

# **CHEMISTRY**

# BOOKS - CBSE COMPLEMENTARY MATERIAL CHEMISTRY (HINGLISH)

# SOLVED SAMPLE PAPER (CBSE DELHI - 2017)

Cbse Delhi 2017

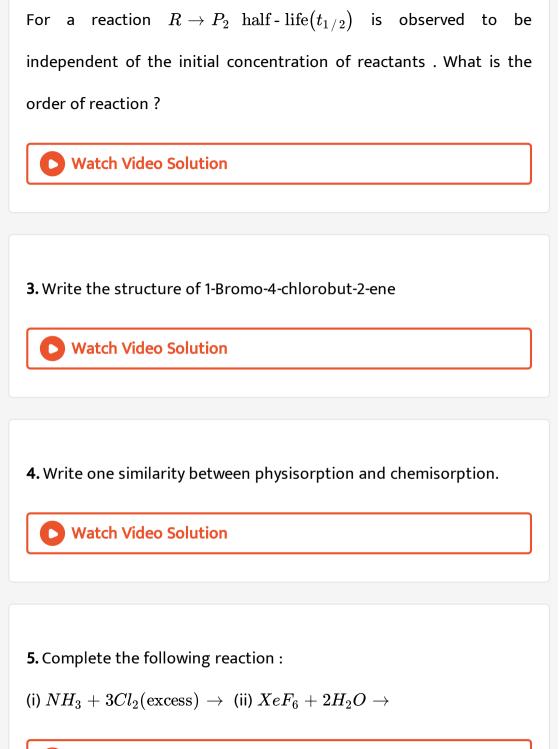
1. Write the formula of an oxo-anion of Manganese (Mn) in which it

shows the oxidation state equal to its group number



2. Write IUPAC name of the following compound :

 $(CH_3CH_2)_2NCH_3$ 



6. Complete the following reactions :

 $XeF_6+2H_2O
ightarrow$  ?



7. What happens when

 $(NH_4)_2 Cr_2 O_7$  is heated ?

Write the equations.

Watch Video Solution

**8.** What happens when  $H_3PO_3$  is heated ?

9. Define the following terms :

**Colligative properties** 

| 0 | Watch | Video | Solution |
|---|-------|-------|----------|
|   |       |       |          |

10. Define the following terms :

Molality (m)

Watch Video Solution

**11.** Draw the structures of the following :

 $H_2S_2O_7$ 

12. Draw the structures of the following :

 $XeF_6$ 

## Watch Video Solution

13. Calculate the degree of dissociation  $(\alpha)$  of acetic acid if its molar conductivity (  $\wedge_m$  ) is 39.05  $Scm^2mol^{-1}$ 

Given

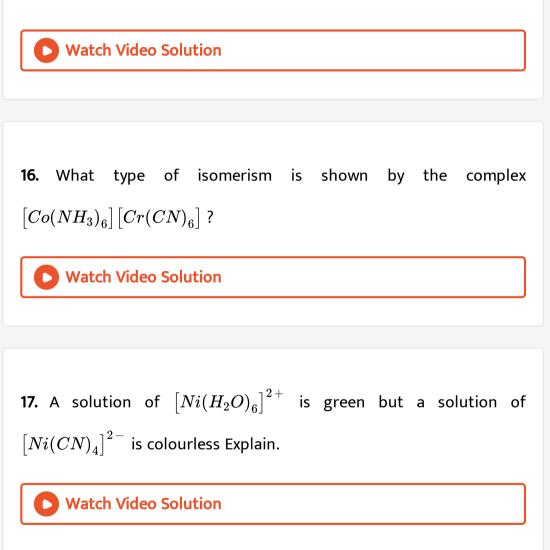
$$\lambda^{\,\circ}\left(H^{\,+}
ight) = 349.6 cm^{2}mol^{\,-1} \, ext{ and } \,\lambda^{2}ig(CH_{3}COO^{\,-}ig) = 40.9 Scm^{2}mol^{\,-1}$$

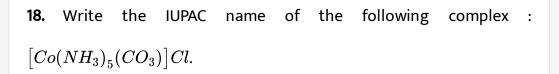
> Watch Video Solution

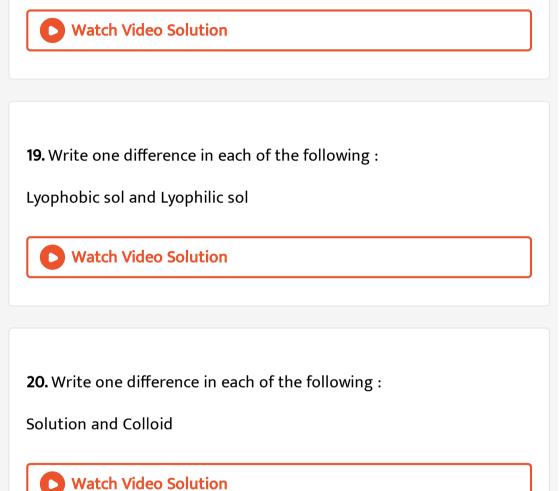
14. Wolff-Kishner reduction is :

15. Write the equations involved in the following reactions :

Etard reaction







**21.** Write one difference in each of the following :

Homogeneous catalysis and Heterogenerous catalysis



#### 22. Following data are obtained for the reaction:

$$egin{aligned} N_2O_5 & o 2NO_2 + .^{1/2}\,O_2 \ &igg| t/s & 0 & 300 & 600 \ & [N_2O_5]/molL^{-1} & 1.6 imes 10^{-2} & 0.8 imes 10^{-2} & 0.4 imes 10^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

(a) Show that it follows first order reaction

(b) Calculate the half-life

(Given log 2 = 0.3010 log 4 = 0.6021]



23. Following data are obtained for the reaction:

$$N_2O_5 o 2NO_2 + .^{1\,/\,2}\,O_2$$

 $igg| egin{array}{cccc} t/s & 0 & 300 & 600 \ [N_2O_5]/mol L^{-1} & 1.6 imes 10^{-2} & 0.8 imes 10^{-2} & 0.4 imes 10^{-2} \end{array}$ 

(a) Show that it follows first order reaction

(b) Calculate the half-life

(Given log 2 = 0.3010 log 4 = 0.6021]

Watch Video Solution

24. Following compounds are given to you :

2- Bromopentane ,2-Bromo-2 methylbutane, 1- Bromopentane

Write the compound which is most reactive towards  $S_N 2$  reaction .

Watch Video Solution

**25.** Following compounds are given to you :

2- Bromopentane ,2-Bromo-2 methylbutane, 1- Bromopentane

Write the compound which is optically active.

**26.** Following compounds are given to you :

2- Bromopentane ,2-Bromo-2 methylbutane, 1- Bromopentane

Write the compound which is most reactive towards  $\beta$ -elimination reaction.

Watch Video Solution

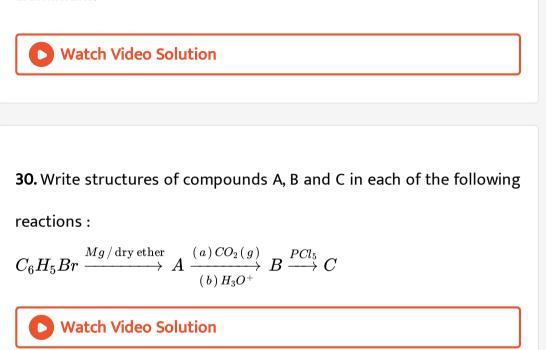
27. Write the principle of method used for the refining of germanium.

Watch Video Solution

28. Out of PbS and  $PbCO_3$  (ores of lead), which one is concentraed by

froth floatation process preferably?

**29.** What is the significance of leaching in the extraction of aluminium?



31. Write structures of compounds A, B and C in each of the following

reactions :

$$CH_3CN \xrightarrow{(a) SNCl_2 / HCl} A \xrightarrow{ ext{dil. NaOH}} B \xrightarrow{\Delta} C$$

32. Do the following conversions in not more than two steps

Benzoic acid to benzaldehyde

Watch Video Solution **33.** Do the following conversions in not more than two steps Ethyl benzene to Benzoic acid Watch Video Solution 34. Do the following conversions in not more than two steps Prepanone to Propene Watch Video Solution

**35.** Write the structures of the monomers used for getting the

following polymers :



36. Write the structures of the monomers used for getting the

following polymers :

Melamine - formaldehyde polymer

Watch Video Solution

**37.** Write the structures of the monomers used for getting the following polymers :

Buna - N



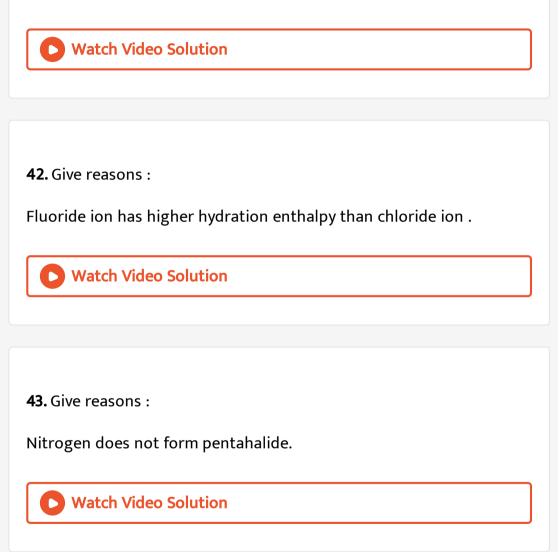
**38.** Define the following :

Anionic detergents

| <b>Watch Video Solution</b>                     |
|-------------------------------------------------|
|                                                 |
| <b>39.</b> Define the following :               |
| Broad spectrum antibiotics                      |
| <b>Vatch Video Solution</b>                     |
|                                                 |
| <b>40.</b> Define the following :<br>Antiseptic |
| <b>Vatch Video Solution</b>                     |

**41.** Give reasons :

Thermal stability decreases from  $H_2O$  to  $H_2$  Te.



**44.** Give reasons :

Acetylation of aniline reduces its activation effect.

| Watch Video Solution                        |
|---------------------------------------------|
|                                             |
|                                             |
| <b>45.</b> Give reasons :                   |
| $CH_3NH_2$ is more basic than $C_6H_5NH_2.$ |
| <b>Vatch Video Solution</b>                 |
|                                             |
|                                             |

**46.** Give reasons :

Although  $-NH_2$  is o/p directing group, yet aniline on nitration gives

a significant amount of m-nitroaniline.

**47.** Account for the following :

Transition metals form large number of complex compounds.

| Watch Video Solution                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                   |
| <b>48.</b> Account for the following :                            |
| The lowest oxide of transition metal is basic whereas the highest |

oxide is amphoteric or acidic.

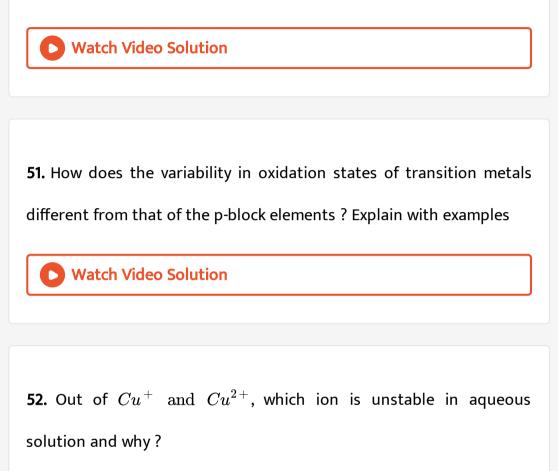
Watch Video Solution

**49.** Account for the following :

 $E^{\,\circ}\,$  value for the  $Mn^{3\,+}\,/\,Mn^{2\,+}\,$  couple is highly positive  $(\,+\,1.57V)$  as complare to  $Cr^{3\,+}\,/\,Cr^{2\,+}\,.$ 

50. Write one similarity and one difference between the chemistry of

lanthanoid and actinoid elements.



### Watch Video Solution

53. Orange colour of  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$  ion changes to yellow when treated

with an alkali. Why ?



54. Give two reasons for the following

Chemistry of actinoids is complicated as compared to lanthanoids.

Watch Video Solution

**55.** If the edge length of its unit cell is 300 pm, determine the type of unit cell when an element has atomic mass  $93gmol^{-1}$  and density  $11.5gcm^{-3}$ .

Watch Video Solution

**56.** Write any two differences between amorphous solids and crystalline solids.

**57.** Calculate the number of unit cells in 8.1 g of aluminium if it crystalliz3es in aface cented cubic (f.c.c) structure. (Atomic mass of Al=  $27 \text{ gmol}^{-1}$ )



58. Give reasons :

In stoichiometric defects, NaCl exhibits Schottky defect and not

Frenkel defect.

Watch Video Solution

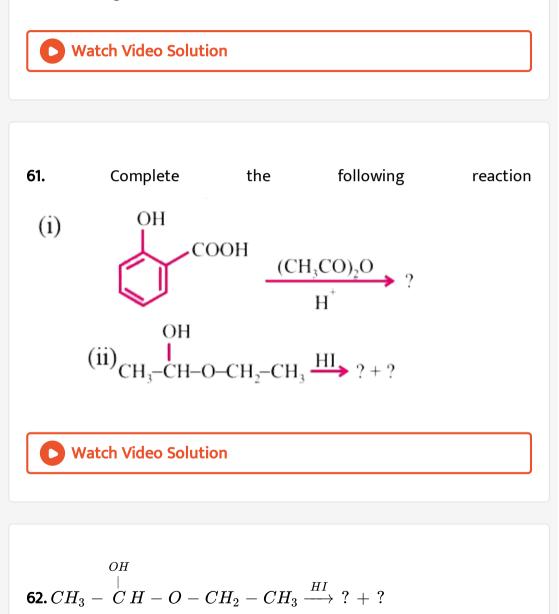
59. Give reasons :

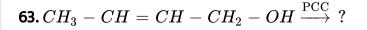
Silicon on doping with Phosphorus forms n-type semiconductor.



60. Give reasons :

Ferromagnetic substances show better magnetism than antiferromagnetic substances .







**64.** Give simple chemical tests to distinguish between the following pairs of compounds:

Ethanol and Phenol



65. Give simple chemical tests to distinguish between the following

pairs of compounds:

Propanol and 2-methylpropan-2-ol

66. Write the formula of reagents used in the following reactions:

Bromination of phenol2, 4, 6-tribromophenol .

Watch Video Solution

**67.** Write the formula of reagents used in the following reactions:

Hydroboration of propene and then oxidation to propanol.

Watch Video Solution

68. Arrange the following compound groups in the increasing order

of their property indicated:

p-nitrophenol, ethanol, phenol (acidic character)

69. Arrange the following compound groups in the increasing order

of their property indicated:

Propanol, Propane, Propanal (boiling point)



70. Write the mechanism (using cuuved arrow notation) of the

following reaction:

 $CH_3-CH_2-OH \xrightarrow{CH_3CH_2OH} CH_3-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_3+H_2O$