

### **CHEMISTRY**

### **BOOKS - TS EAMCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS**

### **AP EAMCET SOLVED PAPER 2019**

# Chemistry

**1.** The energies of an electron in first orbit  $He^+$  and in third orbit of  $Li^{2+}$  in J are respectively

$$A. -872 \times 10^{-18}, -2.18 \times 10^{-18}$$

B. 
$$-872 \times 10^{-18}$$
,  $-1.96 \times 10^{-17}$ 

$$\text{C.} - 1.96 \times 10^{-17}, \; -2.18 \times 10^{-18}$$

$$\text{D.} - 8.72 \times 10^{-17}, \ -1.96 \times 10^{-17}$$

### Answer: A



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- **2.** How many orbitals is/are possible with n=3 l-1 and  $m_1=-1$  value ?
  - A. 2
  - B. 3
  - C. 5
  - D. 1

### **Answer: D**



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**3.** If four elements with atomic numbers Z-2, Z-1, Z and Z+1 are forming isoelectronic ions, the atomic number of the ion having largest size is

A. Z-2
B. Z-1
C. Z
D. Z+1
Answer: A
Answer: A
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<b>4.</b> Identify the molecule in which the arrangement of electron pairs around the centeal atom is octahedral and shape is not octahedral.
A. $SF_B$
B. $XeF_6$
C. $BrF_5$
D. $XeO_2F_4$
Answer: C

**5.** The wave functions of Is-orbitals of two hydrogen atoms are  $\Psi_A$  and  $\Psi_B$ .  $\Psi_A$  and  $\Psi_B$  are linearly combine to form two molecular orbitals  $(\sigma \text{ and } \sigma^*)$ . Which of the following statements are correct? I.  $\sigma^*$  equal to  $(\Psi_A - \Psi_B)$ .

In  $\sigma$  - orbital, one nodal plance is present in between two nuclei .

III. The energy of  $\sigma$ -orbital is lower then the energy of  $\sigma$ -orbital .

- A. I,II,III
- B. I,II only
- C. II,III only
- D. I, III only

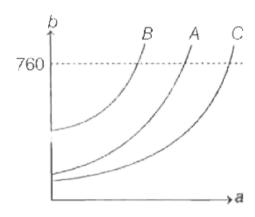
### Answer: D



**6.** The variation of vapour pressure (b) as a function of temperature (a) is studied for

 $C_2H_5OC_2H_5,\,CCl_4 \quad {
m and} \quad H_2O$  at 760 mm Hg and is shown in the figure below . The boiling temperatures of

 $C_2H_5OC_2H_5.\ CCl_4$  and  $H_2O$  are 308, 350 and 373 K respectively , Curves A,B,C respectively correspond to



A.  $H_2O,\,C_2H_5OC_2H_5,\,CCL_4$ 

B.  $C_2H_5OC_2H_5$ ,  $CCl_4$ ,  $H_2O$ 

C.  $CCl_4$ ,  $C_2H_5OC_2$ ,  $H_5$ ,  $H_2O$ 

D.  $CCl_4, H_2O, C_2H_5OC_2H_5$ 

### Answer: C



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- 7. Which one of the following contains As = As in its structure?
  - A. Ranitidine
  - B. Saccharin
  - C. Salvarsan
  - D. Seldane

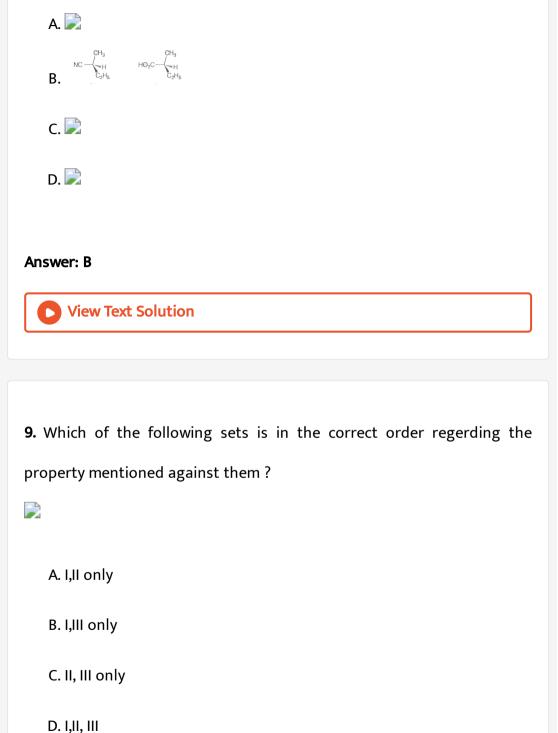
### **Answer: C**



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8. What are X and Y in the following reaction sequence?





