



MATHS

BOOKS - NCERT MATHS (ENGLISH)

COORDINATE GEOMETRY

Exercise 7.1 Multiple Choice Questions Mcqs

1. The distance of the point $P(2,3)$ from the X-axis is

A. 2

B. 3

C. 1

D. 5

Answer: B



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2. The distance between the points $A(0,6)$ and $B(0,-2)$ is

A. 6

B. 8

C. 4

D. 2

Answer: B



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3. The distance of the point $P(-6,8)$ from the origin is

A. 8

B. $2\sqrt{7}$

C. 10

D. 6

Answer: C



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4. The distance between the points $(0,5)$ and $(-5,0)$ is

A. 5

B. $5\sqrt{2}$

C. $2\sqrt{5}$

D. 10

Answer: B



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5. If AOBC is a rectangle whose three vertices are A(0,3), O(0,0) and B(5,0), then the length of its diagonal is

A. 5

B. 3

C. $\sqrt{34}$

D. 4

Answer: c



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6. The perimeter of a triangle with vertices $(0,4)$, $(0,0)$ and $(3,0)$ is

A. 5

B. 12

C. 11

D. $7 + \sqrt{5}$

Answer: B



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7. The area of a triangle with vertices $A(3,0)$, $B(7,0)$ and $C(8,4)$ is

A. 14

B. 28

C. 8

D. 6

Answer: c



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8. The points $(-4,0)$, $(4,0)$ and $(0,3)$ are the vertices of a

A. right angled triangle

B. isosceles triangle

C. equilateral triangle

D. scalene triangle

Answer: B



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9. The point which divides the line segment joining the points $(7,-6)$ and $(3,4)$ in ratio $1:2$ internally lies in the

A. I quadrant

B. II quadrant

C. III quadrant

D. IV quadrant

Answer: D



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10. The point which lies on the perpendicular bisector of the line segment joining the points $A(-2,-5)$ and $B(2,5)$ is

A. (0,0)

B. (0,2)

C. (2,0)

D. (-2,0)

Answer: A



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11. The fourth vertex D of a parallelogram ABCD whose three vertices are A (-2,3), B (6,7) and C (8,3) is

A. (0,1)

B. (0,-1)

C. (-1,0)

D. (1,0)

Answer: b



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12. If the point $P(2,1)$ lies on the line segment joining points $A(4,2)$ and $B(8,4)$, then

A. $AP = \frac{1}{3}AB$

B. $AP = PB$

C. $PB = \frac{1}{3}AB$

D. $AP = \frac{1}{2}AB$

Answer: D



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13. If $P \left(\frac{a}{3}, 4 \right)$ is the mid - point of the line segment joining the points $Q(-6,5)$ and $R(-2,3)$, then the value of a is

A. -4

B. -12

C. 12

D. -6

Answer: B



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14. The perpendicular bisector of the line segment joining the points $A(1,5)$ and $B(4,6)$ cuts the Y-axis at

A. (0,13)

B. (0,-13)

C. (0,12)

D. (13,0)

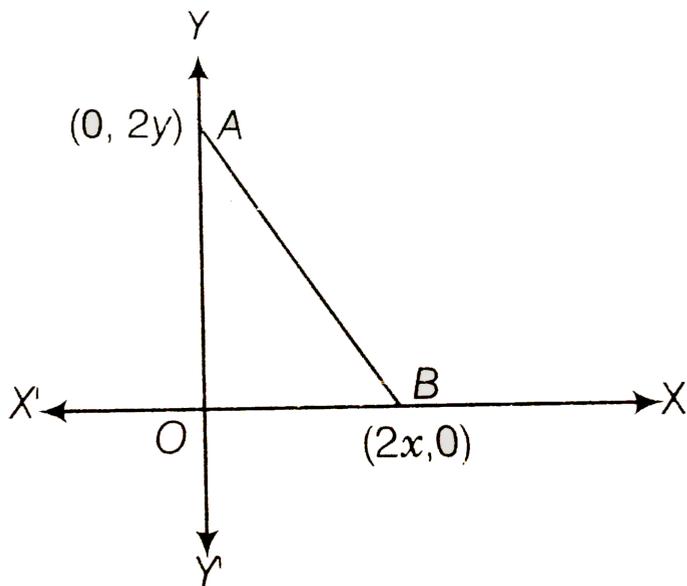
Answer: a



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15. The coordinates of the point which is equidistant from the three vertices of the

$\triangle AOB$ as shown in the figure is



A. (x, y)

B. (y, x)

C. $\left(\frac{x}{2}, \frac{y}{2}\right)$

D. $\left(\frac{y}{2}, \frac{x}{2}\right)$

Answer: A



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16. If a circle drawn with origin as the centre passes through $\left(\frac{13}{2}, 0\right)$, then the point which does not lie in the interior of the circle is

A. $\left(\frac{-3}{4}, 1\right)$

B. $\left(2, \frac{7}{3}\right)$

C. $\left(5, \frac{-1}{2}\right)$

D. $\left(-6, \frac{5}{2}\right)$

Answer: d



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17. A line intersects the Y- axis and X-axis at the points P and Q, respectively. If (2,-5) is the midpoint of PQ, then the coordinates of P and Q are, respectively.

