



BIOLOGY

BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

NEET MOCK TEST 21



1. A: Each cell of the sporogenous tissue is

capable of giving rise to a microspore tetrads

R: Most abundant microspore tetrads is the

product of simultaneous cytokinesis

A. Pollen grain

B. Microspore

C. Male gametophyte

D. Pollen mother cell

Answer: D

2. How many of the given statements are incorrect?

A. The ovaries are located on each side of the lower abdomen.

B. Mons pubis a cushion of fatty tissue covered by skin and pubic hair.

C. A primary spermatocyte completes the second meiotic division leading to the formation of two equal, haploid cells called secondary spermatocytes, which have only 23 chromosomes each.

D. The secondary follicles get surrounded by

more layers of granulosa cells and a new

theca, they are called tertiary follicles.

A. None

B. One

C. Two

D. Three

Answer: C



3. Intra uterine devices (IUDs) are inserted by doctors or expert nurses in the uterus through vagina. These IUDs are presently available as the non- medicated IUDs (e.g.,), copper releasing IUDs 2_____) and the hormone releasing IUDs (______3_____).
 1
 2
 3

 Lippes
 Cu-7, Cu T,
 Multiload 375,

 loop
 Progestasert,
 LNG-20
B. (2) Lippes loop Cu-7, Cu T, Multiload 375 Progestasert, LNG-20 Lippes loop, Cu-7, Cu T, LNG-Multiload 375 Progestasert, 20

1	2	3
Lippes loop,	Cu-7,	Progestasert,
Multiload 375	Cu T,	LNG-20

Answer: B

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4. Choose the incorrect statement:

A. Callus is an unorganised mass of cells

B. Growth of callus culture is faster than

suspension culture

C. In callus culture, if high auxin to cytokinin ratio is maintained then roots are formed D. In callus culture, if high cytokinin to auxin ratio is maintained then shoots are formed

Answer: B

5. The feeding of cattle should be carried out in a scientific manner with special emphasis on

A. Quality of fodder.

B. Quantity of fodder.

C. Both the quality and quantity of fodder.

D. Neither the quality nor the quantity of

fodder.

Answer: C



6. Which of these is used as vector in gene therapy for SCID

A. Arbovirus

B. Rotavirus

C. Enterovirus

D. Retrovirus

Answer: D

7. Ecologically, the most important factor that controls the distribution of organism on Earth

is

A. Rainfall

B. Temperature

C. Light

D. Humidity

Answer: B

8. Which pigment/s is/are required for the

mechanism of vision?

A. Opsin

B. Retinal

C. Both opsin and retinal

D. None of these

Answer: C

9. Which of the following is not an invasive alien species in the Indian context?

A. Lantana

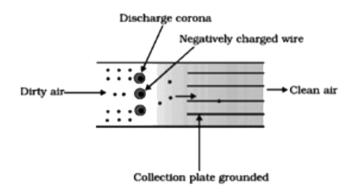
B. Parthenium

C. Eichhornia

D. All of these

Answer: D

10. The diagram provided below is used to remove which type of pollution?



A. Particulate matter

- B. Gaseous pollution
- C. SO_2 pollution
- D. Sound pollution

Answer: A

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11. Match the columns

	Column-l		Column-II
A.	Nitrous oxide	(i)	Secondary
			pollutant from
			car exhausts
В.	Chlorofluorocarbons	(ii)	Combustion of
			f o ssil fuels
C.	Methane	(iii)	Denitrification
D.	Ozone	(iv)	Refrigerators
			aerosols sprays
E.	Carbon dioxide	(v)	Cattle, rice
			fields, toilets

D. A = (ii), B = (iii), C = (iv), D = (v), E = (ii)

Answer: A

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12. Which of the following bryophytes provides

a product that is commonly used as fuel?

A. Funaria

- B. Sphagnum
- C. Polytrichum
- D. Marchantia

Answer: B

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13. Parenchyma is usually present in,

- i) Cortex
- ii) Phloem fibre

iii) Pericycle

iv) Pith

v) Hypodermis

vi) Medullary rays

vii) Xylem fibres

viii) Mesophyll tissue

A. i, iii, iv, vi, viii

B. i, ii, iii, iv, vi

C. i, v, vi, vii

D. i, ii, iv,vi

Answer: A



14. The cell organelle associated with

photorespiration is

A. Mesosome

B. Ribosome

C. Peroxisome

D. Lysosome

Answer: C





- **15.** A karyotype is used to study
- I) Number of chromosomes
- II) Position of centromere
- III) Position of chromosome
- IV) Length of the arms
- V) Secondary constriction
 - A. I, II and III
 - B. I, II, IV, V
 - C. All of these

D. I, IV, V

Answer: B

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16. Which of the organisms show mitotic divisions in both haploid and diploid cells?

A. Animals

B. Plants

C. Both of these

D. None of these

Answer: B

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17. cell undergoes mitosis in 30 minutes. Find the number of cells produced after 24 hours if initially 10^5 cells are present.

A. $2^{24} imes 10^5$

B. $2^{48} imes 10^5$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,2^{48}+10^5$$

D.
$$48 imes10^{5\,-}$$

Answer: B



18. The osmotic pressure of 1 M solution of sucrose is 22.4 atm. What will be the osmotic potential of 0.1 M sucrose solution?

A. 22.4 atm

B. 2.2 atm

 $\mathrm{C.}-2.24~\mathrm{bars}$

D. 0

Answer: C

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19. How many ATP will be produced during the production of 1 molecule of acetyl CoA from 1 molecule of pyruvic acid ?

