\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+3 \mathrm{CO} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}+3 \mathrm{CO}_{2}$, the volume
of carbon monoxide required to reduce one mole of ferric oxide is
A. $67.2 d m^{3}$
B. $11.2 d m^{3}$
C. $22.4 d m^{3}$
D. $44.8 d m^{3}$

Answer: A

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4. The monomers of Buna -S rubber are
A. styrene and butadiene
B. isoprene and butadiene
C. vinyl chloride and sulphur
D. butadiene

Answer: A

## 5. An element with atomic number 21 is a

A. transition element

B. alkali metal

C. halogen
D. representative element

Answer: A
6. The number of nodel planes present in $\sigma^{\circ} s$ antibonding orbitals is
A. 0
B. 3
C. 1
D. 2

Answer: C

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7. Which of the following electrolytic solutionls
has the least specific conductance?
A. 2 N
B. 0.002 n
C. 0.02 N
D. 0.2 N

Answer: A

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8. The overlapping of orbitals in benzene is of
the type

> A. $s p^{2}-s p^{2}$
> B. $s p^{3}-s p^{3}$
> C. $s p-s p$
> D. $p-p$

Answer: D

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# 9. The calculated bond order in superoxide ion 

is :
A. 1.5
B. 1
C. 2.5
D. 2

Answer: A

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10. Which of the following can be measured by
the Ostwald - Walker dynamic method?
A. Vapour pressure of the solvent
B. Relative lowering of vapour pressure
C. Lowering of vapour pressure
D. All of these

## Answer: B

11. Three moles of $P C l_{5}$, three moles of $P C l_{3}$
and two moles of $C l_{2}$ are taken in a closed vessel. If at equilibrium the vessel has 1.5
moles of $P C l_{5}$, the number of moles of $P C l_{3}$ present in it is
A. 6
B. 4.5
C. 5
D. 3

Answer: B
12. How many optically active stereomers are possible for butane-2,3-diol ?
A. 3
B. 4
C. 1
D. 2

Answer: A

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13. An octahedral complex is formed when
hybrid orbitals of the following type are
involved
A. $d^{2} s p^{3}$
B. $s p^{2} d^{2}$
C. $s p^{3}$
D. $d s p^{2}$

Answer: A

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14.

For
the
reaction
$2 H I_{(g)} \Leftrightarrow H_{2(g)}+I_{2(g)}-Q k J$, the equilibrium constant depends upon
A. catalyst
B. volume
C. temperature
D. pressure
15. The angle strain in cyclobutanne is
A. $19^{\circ} 22$
B. $9^{\circ} 44$
C. $24^{\circ} 44$
D. $29^{\circ} 16$

Answer: B
16. The maximum possible number of hydrogen bonds a water molecule can form is :
A. 3
B. 4
C. 1
D. 2

Answer: B

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17. A gas deviates from ideal behaviour at a high pressure because its molecules :
A. have kinetic energy
B. are bound by covalent bonds
C. attract one another
D. show the Tyndall effect.

Answer: C

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# 18. The reagent used to convert an alkyne to 

alkene is
A. $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{Hg} / \mathrm{HCl}$
B. $P d / H_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{HCl}$
D. $\mathrm{Sn} / \mathrm{HCl}$

Answer: B
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19. When compared to $\Delta G^{\circ}$ for the formation of $A l_{2} O_{3}$, the $\Delta G^{\circ}$ for the formation of $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ is
A. same
B. unpredicted
C. higher
D. lower

## Answer: A

20. In order to increase the volume of a gas by
$10 \%$, the pressure of the gas should be :
A. decreased by $10 \%$
B. increased by $1 \%$
C. increased by $10 \%$
D. increased by $1 \%$

Answer: D
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21. $n$ - propyl bromide on treating with alcoholic KOH produces
A. propyne
B. propanol
C. propane
D. propene

