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PHYSICS

BOOKS - KCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS

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1. When an additional charge 2C is given to a capacitor, energy stored in it is increased by 21%. The original charge of the capacitor is

A. 30 C

B. 40 C

C. 10 C

D. 20 C

Answer: D

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2. When a potential difference of 10^3V is applied between A and B, a charge of 0.75 mC is stored in the system of capacitors as shown.





- B. 2
- C. 2.5
- D. 3

Answer: B

3. See the diagram. Area of each plate is $2.0m^2$ and $d = 2 \times 10^{-3}m$. A charge of $8.85 \times 10^{-8}C$ is given to Q. Then the

potential of Q becomes



A. 13 V

B. 10 V

C. 6.67 V

D. 8.825 V

Answer: C

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4. Three conductors draw currents of 1 A, 2 A and 3 A respectively, when connected in turn across a battery. If they are connected in series and the combination is connected across the same battery, the current drawn will be

A.
$$rac{2}{7}A$$

B.
$$\frac{3}{7}A$$

C. $\frac{4}{7}A$
D. $\frac{5}{7}A$

Answer:

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5. In the current, $R_1 = R_2$. The value of E and

 R_1 are $(E-EMF,R_1$ - resistance)



A. 180 V, 60Ω

B. 120 V, 60Ω

C. 180 V, 10Ω

D. Data insufficient

Answer:

6. Masses of three wires of copper are in the ratio 1 : 3 : 5 and their lengths are in the ratio 5 : 3 : 1 The ratio of their electrical resistance are

A. 1:3:5

B. 5: 3: 1

C. 1: 15: 125

D. 125:15:1

Answer: D

7. For a transformer, the turns ratio is 3 and its efficiency is 0.75. The current flowing in the primary coil is 2 A and the voltage applied to it is 100 V. Then the voltage and the current flowing in the secondary coil are respectively.

A. 150 V, 1.5 A

B. 300 V, 0.5 A

C. 300 V, 1.5 A

D. 150 V, 0.5 A

Answer: B



8. A proton and helium nucleus are shot into a magnetic field at right angles to the field with same kinetic energy. Then the ratio of their radii is

A. 1:1

B. 1:2

C.2:1

D. 1:4

Answer: A

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9. Two identical circular coils A and B are kept on a horizontal tube side by side without touching each other. If the current in the coil A increases with time, in response, the coil B

A. is attracted by A

B. remains stationary

C. is repelled

D. rotates

Answer: C

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10. In the diagram, I_1 , I_2 are the strength of the currents in the loop and straight conductors respectively. OA = AB = R. The net magnetic field at the centre O is zero. Then the ratio of the currents in the loop and the

straight conductors is



A. π

 $\mathsf{B.}\,2\pi$

C.
$$\frac{1}{\pi}$$

D. $\frac{1}{2\pi}$

Answer: D

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11. Two tangent galvanometers, which are identical except in their number of turns are connected in parallel. The ratio of their resistances of the coils is 1:3. If the

deflections in the two tangent galvanometers are 30° and 60° respectively, then the ratio of their number of turns is

A. 1:1

B. 3:1

C. 1: 2

D. 1:9

Answer:

12. A charged particle with a velocity $2 \times 10^3 m s^{-1}$ passes undeflected through electric field and magnetic fields in the mutually perpendicular directions. The magnetic field is 1.5 T. The magnitude of electric field will be

A. $1.5 imes 10^3 NC^{\,-1}$

B. $2 imes 10^3 NC^{\,-1}$

C. $3 imes 10^3 NC^{\,-1}$

D. $1.33 imes 10^3 NC^{\,-1}$

Answer: C



13. In R-L-C series circuit, the potential differences across each element is 20 V. Now the value of the resistance alone is doubled, then P.D across R, L and C respectively

A. 20 V, 10 V, 10 V

B. 20 V, 20 V, 20 V

C. 20 V, 40 V, 40 V

D. 10 V, 20 V, 20 V

Answer: A

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14. A rectangular coil of 100 turns and size $0.1m \times 0.05m$ is placed perpendicular to a magnetic field of 0.1 T. If the field drops to 0.05 T in 0.05 second, the magnitude o the e.m.f. induced in the coil is

B. $\sqrt{3}$

$C.\sqrt{0.6}$

D. None of the above

Answer:

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15. In the circuit diagram, heat produces in R, 2

R and 1.5 R are in the ratio of



A. 4:2:3

B.8:4:27

C. 2:4:3

D.27:8:4

Answer: B

16. A series combination of resistor (R), capacitor (C) is connected to an .C. source of angular frequency ω . Keeping the voltage same, if the frequency is charged to $\frac{\omega}{3}$, the current becomes half of the original current. Then the ratio of the capacitive reactance and resistance at the former frequency is

A.
$$\sqrt{0.6}$$

B. $\sqrt{3}$

C. $\sqrt{2}$

D. $\sqrt{6}$

Answer: A

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17. Pick out the correct statement from the following :

A. Mercury vapour lamp produces line

emission spectrum.