A. (0,-5) and (2,0)

B. (0,10) and (-4,0)

C. (0,4) and (-10, 0)

D. (0,-10) and (4,0)

Answer: D



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18. The area of a triangle with vertices $(a,b+c)$,

$(b,c+a)$ and $(c,a+b)$ is

A. $(a + b + c)^2$

B. 0

C. $(a + b + c)$

D. abc

Answer: b



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19. If the distance between the points $(4,p)$ and $(1,0)$ is 5, then the value of p is

A. 4 only

B. ± 4

C. -4 only

D. 0

Answer: B



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20. If the points $A(1,2)$, $B(0,0)$ and $C (a,b)$ are collinear , then

A. $a=b$

B. $a=2b$

C. $2a=b$

D. $a=-b$

Answer: c



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Exercise 7 2 Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. State whether the following statements are true or false. Justify your answer

$\triangle ABC$ with vertices A (-2,0), B (2,0) and C (0,2) is similar to $\triangle DEF$ with vertices D (-4,0), E (4,0) and F (0,4).



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2. The point P(-4,2) lies on the line segment joining the points A(-4,6) and B (-4,-6).



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3. The points (0,5), (0,-9) and (3,6) are collinear.



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4. Point $P(0,2)$ is the point of intersection of Y-axis and perpendicular bisector of line segment joining the points $A(-1,1)$ and $B(3,3)$.



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5. The points $A(3,1)$, $B(12,-2)$ and $C(0,2)$ cannot be vertices of a triangle.



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6. State whether the following statements are true or false. Justify your answer:

The points $A(4,3)$, $B(6,4)$, $C(5,-6)$ and $D(-3,5)$ are vertices of a parallelogram.



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7. A circle has its centre at the origin and a point $P(5,0)$ lies on it. The point $Q(6,8)$ lies outside the circle.



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8. The point A (2,7) lies on the perpendicular bisector of the line segment joining the points P (5,-3) and Q(0,-4).



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9. The point P (5,-3) is one of the two points of trisection of line segment joining the points A(7,-2) and B(1,-5).



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10. State whether the following statements are true or false. Justify your answer:

The points A (-6,10), B(-4,6) and C(3,-8) are collinear such that

$$AB = \frac{2}{9}AC.$$



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11. The points P (-2,4) lies on a circle of radius 6 and centre (3,5).



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12. The points A $(-1,-2)$, B $(4,3)$, C $(2,5)$ and D $(-3,0)$ in that order form a rectangle.



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Exercise 7 3 Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. Name the type of triangle formed by the points A $(-5,6)$, B $(-4,-2)$ and C $(7,5)$.



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2. Find the points on the X-axis which are at distance of $2\sqrt{5}$ from the point (7,-4) . How many such points are there ?



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3. What type of quadrilateral do the points A (2,-2), B (7,3) C(11,-1) and D (6,-6) taken in that order form?



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4. Find the value of a , if the distance between the points $A(-3,-14)$ and $B(a,-5)$ is 9 units.



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5. Find a point which is equidistant from the points $A(-5,4)$ and $B(-1,6)$. How many such points are there ?



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6. Find the coordinates of the point Q on the X- axis which lies on the perpendicular bisector of the line segment joining the points A (-5,-2) and B (4,-2). Name the type of triangle formed by the points Q , A and B.



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7. Find the value of m, if the points (5,1), (-2,-3) and (8,2m) are collinear.



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8. If the points $A(2,-4)$ is equidistant from $P(3,8)$ and $Q(-10,y)$, then find the value of y . Also, find distance PQ .



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9. Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are $(-8,4)$, $(-6,6)$ and $(-3,9)$.



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10. In what ratio does the X -axis divide the line segment joining the points $(-4,-6)$ and $(-1,7)$?
Find the coordinates of the points of division.



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11. Find the ratio in which the point P $\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{12}\right)$ divides the line segment joining the points A $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$ and B $(2,-5)$.



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12. If P $(9a-2,-b)$ divides line segment joining A $(3a+1,-3)$ and B $(8a,5)$ in the ratio 3: 1, then find the values of a and b.



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13. If (a,b) is the mid - point of the line segment joining the points A $(10,-6)$, B $(k,4)$ and $a-2b =18$, then find the value of k and the distance AB.