### Answer: B



**10.** Identify the products (X,Y) and reaction mechanism (Z) of the following reaction ?



A. 📄

В. 📝

C. 🔀

D. 📄

### **Answer: A**



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11. What are the products formed when an aldehyde (RCHO) is reacted with Tollen's reagent ?

A. 
$$Ag, H_2O, RCH_2OH, NH_2$$

- B.  $Ag, H_2O, RCOO^-, H_2$
- C.  $Ag, H_2O, RCOO^-, NH_3$
- D.  $Ag_2,\,H_2O,\,RCOO^-\,,\,NH_3$

#### **Answer: C**



12. The following species are involved in the formation of an ester from a carboxylic acid in the presence of acid. The correct sequence of formation of these species is

$$R-rac{\overset{OH}{\mid}}{\overset{C}{\mid}}-\overset{OH}{\mid}-R$$

- A. 2143
- B. 4123
- C. 1432
- D. 2314

#### **Answer: B**



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**13.** Identify the reagents (X,Y,Z) used in the conversion of 3-methylaniline t 3-nitrotluene.

- X Y Z
- A. (a)  $NaNO_2,HCl$   $HBF_4$   $NaNO_2,Cu$ ,  $\Delta$  X Y Z
- B. (b)  $NaNO_3,HCl273K$  HF  $NANO_3,Cu,$   $\Delta$
- X Y Z
- C. (b)  $NaNO_2,HCl$   $C_2H_6OH$   $NANO_3,$   $\Delta$
- D. (b)  $NaNO_2,HCl$  NaOH  $C_2H_6NO_2$

### Answer: A

**14.** The spectral line observed at 434 nm in the Balmer series of the hydrogen spectrum corresponds to a transition of an electron from the nth orbit. What is the value of n?

[Rydberg constant,  $(R_H)=109677cm^{-1}$ ]

A. 3

B. 4

C. 5

D. 6

**Answer: C** 



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**15.** The energy of 2s=orbitals of H, He and Li follow the order

A. 
$$He < H < Li$$

B. 
$$Li < He < H$$

C. 
$$Li > He > H$$

D. 
$$He > H > Li$$

#### **Answer: B**



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**16.** X and Y are two elements which form oxides of type  $XO_3$  and  $Y_2O_5$  with highest oxygen content. Identify the group numbers to which X and y belongs

A. 13, 15

B. 16, 15

C. 13, 17

D. 16, 17

### **Answer: B**



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# 17. Match the following:

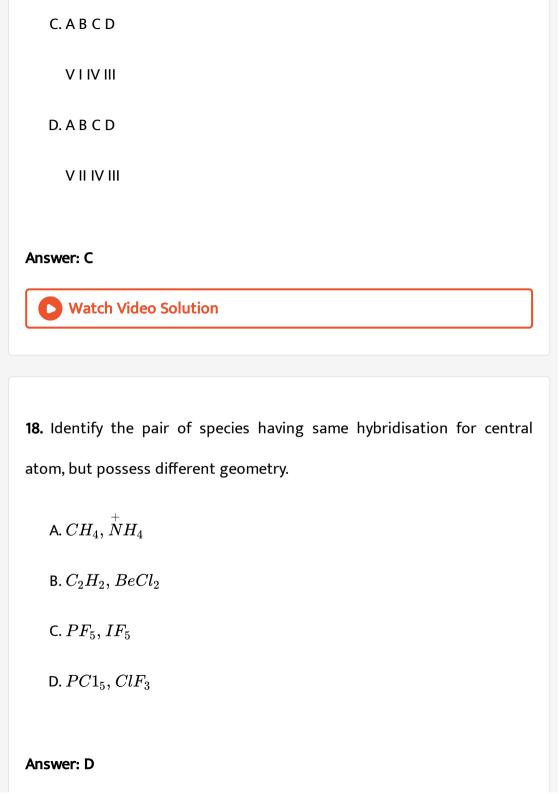
	List I		List II
Α.	$[CrF_6]^{3}$	1.	$sp^3d^2$ , square planar
В.	XeF₄	li.	sp³d, square planar
C.	PCI <sub>5</sub>	Ш.	$sp^3d^2$ , square pyramid
D.	$\mathrm{BrF}_{\mathrm{s}}$	IV.	sp³d, trigonal bipyramidal
		٧.	sp3d2, octahedral