B. Oil flame produces line emissionspectrum.C. Brand spectrum helps us to studymolecular structure.

D. Sunlight spectrum is an example for line

absorption spectrum.

Answer: A::C::D

18. Light emitted during the de excitation of electron from n = 3 to n = 2, when incident on a metal, photoelectrons are just emitted from that metal. In which of the following deexcitations photoelectric effect is not possible ?

A. From n =2 to n=1

B. From n=3 to n=1

C. From n=5 to n=2

D. From n=4 to n=3

Answer: D



19. The energy that should be added to an electron to reduce its de Broglie wavelength from one nm to 0.5 nm is

A. 2 times the initial kinetic energy

B. 3 times the initial kinetic energy

C. 0.5 times the initial kinetic energy

D. 4 times the initial kinetic energy

Answer: B



20. The ionisation energy of an electron in the ground state of helium atom is 24.6eV. The energy required to remove both the electron is

A. 51.8eV

B. 79 eV

C. 38.2 eV

D. 49.2eV

Answer: B



The figure shows the energy level of certain atom. When the electron deexcites from 3E to

E, an electromagnetic wave of wavelength λ is emitted. What is the wavelength of the electromagnetic wave emitted when the electron de excites from $\frac{5E}{3}$ to E?

A. 3λ

 $\mathrm{B.}\,2\lambda$

C. 5λ

D.
$$rac{3\lambda}{5}$$

Answer: A



22. Maximum velocity of the photoelectron emitted by a metal is $1.8 \times 10^6 m s^{-1}$. Take the value of specific charge of the electron is $1.8 \times 10^{11} Ckg^{-1}$. Then the stopping potential in volt is



B. 3

C. 9

D. 6

Answer: C



23. λ_1 and λ_2 are used to illuminated the slits. β_1 and β_2 are the corresponding fringe widths. The wavelength λ_1 can produce photoelectric effect when incident on a metal. But the wavelength λ_2 cannot produce photoelectric effect. The correct relation between β_1 and β_2 is A. $eta_1 < eta_2$ B. $eta_1 = eta_2$ C. $eta_1 > eta_2$

D. $\beta_1 \geq \beta_2$

Answer: A



24. Pick out the correct statement/s from the

following :

(1) Electron emission during eta - decay is always

accompanied by neutrino.

(2) Nuclear force is charge independent.

(3) Fusion is the chief source of stellar energy.

A. (1), (2) are correct

B. (1), (3) are correct

C. Only (1) is correct

D. (2), (3) are correct

Answer: D

25. A nucleus ${}_ZX^A$ emits an α - particle with the velocity v. The recoil speed of the daughter nucleus is

A.
$$rac{A-4}{4v}$$

B. $rac{4v}{A-4}$

D.
$$\frac{v}{4}$$

Answer: B



26. A radioactive substance emits 100 beta particles in the first 2 seconds and 50 beta particles in the next 2 seconds. The mean life of the sample is

A. 4 seconds

B. 2 seconds

C. $\frac{2}{0.693}$ seconds

D. 2 imes 0.693 seconds

Answer: C

27. In which of the following statements, the obtained impure semiconductor is of p-type?

A. Germanium is doped with bismuth

B. Silicon is doped with antimony

C. Germanium is doped with gallium

D. Silicon is doped with phosphorus

Answer: C


28. The width of the depletion region in a P-N junction diode is

A. increased by reverse bias

B. increased by forward bias

C. decreased by reverse bias

D. independent of the bias voltage

Answer: A

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29. When the transistor is used as an amplifier

A. Emitter - base junction must be reverse

biased, Collector - base junction must be

forward biased.

B. Emitter - base junction must be forward

biased, Collector - base junction must be

forward biased.

C. Emitter - base junction must be reverse

biased, Collector - base junction must be

reverse biased.

D. Emitter - base junction must be forward

biased, Collector - base junction must be

reverse biased.

Answer: D

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30. Which of the following is not made by

quarks?

A. Neutron

B. Positron

C. Proton

D. πe -meson

Answer: B

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31. Which one of the following is NOT correct?

A. In forward biased condition diode

conducts.

B. If the packing fraction is negative, the

element is stable.

C. Binding energy is the energy equivalent

to mass defect.

D. Radioactive element can undergo

spontaneous fission.

