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## CHEMISTRY

# BOOKS - TS EAMCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS 

## QUESTION PAPER 2015

## Chemistry

1. Which of the following sets of quantum numbers is correct for an electron in 3d orbital.
A. $\mathrm{n}=3, \mathrm{l}=2, \mathrm{~m}=-3, \mathrm{~s}=+\frac{1}{2}$
B. $n=3, \mathrm{l}=3, \mathrm{~m}=+3, \mathrm{~s}=-\frac{1}{2}$
C. $n=3, \mathrm{l}=2, \mathrm{~m}=-2, \mathrm{~s}=+\frac{1}{2}$
D. $n=3, \mathrm{l}=2, \mathrm{~m}=-3, \mathrm{~s}=-\frac{1}{2}$
2. If the kinetic energy of sa particle is reduced to half .Eebroglie wave length becomes.
A. 2 times
B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ times
C. 4 times
D. $\sqrt{2}$ times

## Answer: D

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3. Identify the most acidic oxide among the following oxides based on their reaction with water
A. $\mathrm{SO}_{3}$
B. $P_{4} O_{10}$
C. $\mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$
D. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$

## Answer: C

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4. Match the following.

| List I | List II |
| :---: | :---: |
| A. Rubidum | 1. Germanium |
| B. Platioum | 2. Radioactive chalcogen |
| C. Eka-silicon | 3. s-block elemen: |
| D. Potonium | 4. Atomic number 78 |

A. $A \rightarrow 4, B \rightarrow 3, C \rightarrow 2, D \rightarrow 1$
B. $A \rightarrow 3, B \rightarrow 4, C \rightarrow 1, D \rightarrow 2$
C. $A \rightarrow 2, B \rightarrow 1, C \rightarrow 4, D \rightarrow 3$
D. $A \rightarrow 4, B \rightarrow 3, C \rightarrow 1, D \rightarrow 2$

## Answer: B

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5. Which of the following does not have triple bond between the atoms?
A. $N_{2}$
B. CO
C. NO
D. $C_{2}^{2-}$

## Answer: C

6. In which one of the following pairs the two speccies have identical shape, but differ in hybridisation?
A. $l_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{BeCl}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}, \mathrm{BF}_{3}$
C. $X e F_{2}, l_{3}^{-}$
D. $\mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}, S F_{4}$

## Answer: A

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7. On the top of a mountain water boils at
A. high temperature
B. same temperature
C. high pressure
D. low temperature

## Answer: D

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8. Which one of the following is the wrong statement about the liquid?
A. It has intermolecular force of attraction
B. Evaporation of liquids increase with the decrease of surface area
C. It resembles a gas near the critical temperature
D. It is an intermediate state between gaseods and solid state

## Answer: B

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9. A carbon compound contains 12.8\% Carbon, 2.1\% Hydrogen, 85.1\% Bromine. The molecular weight of the compound is 187.9. Calculate the molecular formula.
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{2} l$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{Br} r_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{Br}_{3}$

## Answer: C

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10. $3.011 \times 10^{22}$ atoms of an element weighs 1.15 g . The atomic mass of the element is
A. 23
B. 10
C. 16
D. 35.5
11. Which of one following is applicable is applicable for an adiabatic expansion of an ideal gas?
A. $\Delta E=0$
B. $\Delta W=\Delta E$
C. $\Delta W=-\Delta E$
D. $\Delta W=0$

## Answer: B

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12. On increasing temperature, the equilibrium constant of exothermic and endothermic reactions, respectively

## A. increases and decreases

B. decreases and increases
C. increases and increases
D. decreases and decreases

## Answer: B

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13. What is the pH of the NaOH solution when 0.04 g of it is dissolved in water and made to 100 ml solution?
A. 2
B. 1
C. 13
D. 12

## Answer: D

14. Which of the following methods is used for the removal of temporary hardness of water?
A. Treatement with washing soda
B. Calgon method
C. lon-exchange method
D. clark's method

## Answer: D

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15. Assertion (A): Alkali metals are soft and have low Melting and boiling points.

Reason (R): This is because interatomic bonds are weak.
A. Both (A) and ( $R$ ) are not true
B. (A) is true but ( $R$ ) is not the correct explanation of (A)
C. (A) is true but ( $R$ ) is false
D. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

## Answer: D

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16. identify the correct statement
A. Lead forms compounds in +2 oxidation state due to inert pair effect.
B. All halogens show only negative oxidationn state
C. Catenation property increases from boron to oxygen
D. Oxidation state of oxygen is -1 in ozonides

## Answer: A

17. Assertion (A): Noble gases have very low boiling points.

Reason (R): All noble gases have general electronic configuration of $n s^{2} n p^{6}$ (except He).
A. Both $(\mathrm{A})$ and $(R)$ are true and $(R)$ is the correct explanation of (A)
B. (A) is false but $(R)$ is true
C. (A) is true but $(R)$ is false
D. Both (A) and ( $R$ ) are true and ( $R$ ) is the not the correct explantion
of (A)

## Answer: D

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18. Which of the following statements are correct?
A. Ocean is sink for $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
B. Greenhouse effect causes lowering of temperatures of earth's surface.
C. To control CO emission by automobiles, usually catelytic coverter are fitted into exhaust pipes.
D. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, herbicides and insecticides form mist.
A. C and D
B. A and B
C. B and D
D. A and D