A. A B C D

III I IV V

B. A B C D

IIIIIV



**19.** At T(K), a hypothetical gas consisting of 100 molecules has the following distribution of velocities. (N = Number of molecules, V = velocity in cm  $s^{-1}$ ).

N	· V
2	$4 \times 10^{3}$
2	$4 \times 10^{8}$
10	3 × 10°
20	5.5 × 10 <sup>5</sup>
25	$4 \times 10^5$
35	$6.8 \times 10^{6}$
5	$2 \times 10^{7}$

The most probbable velocity (in cm  $s^{-1}$ ) for this gas is

B.  $4 imes 10^8$ 

 $\text{C.}~6.8\times10^6$ 

D.  $2 imes 10^7$ 

### **Answer: C**



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**20.** 4.90 g of impure potassium chlorate on heating shows a weight loss of 0.384 g. What percent of the impure potassium chlorate has decomposed?

A. 20

B. 30

C. 40

D. 80

Answer: A

**21.** The standard molar engthalpy of vaporisation of benzene  $\Delta_{vap}H^{\,\circ}$  at

If the benzene vapours behave as an ideal gas, the change in internal energy of vaporisation of 78 g of benzene at 353 K in kJ  $mol^{-1}$  is

A. 37.87

353 K is 30.8 kJ  $mol^{-1}$ .

- B. 27.87
- C. 33.74
- D. 17.87

#### **Answer: B**



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**22.** The equilibrium partial pressures of CO(g),  $CO_2(g)$  in the equilibrium reaction

 $CO_2(g) + C(s) \Leftrightarrow 2CO(g)$  at 1000 K are 0.66 and 0.15 bar respectively.

The equilibrium constant  $K_c$  are apporximately is

- A. 0.35
- B. 2.9
- C. 0.035
- D. 0.29

### **Answer: C**



- 23. 20 mL of 0.2 M sodium hydroxide solution is added to 40 mL of 0.2 M acetic acid solution. What is the pH of the solution?
- $(pK_a \text{ of } CH_3COOH = 4.8)$ 
  - A. 9.2
  - B. 4.8

	0	1
ι.	റ	4

D. 2.9

### **Answer: B**



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**24.** In acidic medium, aqueous potassium permanganate with hydrogen peroxide gives

A. 
$$Mn^{3+}$$
 ,  $H_2$ 

B. 
$$Mn^{2+}$$
,  $O_2$ 

C. 
$$Mn^{2+}$$
 ,  $H_2$ 

D. 
$$MnO_2$$
,  $O_3$ 

### **Answer: B**



25. Which of the following metal ions form the stable superoxide?
A. $Li^{+}$
B. $Mg^{2+}$
C. $Na^+$
D. $K^{+}$
Answer: D
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<b>26.</b> The products formed when borax dissolves in water is/are
<b>26.</b> The products formed when borax dissolves in water is/are $ \text{A. } NaOH, H_3BO_3 $
A. $NaOH, H_3BO_3$
A. $NaOH, H_3BO_3$ B. $Na_2ig[B_4O_5(OH)_4ig]$

### Answer: A



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27. Identify the correct statement.

A. Non-directional covalent bonds are present throughout the crystal

lattice of diamond

- B. Fullereness are the pure forms of carbon
- C. C-C bond length in the layer of graphite is 154 pm
- D. Carbon monoxide is a water soluble gas

#### **Answer: B**



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**28.** The concentration of fluroide ions in drinking water upto 1 ppm make the enamel on teeth much harder by converting  $\underline{x}$  into fluorapatite.