Answer: D

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32. The output of an OR gate is connected to both the inputs of a NAND gate. The combination will serve as

A. AND gate

B. NOT gate

C. NAND gate

D. NOR gate

Answer: D

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33. A and B are two radioactive elements. The mixture of these elements show a total activity of 1200 disintegrations/minute. The half life of A is 1 day and that B is 2days. What will be the total activity after 4days? Given: The initial number of atoms in A and B are equal

A. 200 dis/min

B. 250 dis/min

C. 500 dis/min

D. 150 dis/min

Answer: D

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34. The binding energy/nucleon of deuteron $(_1H^2)$ and the helium atom $(_2He^4)$ are 1.1 MeV and 7MeV respectively. If the two deuteron atoms fuse to form a single helium atom, then the energy released is

A. 26.9MeV

B. 25.8MeV

C. 23.6MeV

D. 12.9 MeV

Answer: C

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35. Which one of the following is NOT correct?

A. Dimensional formula of thermal

conductivity (K) is $M^1 L^1 T^{-3} K^{-1}$

B. Dimensional formula of potential (V) is

 $M^1 L^2 T^3 A^{-1}$

C. Dimensional formula of permeability of

free space (μ_0) is $M^1L^1T^{-2}A^{-2}$

D. Dimensional formula of RC is $M^0 L^0 T^{-1}$

Answer: B::D

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36. In a lift moving up with an acceleration of $5ms^{-2}$, a ball is dropped from a height of 1.25 m. The time taken by the ball to reach the floor of the lift is(nearly) ($g = 10ms^{-2}$)

A. 0.3 second

B. 0.2 second

C. 0.16 second

D. 0.4 second

Answer: D





37. A gun fires a small bullet with kinetic energy K. Then kinetic energy of the gun while recoiling is

A. K

B. more than K

C. less than K

D. \sqrt{K}

Answer: C



38. From a fixed support, two small identical spheres are suspended by means of strings of length 1 m each. They are pulled aside as shown and then released. B is the mean position. Then the two spheres collide,



A. at B after 0.25 second

B. at B after 0.5 second

C. on the right side of B after some time

D. on the right side of B when the strings

are inclined at 15° with B

Answer: B::C

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39. A truck accelerates from speed v to 2 v. Work done in during this is

A. three times as the work done in

accelerating it from rest to v.

B. same as the work done in acceleating it

from rest v.

C. four times as the work done in

accelerating it from rest to v.

D. less than the work done in accelerating

it from rest to v.

Answer: A



40. Earth is moving around the Sun in elliptical

orbit as shown. The ratio of OB and OA is R.

Then ratio of Earth velocity at A and B is



A.
$$R^{\,-\,1}$$

B. \sqrt{R}

 $\mathsf{C}.\,R$

D.
$$R^{2/3}$$

Answer:



41. A projectile is projected at $10ms^{-1}$ by making at an angle 60° to the horizontal. After some time its velocity makes an angle of 30° to the horizontal. Its speed at this instant is

A.
$$\frac{10}{\sqrt{3}}$$

B. $10\sqrt{3}$
C. $\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$
D. $5\sqrt{3}$

Answer: A



42. For which combination of working temperatures of the source and sink, the efficiency of Carnot's heat engine is maximum?

A. 600 K, 400 K

B. 400 K, 200 K

C. 500 K, 300 K

D. 300 K, 100 K

Answer: D



43. A solid cylinder of radius R made of a material of thermal conductivity K_1 is surrounded by a cylindrical shell of inner radius R and outer radius 2R made of material of thermal conductivity K_2 . The two ends of the combined system are maintained at two different temperatures. Then there is no loss of heat across the cylindrical surface

and the system is in steady state. The effective

thermal conductivity of the system is

A.
$$K_1 + K_2$$

B. $rac{K_1K_2}{K_1 + K_2}$
C. $rac{3K_1 + K_2}{4}$
D. $rac{K_1 + 3K_2}{4}$

Answer: D



44. Two stars A and B radiate maximum energy at the wavelength of 360nm and 480 nm respectively. Then the ratio of the surface temperatures of A and B is

A. 3:4

B. 81:256

C.4:3

D. 256:81

Answer: C



45. Two solids P and Q float in water. It is observed that P floats with half of its volume immersed and Q floats with $\frac{2^{rd}}{3}$ of its volume is immersed. The ratio of densities of P and Q is

A.
$$\frac{4}{3}$$

B. $\frac{3}{4}$
C. $\frac{2}{3}$
D. $\frac{3}{2}$

Answer: B



46. The equations of a transverse wave is given by $y = 0.05 \sin \pi (2t - 0.02x)$, where x,y are in metre and t is in second. The minimum distance of separation between two particles which are in phase and the wave velocity are respectively......