Answer: D

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22. Mercury is a liquid metal because
A. It has a completely filled d- orbital that prevents d-d overlapping of orbitals
B. It has a completely filled d- orbital that
causes d-d overlappping
C. It has a completely filled s-orbital
D. It has a small atomic size

## Answer: A

## 23. $A$ compound is formed by elements $A$ and $B$

. This crystallises in the cubic structure where the A atoms are the corners of the cube and B atoms are at the body centres. The simplest formula of the compound is
A. $A_{8} B_{4}$
B. $A B_{6}$
C. AB
D. $A_{6} B$
24. Anisole can be prepared by the action of methly iodide on sodium phenate . The reaction is called
A. Fitting reaction
B. Etard reaction
C. Wurtz reaction
D. Williamson reaction

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25. Malleability and ductility of metals can be accounted due to
A. the capacity of layers of metal ions to
slide over the other
B. the interaction of electrons with metal
ions in the other
C. the presence of electrostatic force
D. the crystalline structure in metal

Answer: A

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26. The correct order in which the first ionization potential increases is
A. $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{Be}, \mathrm{Na}$
B. $\mathrm{Be}, \mathrm{NaK}$
C. $\mathrm{Na}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{Be}$
D. K, $\mathrm{Na}, \mathrm{Be}$

## Answer: D

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27. $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of 0.1 N monobasic acid requires
$15 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of sodium hydroxide solution whose normality is
A. 0.066 N
B. 0.66 N
C. 1.5 N
D. 0.15 N

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28. The IUPAC name for tertiary butyl iodide is
A. 1- lodo-3-methylpropane
B. 2-Iodo-2-methylpropane
C. 4- Iodobutane
D. 2- Iodobutane
29. When sulphur dioxide is passed in an acidified $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ solution, the oxidation state of sulphur is changed from
A. +4 to +6
B. +6 to +4
C. +4 to +0
D. +4 to +2

## 30. Mass of 0.1 mole of methane is

A. 1.6 g
B. 0.1 g
C. 1 g
D. 16 g

Answer: A
31. Catalytic dehydrogenation of a primary alcohol gives a
A. ketone
B. ester
C. secondary alcohol
D. aldehyde

Answer: D

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32. Excess of $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}$ reacts with conc, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ giving
A. sulphuryl chloride
B. sulphurous acid
C. chlorosulphonic acid
D. thionyl chloride

Answer: A

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33. If one mole of ammonia and one mole of hydrogen chloride are mixed in a closed container to form ammonium chloride gas, then
A. $\Delta H<\Delta U$
B. there is no relationship
C. $\Delta H>\Delta U$
D. $\Delta H=\Delta U$

Answer: A
34. The compound on dehydrogenation gives
a ketone. The original compound is
A. tertiary alcohol
B. caboxylic acid
C. primary alcohol
D. secondary alcohol

## Answer: D

## 35. Which is the most easily liquefiable rare

 gas ?A. Ar
B. Ne
C. Xe
D. Kr

## Answer: C

A. protons
B. sigma electrons
C. pi electrons

D. none of these

## Answer: C

37. Which of the following has the maximum number of unpaired d electrons ?
A. $N i^{3+}$
B. $C u^{+}$
C. $Z n^{2+}$
D. $F e^{2+}$

Answer: D

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38. One mole of which of the following has the highest entropy?
A. mercury
B. diamond
C. liquid nitrogen
D. hydrogen gas

Answer: D

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39. Which of the following species does not exert a resonance effect ?
A. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
B. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
D. $C_{6} H_{5} N^{+} H_{3}$

Answer: D
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40. A complex compound in which the oxidation number of a metal is zero
A. $\left[\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{CO})_{4}\right]$
B. $\left[\mathrm{Pt}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\right] \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
C. $K_{4}\left[F e(C N)_{6}\right]$
D. $K_{3}\left[F e(C N)_{6}\right]$

Answer: A

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41. Consider the Born - Haber cycle for the formation of a ionic compound given below and identify the compound $(Z)$ formed.