What is  $\underline{x}$ ?

- A.  $\left[3Ca_3(PO_4)_2\cdot CaF_2
  ight]$
- B.  $\left[3Ca_2(PO_4)_2 \cdot Ca(OH)_2\right]$
- C.  $\left[3Ca(OH)_2\cdot Ca_3(PO_4)_2
  ight]$
- D.  $\left[ Ca_3 {\left( PO_4 
  ight)}_2 \cdot 3CaF_2 
  ight]$

#### **Answer: B**



- **29.** Nitrogen, sulphur and phosphorus present in organic compounds are detected by the formation of which of the following coloured substances respectively.
  - A.  $Fe_4ig[Fe(CN)_6ig]_3, ig[Fe(CN)_5NOSig]^{-4}, (NH_4)_3PO_4\cdot 12MoO_3$ Prussian blue Violet Violet
  - $\text{B. } Fe_4\big[Fe(CN)_6\big]_3, \big[Fe(SCN)\big]^{2\,+}, (NH_4)_3PO_4 \cdot 12MoO_3 \\ \text{Prussian blue} \\ \text{Violet}$
  - C.  $\left[Fe(CN)_6\right]^{4-}, \left[Fe(SCN)\right]^{2+}, (NH_4)_3 PO_4 \cdot 12 MoO_3$  Blue Blood red Yellow

D. 
$$\left[Fe(CN)_6\right]^{4-}, \left[Fe(CN)_5NOS\right]^{-4}, (NH_4)_3PO_4 \cdot 12MoO_3$$
 Blue Violet

**Answer: A** 



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**30.** The number of electrophiles and nucleophiles present in the species given below are respectively.

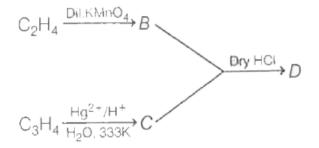
 $BF_3, CO_2, Me_3N, SO_3, CH_3\overset{+}{CO}, HS^-, NO_2^+, FeCl_3, H_2O$ 

- A. 6, 3
- B. 3, 6
- C.4,5
- D. 5, 4

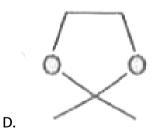
**Answer: A** 



# **31.** What is D in the following reaction sequence?



В.



32. In which of the following reactions alkane is not formed?

A. 
$$CH_3Br \stackrel{
m Na/Dry\ ether}{-----}$$

B. 
$$CH_3COONa \stackrel{NaOH\,/\,Ceo}{\longrightarrow}$$

C. 
$$CH_3COONa \stackrel{H_2O}{\longrightarrow}$$
Electrolysis

D. 
$$BrCH_2-CH_2Br \xrightarrow{Alc.\,KOH\,/\,\Delta}$$

#### **Answer: D**



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**33.** An element forms a body centered cubic (bcc) lattice with edge length of 300 pm. If the density of the element is 7.2 g  $cm^{-3}$ , the number of atoms present in 324 g of it approximately is

A. 
$$3.33 imes10^{23}$$

B. 
$$6.66 imes 10^{23}$$

C. 
$$3.33 imes 10^{24}$$

D. 
$$6.66 imes 10^{24}$$

#### Answer: C



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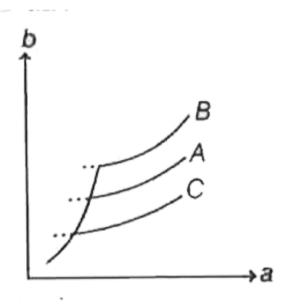
**34.** An ideal solution of hexane and heptane at  $30^{\circ}C$  has a vapour pressure of 95 bar with hexane mole fraction 0.305. in vapour phase hexane mole fraction is 0.555. The vapour pressure of pure hexane and heptane at  $30^{\circ}C$  respectively in bar are

- A. 172.9, 60.9
- B. 60.8, 172.9
- C. 30.4, 86.5
- D. 86.5, 30.4



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**35.** The vapour pressure of a solution (b) as a function of temperature (a) is plotted as a graph for two solutions of same molar concentration along with water as shown below. A, B and C are respectively.