A. $50m, 50ms^{-1}$

B. $100m, 100ms^{-1}$

C. $50m, 100ms^{-1}$

D. $100m, 50ms^{-1}$

Answer: B

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47. The frequency of the second overtone of the open pipe is equal to the frequency of first overtone of the closed pipe. The ratio of the

lengths of the open pipe and the closed pipe

is

A. 2:1

B. 1:2

C. 1: 3

D. 3:1

Answer: A



48. A person with vibrating tuning fork of frequency 338Hz is moving towards a vertical wall with a speed of $2ms^{-1}$. Velocity of sound in air is $340ms^{-1}$. The number of beats heard by that person per second is

A. 2 B. 4

C. 6

D. 8

Answer: B



49. Pick out the Wrong statement from the following:

A. Lateral shift increases as the angle of

incidence increases.

B. Lateral shift increases as the value of

refractive index increases

C. Normal shift decreases as the value of

refractive index increases

D. Both normal shift and lateral shift are

directly proportional to the thickness of

the medium

Answer: C

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50. The refraction through the prisms are as shown. Pick out the Wrong statement from the following. Path of the light ray in



A. (i) is correct if $n_2 > n_1$ and $n_2 > n_3$ B. (ii) is correct if $n_1 = n_2$ and $n_2 > n_3$ C. (iii) is correct if $n_2 < n_1$ and $n_2 = n_3$ D. (iv) is correct if $n_1 > n_2$ and $n_2 < n_3$

Answer: C::D

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51. The distance between an object and its real image produced by a converging lens is 0.72m. The magnification is 2. What will be the magnification when the object is moved by 0.04m towards the lens?

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 3

D. 6

Answer: B



52. The speed of light in media M_1 and M_2 are 1.5×10^8 and $2 \times 10^8 m s^{-1}$ respectively. A ray travels from medium M_1 to the medium M_2 with an angle of incidence θ . The ray suffers total internal reflection. Then the value of the angle of incidence θ is

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{A.} \ > \sin^{-1} \biggl(\frac{3}{4} \biggr) \\ \\ \mathsf{B.} \ < \sin^{-1} \biggl(\frac{3}{4} \biggr) \\ \\ \mathsf{C.} \ = \sin^{-1} \biggl(\frac{4}{3} \biggr) \end{array}$$

$$\mathsf{D.}\ \leq \sin^{-1}\!\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

Answer: A

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53. Which of the following phenomena support the wave theory of ligth?

1. Scattering 2 Interference 3 Diffraction

4. Velocity of light in a denser medium is less than the velocity of light in the rarer medium B. 1,2,4

C. 2,3,4

D. 1,3,4

Answer: C

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54. White light reflected from a soap film (Refractive index = 1.5) has a maxima at 600 mm and a minima at 450 nm at with no

minimum in between. Then, the thickness of

the film is

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

Answer: C



55. A cylindrical tube of light 0.2m and radius R with sugar solution of concentration 'C' produce a rotation of θ in the plane of vibration of a plane polarized light. The same sugar solution is transferred to another tube of length 0.3m of same radius. The remaining gap is filled by distilled water. Now the optical rotation produced is

B.
$$2\frac{\theta}{3}$$

C. $3\frac{\theta}{2}$

Δθ
D. $9\frac{\theta}{4}$

Answer: A

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56. Radii of curvature of a converging lens are in the ratio 1:2. Its focal length is 6cm and refractive index is 1.5. Then its radii of curvture are ____ respectively.

A. 9 cm and 18 cm

B. 6cma nd 12 cm

C. 3 cm and 6cm

D. 4.5 cm and 9 cm

Answer: D

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57. A small oil drop of mass $10^{-6}kg$ is hanging in at rest between two plates separated by1 mm having a potential difference of 500V. The charge on the drop is ____ $(g = 10ms^{-2})$

A.
$$2 imes 10^{-9}C$$

B. $2 imes 10^{-11}C$
C. $2 imes 10^{-6}C$
D. $2 imes 10^{-8}C$

Answer: B



58. A uniform electric field in the plane of the paper as shown. Here A, B, C,D are the points on the circle. V_1, V_2, V_3, V_4 are the potentials

at those points respectively. Then



A.
$$V_A=V_C, V_B=V_D$$

$$\mathsf{B}.\,V_A=V_C,\,V_B>V_D$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,V_A > V_C,\,V_B > V_D$$

D. None of the above

Answer:

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59. Two metal spheres of radii 0.01 m and 0.02 m are given a charge of 15mC and 45mC respectively. They are then connected by a wire. The final charge on the first sphere is $\times 10^{-3}C$

A. 40

B. 30

C. 20

D. 10

Answer: C



60. Two concentric spheres of raddi R and r have positive charges q_1 and q_2 with equal surface charge densities. What is the electric potential at their common centre?

A.
$$rac{\sigma}{\in_0}(R+r)$$

B. $rac{\sigma}{\in_0}(R-r)$
C. $rac{\sigma}{\in_0}igg(rac{1}{R}+rac{1}{r}igg)$

$$\mathsf{D}.\,\frac{\sigma}{\in_0}\left(\frac{R}{r}\right)$$

Answer: A

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