

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - CAMBRIDGE BIOLOGY (KANNADA ENGLISH)

TISSUES

Question Hour

1. Define a tissue?



2. What is the utility of tissues in multicellular organism?



3. Name types of simple tissues



4. Parenchyma tissue is of further two types:



5. Where is apical menstem found?



6. Which tissue makes up the husk of a coconut?



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7. What are the constituents of phloem?



8. Name the tissue responsible for movement in our body



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9. What does neuron lok like?



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10. Give three features of cardiac muscles



11. What are the functions of Aerolar tissue?



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Exercise

1. Define tie term "tissue"



2. How many types of elements together make up the xylem tissue? Name them



3. How are simple tissues different from complex tissues in plants ?



4. Differentiate between parenchyma collenchyma and sclerenchyma on the basis of

their cell wall

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5. What are the function of the stomata?



6. Diagrammatically show the difference between the three types of muscle fibres



7. What is the specific function of the cardiac muscle?



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8. Differentiate between striated, unstriated and cardiac muscles on the basis of their structure and site/location in the body.



9. Draw a neat labelled diagram of neuron.

- 10. Name the following.
- (a) Tissue that forms the inner lining of our mouth.
- (b) Tissue that connects muscle to bone in humans.
- (c) Tissue that transports food in plants.
- (d) Tissue that stores fat in our body.
- (e) Connective tissue with a fluid matrix.
- (f) Tissue present in the brain.



11. Identity the type of tissue in the following: skin, bark of tree, bone, lining of kidney tubule, vascular bundle.



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12. Name the regions in which parenchyma tissue is present.



13. What is the role of epidermis in plants?

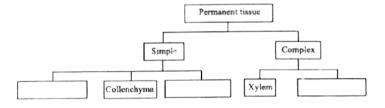


14. How does the cork act as a protective tissue?



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15. Complete the table



Additional Questions Choose The Correct Answer

1. Ciliated epithelium is found in _____.

A. Tongue

B. Oesphangus

C. trachea

D. Uterus

Answer: C

2. The end of a long bone is connected to another bone by

A. Ligament

B. tendon

C. cartilage

D. muscle

Answer: A



3. _____ Tissues prevent loss of water in plants

A. Protective

B. xylem

C. Phloem

D. All of above

Answer: A



4. A cell	body	contains	a	nucleus	and	cytoplasm
is						

- A. Blood
- B. Cartilage
- C. Tendon
- D. Neuron

Answer: D



5. Striated muscle is also called						

A. Cardiac muscle

B. Smooth muscle

C. Skeletal muscle

D. involuntary muscle

Answer: C



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6. Coboidal: Epithillial: Cardiac:

- A. Nervous
- **B.** Connective
- C. Epithelial
- D. Muscular

Answer: C



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7. A group of cells alike in from function and origin are called

A. Tissue				
B. Organ				
C. Organelle				
D. None of these				
Answer: A				
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8. The tissue which forms gland is				
A. Epithelial				

- B. Connective
- C. Nervous
- D. Muscle

Answer: A



- **9.** Ligaments and tendons are Formed by
 - A. Epithelial
 - B. Muscular

- C. Cartilage
- D. Connective

Answer: D



- **10.** Fluid part of blood after removal of corpuscles is _____.
 - A. Plasma
 - B. lymph

C. Serum

D. Vaccine

Answer: A



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Additional Questions Fill In The Blanks

1. Sprain is caused by excessive pulling of



2. Muscles contain special protein called
that help in muscle movement.
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3. Bone is an example of
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4. Intercalary meristems are found
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5. In plants which have the capability of cell division _____.



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Additional Questions Match The Following

1.

Α

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- 1) Parenchyma a) Thin walled packing cells 2) Photosynthesis b) Carbon fixation
- 3) Aerenchyma c) Localized thickenings
- 4) Collenchyma d) Buoyancy
- 5) Permanent tissue e) Sclerenchyma



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Additional Questions Answer The Following

1. How are simple tissues different from complex tissue in plants?



2. Who coined term 'tissue' ? What is histology?



3. What is lignin?



4. Which tissue makes up the husk of a coconut?



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5. What are the components of phloem?



6. What is the difference between simple plant tissue and simple animal tissue.



7. What is the role of epidermis?



8. Give three features of cardiac muscles



9. What are the functions of Aerolar tissue?



10. Write tpacking cellse classification of animal tissues and their functions.



Unit Test Fill In The Blanks

1. Striated muscle is also called _____.



2. Bone is an example of _____.



Unit Test Answer The Following

1. What is the role of epidermis in plants.



2. Draw a labelled diagram of a neuron



3. Write the classification of animal tissues and their functions.

4. How are simple tissues different from complex tissues in plants.