A.  $H_2NCONH_2$ ,  $H_2O$ , NaCl

B.  $H_2O$ ,  $H_2NCONH_2$ , NaCl

C. NaCl,  $H_2O$ ,  $H_2NCONH_2$ 

D.  $NaCl, H_2NCONH_2, H_2O$ 

### **Answer: A**



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# **36.** If $E_{cell}^{\,\circ}$ is 1.05 V, the emf of the cell for the following cell reaction

$$Ni(s)+2Ag^{+}(0.004M)
ightarrow$$

 $Ni^{2\,+}(0.16M)+2Ag(s)$  at 298 K in V is

A. 0.932

B. 1.227

C. 0.732

D. 1.397

### **Answer: A**



**37.** Which one of the following is not the correct statement with respect to order of a reaction?

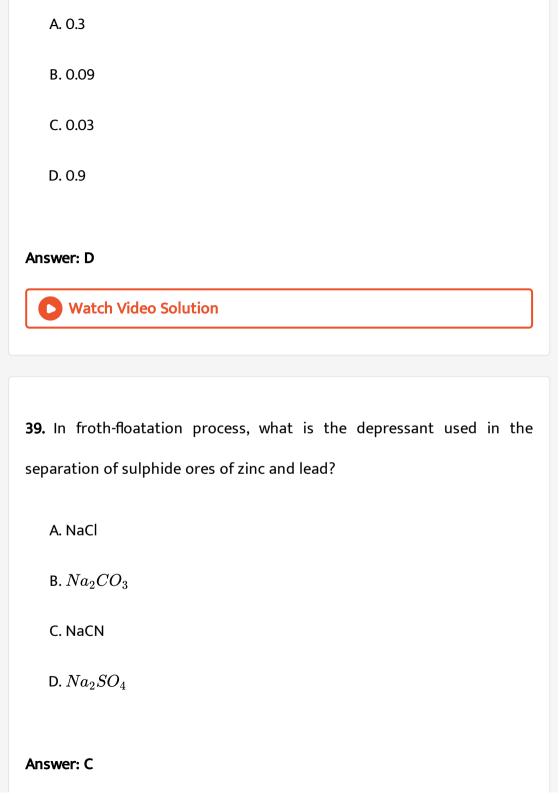
- A. Order can be determined experimentally
- B. Order of reaction is equal to sum of the powers of concentration terms in differential form of rate law.
- C. Order does not change with change of pressure or termperature.
- D. Order cannot be fractional.

#### Answer: D



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**38.** 300 mL of gold sol is mixed with 30 mL of 10% NaCl solution. The mass of haemoglobin in mg required to protect the gold sol from coagulation is (gold number of haemoglobin is 0.03)



**40.** In which of the following oxyacids of phosphorus, one P = 0, two P-H nd one P-OH bonds are present?

A. Phosphonic acid

B. Phosphinic acid

C. Orthophosphoric acid

D. Pyrophosphoric acid

### Answer: B



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**41.** Identify the reaction in which  $SO_2$  is not formed?

A. 
$$Na_2SO_3(aq)+dil.\ H_2SO_4
ightarrow$$

 $\texttt{B.}\,S + O_2 \;\; \text{or} \;\; air \stackrel{\text{Burnt}}{\longrightarrow}$ 

C. 
$$S+conc.~H_2SO_4 
ightarrow$$

D. 
$$2NaCl + H_2SO_4 
ightarrow$$

#### Answer: D



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**42.** In which of the following reactions oxygen gas is not formed?