## Answer: D

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19. The bond angle in methoxy methane is
A. $111.7^{\circ}$
B. $109^{\circ}$
C. $108.9^{\circ}$
D. $180^{\circ}$

## Answer: A

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20. Which of the following compounds has zero dipole moment?
A. 1, 4-dichlorobenzene
B. 1, 2-dichlorobenzene
C. 1, 3-dichlorobenzene
D. 1-chloro-2-methyl benzene

## Answer: A

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21. Which of the following reagent is used to find out carbon-carbon multiple bonds?
A. Grignard reagent
B. Baeyer's reagent
C. Sandmeyer's reagent
D. Gattermann reagent

## Answer: B

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22. Pure silicon doped with phosphorus is
A. amorphous
B. p-type semiconductor
C. n-type semiconductor
D. insulator

## Answer: C

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23. 18 g of glucose is dissolved in 90 g of water. The relative lowering of vapour pressure of the solution is equal to
A. 6
B. 0.2
C. 5.1
D. 0.02

## Answer: D

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24. A gas ' X ' is dissolved in water at '2' bar pressure. Its mole fraction is 0.02 in solution. The mole fraction of water when the pressure of gas is
doubled at the same temperature is
A. 0.04
B. 0.98
C. 0.96
D. 0.02

## Answer: C

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25. Calculate $\Delta G^{\circ}$ for the following cell reaction.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& Z n_{(s)}+\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(s)}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}((I)) \rightarrow \mathrm{Zn}_{a q}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{Ag}(s)+2 \mathrm{OH}_{(a q)}^{-} \\
& E_{\frac{A g^{+}}{A g}}^{\circ}=+0.80 \mathrm{~V} \text { and } E_{\frac{Z n^{2}+}{\circ}}^{\circ}=-0.76 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$

A. $-305 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
B. $-301 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
C. $305 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
D. $301 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{mol}$

## Answer: B

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26. The time required for a first order reaction to complete $90 \%$ is T . What is the time required to complete $99 \%$ of the same reaction?
A. 2 t
B. 3 t
C. t
D. 4 t

## Answer: A

27. Which of the following is the most effective in causing coagulation of ferric hydroxide sol?
A. KCl
B. $\mathrm{KNO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
D. $K_{3}\left[F e(C N)_{6}\right]$

## Answer: D

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28. Which of the following process does not involve heating?
A. Calcination
B. Smelting
C. Roasting
D. Levigation

## Answer: D

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29. Which one of the following is correct with respect to basic character?
A. $\mathrm{P}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}>P H_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{PH}_{3}>P\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{PH}_{3}>\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
D. $P H_{3}=\mathrm{NH}_{3}$

## Answer: A

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30. When $\mathrm{AbNO}_{3}$ solution is added in excess to 1 M solution of $\mathrm{CoC1} 1_{3} c c N H_{3}$ one mole of AgCl is formed ? What is the value if ' X '?
A. 1
B. 4
C. 3
D. 2

## Answer: B

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31. In which of the following coordination compounds, the central metal ion is in Zero oxidation sate ?
A. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right] \mathrm{Cl}_{3}$
B. $K_{4}\left[F e(C N)_{6}\right]$
C. $\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CO})_{5}$
D. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right] \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$

## Answer: C

32. The percentage of lanthanides and iorn, respectively, in Misch metal are
A. 50,50
B. 75,25
C. 90,10
D. 95,5

## Answer: D

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33. Sea divers use a mixture of
A. $O_{2}, N_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{H}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{He}$
D. $N_{2}, H_{2}$

## Answer: C

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34. The polymer obtained with methlene bridges by condensation polymer
A. PVC
B. buna-S
C. polyacrylonitrile
D. bakelite

## Answer: D

35. The amino acid containing indole part is
A. tryptophan
B. tyrosine
C. proline
D. methionine

## Answer: A

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36. The drug used as post operative analgestic in medicine is
A. L-dopa
B. amoxycillin
C. sulphapyridline
D. morphine

## Answer: D

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37. 

$$
\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}+4 \mathrm{I}_{2}+3 \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{X}+\mathrm{HCOONa}+5 \mathrm{NaI}+3 \mathrm{CO}_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}
$$

In the above reaction, ' X ' is
A. diiodomethane
B. triidomethane
C. iodomethane
D. tetraiodomethane

## Answer: B

A. quinone
B. catechol
C. resorcinol
D. o-cresol

## Answer: A

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39. Identify the reagents $A$ and $B$ respectively in the following reactions. $\mathrm{CH}_{5} \mathrm{COOH} \xrightarrow{A} \mathrm{CH}_{5} \mathrm{COCI} \xrightarrow{B} \mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{CHO}$
A. $\mathrm{SOCI}_{2}, \mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}$
B. $\mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}, \mathrm{SOCI}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{SOCI}_{2}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
D. $S O C I_{2}, O_{5} O_{4}$
40. Predict respectively ' $X$ ' and ' $Y$ ' in the following reactions.
$A r-\mathrm{NH}_{2} \xrightarrow{X} A r-\stackrel{+}{N} \equiv N-c \bar{I} \xrightarrow{Y} A r-C I$
A. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{CI}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}-\mathrm{HCIand} \mathrm{HCI}$
C. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2}-\mathrm{HCI} \mathrm{andCu} / \mathrm{HCI}$
D. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2}-\mathrm{HCI}$ and $\mathrm{NaNH}_{2}$

## Answer: C

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