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14. If the centre of a circle is $(2a, a-7)$, then Find the value of a , if the circle passes through the point $(11, -9)$ and has diameter $10\sqrt{2}$ units .



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15. The line segment joining the points $A(3, 2)$ and $B(5, 1)$ is divided at the point P in the ratio $1:2$ and it lies on the line $3x - 18y + k = 0$. Find the value of k .



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16. If $D \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2} \right)$, $E (7,3)$ and $F \left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{7}{2} \right)$ are the mid - points of sides of $\triangle ABC$, then find the area of the $\triangle ABC$.



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17. If the points $A (2,9)$, $B (a,5)$ and $C (5,5)$ are the vertices of a $\triangle ABC$. Right-angled at B , then find the values of a and hence the area of $\triangle ABC$.



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18. Find the coordinates of the point R on the line segment joining the points P(-1,3) and Q (2,5) such that $PR = \frac{3}{5} PQ$.



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19. Find the values of k, if the points A (k+1,2k), B (3k,2k+3) and C (5k-1,5k) are collinear.



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20. Find the ratio in which the line $2x + 3y - 5 = 0$ divides the line segment joining the points (8,-9) and (2,1). Also find the coordinates of the points of division.



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Exercise 7 4 Long Answer Type Questions

1. If (-4,3) and (4,3) are two vertices of an equilateral triangle, then find the coordinates

of the third vertex, given that the origin lies in the interior of the triangle.



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2. $A(6,1)$, $B(8,2)$ and $C(9,4)$ are three vertices of a parallelogram $ABCD$. If E is the mid - point of DC , then find the area of $\triangle ADE$.



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3. The points A (x_1, y_1) , B (x_2, y_2) and C (x_3, y_3) are the vertices of $\triangle ABC$.

(i) The median from A Meets Bc at D. Find the coordinates of the points D.

(ii) Find the coordinates of the point P on Ad such that $AP:PD = 2:1$.

(iii) Find the coordinates of points Q and R on medians BE and CF, respectively such that $BQ:QE = 2:1$ and $CR:RF = 2:1$.

What are the coordinates of the centroid of the $\triangle ABC$?



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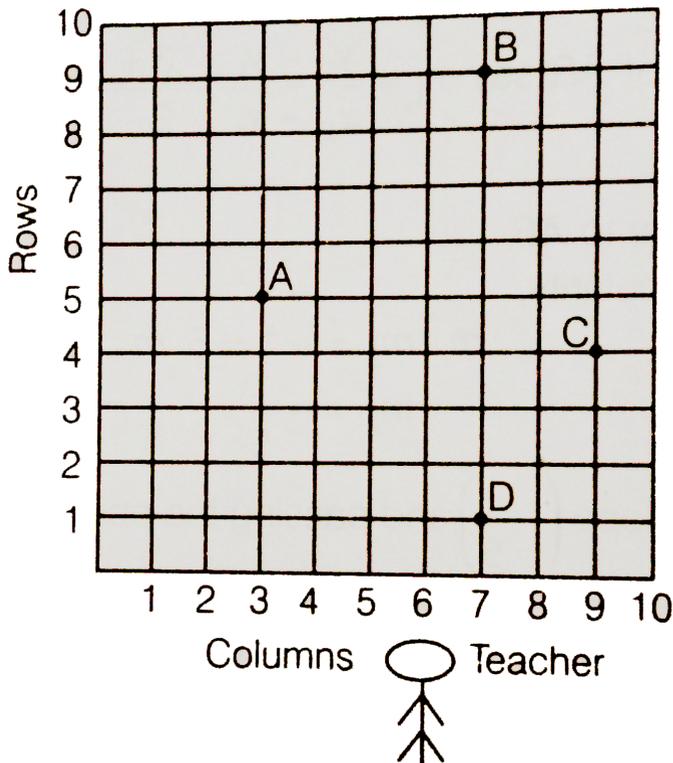
4. If the points A (1,-2), B (2,3) , C (a,2) and D (-4,-3) form a parallelogram , then find the value of a and height of the parallelogram taking AB as base.



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5. Students of a school are standing in rows and columns in their playground for a drill

practice . A, B, C and D are the positions of four students as shown in figure . Is it possible to place Jaspal inn the drill in such a way that he is equidistant from each of the four students A, B C and D ? If so, what should be his position ?





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6. Ayush starts walking from his house to office . Instead of going to the office directly , he goes to bank first , from there to his daughter 's school and then reaches the office. What is the extra distance travelled by Ayush in reaching his office ? (Assume that all distance covered are in straight lines). If the house is situated at $(2,4)$ bank at $(5,8)$, school at $(13,14)$ and office at $(13,26)$ and coordinates are in km.



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