A. 
$$XeF_4 + O_2F_2 
ightarrow$$

B. 
$$XeF_4 + H_2O 
ightarrow$$

C. 
$$XeF_6 + H_2O 
ightarrow$$

D. 
$$XeF_2 + H_2O 
ightarrow$$

### **Answer: C**



**43.** The magnetic moment of which of the following complexes is maximum?

A. 
$$\left[ Co(NH_3)_6 
ight]^{3+}$$

B. 
$$\left\lceil Ni(CN)_4 
ight
ceil^{2-}$$

C. 
$$[CoF_6]^{3-}$$

D. 
$$[NiCl_4]^2$$

#### Answer: C



**44.** A metal ions  $(M^{n+})$  forms octahedral  $[ML_6]^{n+}$  and tetrahedral  $[ML_4]^{n+}$  complexes with same ligand at different experimental conditions. The  $\Delta_o$  of  $[ML_6]^{n+}$  is 3 eV. What is the energy in eV of  $e_g$  orbital of  $[ML_4]^{n+}$  complex?

A. 
$$\frac{4}{5}$$

- c.  $\frac{8}{15}$ 
  - D.  $-\frac{8}{15}$

### **Answer: B**



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in the formation of the polymer

45. The catalyst triethyl aluminium and titanium tetrachloride finds use

- A. teflon
- B. low density polythene
- C. polyacrylonitrile
- D. high density polythene

### Answer: D



# **46.** Match the following:

List I			List II	
Α.	Ascorbic acid	1.	Rickets	
В.	Vitamin D	11.	Muscular weakness	
C.	Vitamin B,	HI.	Convulsions	
D.	Vitamin E	IV.	Amla	
		٧.	Beri-beri	

A. A B C D

I IV II III

B. A B C D

IV I III II

C. A B C D

I IV III II

D. A B C D

IVIVII

#### **Answer: D**



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## **47.** Identify the correct pairs from the following:

١.	Sodium benzoate	Antioxidant
П.	Sodium stearate	Soap
Ш.	Sodium lauryl sulphate	Antiseptic
IV.	Alitame	Artificio! 3.1 Sucaner

A. II, IV

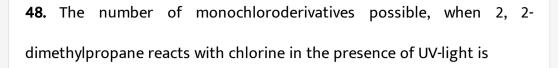
B. II, I

C. III, IV

D. II, III

### **Answer: A**





A. 4

B. 3

C. 2

D. 1

#### **Answer: D**



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**49.** In the following sequence of reactions identify the functional groups present in the resulting compound Y

$$-OH$$
,  $-C = O$ 

A.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} -CI, -O-C = CH_3 \\ & & \\ O \end{array}$$
   
 **D.** . .

### Answer: B



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**50.** The correct set of reagents (X, Y, Z) required to convert benzene to mnitrobenzoic acid are

A. 
$$egin{array}{cccc} X & Y & Z \ CO \, , HCl \, , anhy \, . \, AlCl_3 & KMnO_4 & LiAlH_4 \end{array}$$

B. 
$$HNO_3 + H_2SO_4 \qquad Br_2, AlCl_3 \quad KCN/H_3O^+$$

C. 
$$Br_2$$
,  $AlCl_3$   $HNO_3 + H_2SO_4KCN/H_3O^+$ 

D.

 $CO, HCl, anhyd. AlCl_3 \qquad KMnO_4 \qquad conc. \ HNO_3 + conc. \ H_2SO_4$ 

#### Answer: D



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What are X, Y and Z?

51. The reduction products of an aldehyde, ketone and carboxylic acid in the presence of lithium aluminium hydride are respectively X, Y and Z.

A. RCH(OH))R,  $RCH_2OH$ ,  $RCH_2OH$ 

B.  $RCH_2OH$ , RCH(OH)R,  $RCH_2OH$ 

C.  $RCH_2OH$ ,  $RCH_2OH$ ,  $R_2CHOH$ 

D.  $R_2CHOH$ ,  $RCH_3$ ,  $RCH_2OH$ 

#### Answer: B



**52.** A carbonyl compound A  $(C_8H_8O)$  does not give iodoform test and on oxidation gave B. On hearting B with ammonia at higher temperature forms C. What are A and C?

#### **Answer: D**



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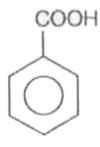
## **53.** What is Y in the following reaction sequence

$$C_6H_5N_2Cl \xrightarrow{H_3PO_2\,/\,H_2O} X \xrightarrow{CO\,.\,HCl} Anhy\,.\,AlCl_3$$



A.

В.



D.

# Answer: A