A. 3 ATP

B. 5 ATP

C. 8 ATP

D. 38 ATP

Answer: A

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20. Two important intrinsic controls which are important in plant growth and development

are

A. PGRs

- B. Genomic control
- C. Both (a) and (b)
- D. O_2 concentration

Answer: C



21. Name the vascular connection that exists

between the digestive tract and liver.

A. Venous system

B. Arterial system

C. Lymphatic system

D. Portal system

Answer: D

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22. How much blood is fitered by the kidneys per minute ?

A. 125 mL

B. 500 mL

C. 1100mL

D. 5000mL

Answer: C

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23. Which of the following sphincters guards the opening of the stomach into the duodenum?

- A. Sphincter of Oddi
- B. Pyloric sphincter
- C. Oesophageal sphincter
- D. Ileocaecal sphincter

Answer: B

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24. Incorrect statement about electrical synapse is

A. The neurotransmitter released from the

pre-synaptic membrane binds to receptors on the postsynaptic membrane

B. Impulse conduction occurs at faster rate

C. Pre-synaptic and post-synaptic neurons

are very close to each other at synapse

D. No requirement of neurotransmitters

Answer: A

25. Which of the following correctly describes the functions of FSH in females?

A. It stimulates growth and development of

the ovarian follicles.

- B. It induces ovulation of fully mature
 - follicles and maintains the corpus

luteum.

C. It stimulates the synthesis and secretion

of hormones called androgens from

testis.

D. It regulates spermatogenesis.

Answer: A

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26. How many of the given statements are true?

1. Pars nervosa stores and releases two hormones called oxytocin and vasopressin.

II. Melatonin influences the menstrual cycle.

III. Calcitonin stimulates reabsorption of Ca^{2+}

by the renal tubules.

IV. After ovulation, the ruptured follicle is converted to macula lutea.

A. None

B. One

C. Two

D. Three

Answer: C

27. The enzyme missing in Phenylketonuria is

A. Phenyl alanine hydroxylase

B. Phenyl alanine reductuse

C. Phenyl oxidase

D. Phenyl oxidoreductase

Answer: A

28. Which of the following biological phenomenon involves a bacteriophage?

A. Transformation

B. Conjugation

C. Translocation

D. Transduction

Answer: D

29. Blind sac body plan is found in

A. Platyhelminthes and Aschelminthes

B. Molluscs and Echinodermata

C. Porfera and Coelenterata

D. Coelenterata and Platyhelminthes

Answer: D

30. Which of the following is not a characteristic feature of phylum echinodermata?

A. Presence of water vascular system and

indirect development of larvae

B. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate

C. Reproduction is asexual and fertilisation

is internal

D. Presence of water vascular system with a

well-developed excretory system





31. The Montreal Protocol has been introduced to

A. Check depletion of the ozone layer

B. Mitigate the climatic change

C. Check soil erosion

D. Preserver water resources





32. In angiosperms, the endoperm is

A. Short lived

- B. Persistent female gametophyte
- C. Formed before fertilisation
- D. Formed after fertilisation

Answer: D



33. A large quantity of monoclonal antibodies

are produced from

A. B-Cells

B. Myeloma cells

C. Hybridoma cells

D. T-Lymphocytes

Answer: C





34. Gel electrophoresis is used for

- A. Cutting of DNA into fragments
- B. Separation of DNA fragments according

to their size

- C. Separation of r DNA only
- D. Isolation of DNA from cell

Answer: B

35. Common pathways of aerobic and anaerobic respiration is

A. Electron transport system

B. Kreb's

C. Glycolysis

D. Glycogenolysis

Answer: C

36. Select the mismatch among the following.

A. Chondrichthyes -Placoid scales

- B. Columba Diaphragm
- C. Balanoglossus Proboscis glands
- D. Limulus- Chitinous cuticle

Answer: B

37. The genus of chiton (a mollusc) is

- A. Chaetopleura
- B. Dentalium
- C. Aplysia
- D. Architeuthis

Answer: A



38. The mucosa of the stomach is lined with

A. Non-glandular simple cuboidal

epithelium

B. Glandular simple cuboidal epithelium

C. Non-glandular simple columnar

epithelium

D. Glandular simple columnar epithelium

Answer: D

39. In rotifers, syngamy is absent. Which mode of reproduction is observed in this organism instead?

A. Parthenogenesis

B. Apomixis

C. Polyembryony

D. Apospory

Answer: A

40. In which of the following locations are sacred groves found?

A. Khasi and Jaintia Hills in Meghalaya

B. Aravalli Hills of Rajasthan

C. Sarguja, Chanda and Bastar areas of

Madhya Pradesh

D. All of the above







41. Which set of evolutionary stages of human

were discovered before ape- man?

A. Dryopithecus, Ramapithecus

B. Java man, Australopithecus

C. Australopithecus, Handy man

D. Kenyapithecus, Heidelberg man

Answer: A

42. Phloem sap is mainly composed of

A. Water & sucrose

B. Water and minerals

C. Sucrose and minerals

D. Minerals and hormones

Answer: A

43. Which of the following muscles are known

to be involuntary, branched and striated?

A. Skeletal muscle

B. Smooth muscle

C. Cardiac muscle

D. Both (a) and (c)

Answer: C

44. Which of the following is a substitution of

mitochondria in E. coli?

A. Ribosome

B. Mesosome

C. Glyoxysome

D. Golgi body.

Answer: B

45. Which of the following amino acids is

coded by only single codon?

A. