



# MATHS

# BOOKS - CBSE COMPLEMENTARY MATERIAL MATHS (HINGLISH)

# **APPLICATIONS OF INTEGRALS**

Four Six Mark Questions

1. Calculate the area bouded by the parabola

$$y^2=4ax$$
 and its latus rectum



**3.** Find the area of the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the x-axis, the line y = x, and the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 32$ .

# 4. Find the area of the region $ig\{(x,y): y^2 \leq 4x, \, 4x^2 + 4y^2 \leq 9ig\}$

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5. Prove that the curve  $y=x^2$  and,  $x=y^2$ 

divide the square bounded by x = 0, y = 0, x = 1,

y = 1 into three equal parts.

6. Find the area of the smaller region bounded

by the ellipse 
$$rac{x^2}{a^2}+rac{y^2}{b^2}=1$$
and the line  $rac{x}{a}+rac{y}{b}=1$ 

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7. Find the area of the region bounded by the curves  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  and  $\left(x - 2
ight)^2 + y^2 = 4$ .

8. Using the method of integration find the area of the region bounded by lines: 2x + y = 4, 3x2y = 6 and x3y + 5 = 0



**9.** Using integration, find the area of the triangle whose vertices are (-1, 0)(1, 3) and (3, 2).



10. The area of the region
$$\{(x,y): x^2 + y^2 \le 1 \le x + y\}$$
, is $\bigcirc$  Watch Video Solution

**11.** Find the area of the region bounded by the

parabola  $x^2 = 4y \setminus \;\;$  and the line x = 4y - 2

12. Find the area lying above x-axis and included between the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 8x$  and the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$ .



### 13. Using integration, find the area enclosed by

the curve  $y=\cos, y=\sin x$  and x - axis in the

interval  $[0, \pi/2]$ .

14. Using integration find area of the region bounded by the curves  $y=\sqrt{5-x^2}$  and y=|x-1|

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15. Show that the area of the triangle formed by the positive x-axis and the normal and tangent to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  at  $(1, \sqrt{3})$ is  $2\sqrt{3}$ 

16. Using integration, find the area of the region bounded by the line xy+2=0 , the curve  $x=\sqrt{y}$  and  $y-a\xi s$ .



17. The area of the region bounded by the curve  $ay^2 = x^3$ , the Y-axis and the lines y = a and y = 2a, is

18. Find the area bounded by x - axis, the curve  $y=2x^2$  and tangent to the curve at the point whose abscissa is 2.

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19. Using integration, find the area of the region bounded by the curve y = 1 + |x + 1|

and lines x = -3, x = 3, y = 0.

20. Draw a rough sketch of the region  $\{(x, y): y^2 \le 6 \text{ a } x \text{ and } x^2 + y^2 \le 16a^2\}.$ Also, find the area of the region sketched using method of integration.

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#### 21. Find the area of the region enclosed

between curves y = |x - 1| and y = 3 - |x|.

**View Text Solution** 

22. If the area bounded by the parabola  $y^2 = 16$  ax and the line y = 4 mx is  $rac{a^2}{12}$  sq unit

then using integration find the value of m.



**23.** Given  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  is directly proportional to the square of x and  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6$  at x = 2. Then find the equation of the curve, when x = 2 and y = 4. Also find the area of the region bounded by curve between lines y = 1 and y = 3.





- 24. Find the area between x axis, curve
- $x = y^2$  and its normal at the point (1, 1).





curve  $x = at^2$  and y = 2at between the

ordinates corresponding to t = 1 and t = 2.

26. Using integration find the area bounded by the tangent to the curve  $y = 3x^2$  at the point (1, 3), and the Lines whose equations are  $y = \frac{x}{3}$  and x + y = 4.