A. IX
B. $M^{+} X_{(g)}^{-}$
C. $M^{+} X^{-}$
D. $M^{-} X_{(s)}^{-}$

## Answer:

42. In the brown ring test, the brown colour of the ring is due to
A. a mixture of NO and $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
B. nitrosoferrous sulphate
C. ferrous nitrate
D. ferric nitrate

Answer: B
43. Amines behave as
A. aprotic acid
B. neutral compound
C. Lewis acids
D. Lewis base

Answer: D
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# 44. Dalda is prepared from oils by 

A. hydrolysis

B. distillation

C. oxidation

D. reduction

## Answer: D

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# 45. The chemical name of anisole is 

A. Propanone

B. Acetone
C. Ethanoic acid

D. Methoxy benzene

## Answer: D

46. An ioinic compound is expected to have tetrahedral structure if $r_{+} / r_{-}$lies in the range of
A. 0.155 to 0.225
B. 0.732 to 1
C. 0.414 to 0.732
D. 0.225 to 0.414

Answer: D

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47. Among the following, which is least acidic

## ?

A. p-nitrophenol
B. p-chlorophenol
C. phenol
D. o- cresol.

Answer: D

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# 48. A ligand can also be regarded as 

A. Lewis base
B. Bronsted acid
C. Lewis acid
D. Bronsted base

Answer: A

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49. The colour of sky is due to
A. absorption of light by atmospheric

## gases

B. transmission of light
C. wavelength of scattered light

D. All of these

## Answer: C

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50. Which of the following organic compounds answers both lodoform test and Fehlings test
A. ethanal
B. propanone
C. ethanol
D. methanal

Answer: A

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51. The number of disulphide linkages present in insulin are
A. 3
B. 4
C. 1
D. 2

Answer: D

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52. 80 g of oxygen contains as many atoms as in
A. 10 g of hydrogen
B. 5 g of hydrogen
C. 80 g of hydrogen
D. 1 g of hydrogen

Answer: B

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53. Which metal has a greater tendency to
form metal oxide ?
A. Al
B. Ca
C. Cr
D. Fe

Answer: A

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54. Identify the reaction that does not take place in a blast furnace.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } 2 \mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+3 \mathrm{C} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{Fe}+3 \mathrm{CO}_{2} \\
& \text { B. } \mathrm{CO}_{2}+\mathrm{C} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{CO} \\
& \text { C. } \mathrm{CaCO}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{CaO}+\mathrm{CO}_{2} \\
& \text { D. } \mathrm{CaO}+\mathrm{SiO}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{CaSiO}_{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: C

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55. Waxes are esters of
A. glycerol and fatty acid
B. long chain alcohols and long chain fatty
acids
C. glycerol
D. long chain alcohols

Answer: B

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56. Helium is used in balloons in place of hydrogen because it is
A. radioactive
B. more abundant than hydrogen
C. incombustibe
D. lighter than hydrogen

Answer: C
(D) Watch Video Solution
57. The basic principle of Cottrell 's precipitator is
A. neutralisation of charge on colloidal particles
B. scattering of light
C. Le chatelier 's principle
D. peptisation

Answer: A

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58. When carbon monoxide is passed over solid caustic soda heated to $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, it forms
A. $H C O O N a$
B. $2 \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COONa}$
C. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
D. NaHCO 3

Answer: A

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59. $\mathrm{N}_{2}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \Leftrightarrow 2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}+$ heat. What is the effect of the increase of temperature on the equilibrium of the reaction?
A. equilibrium is unaltered
B. reaction rate does not change
C. equilibrium is shifted to the left.
D. equilibrium is shifted to the right

Answer: C

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60. Hydrogen gas is not liberated when the following metal added to dill HCl
A. Mg
B. Sn
C. Ag
D. Zn

Answer: C

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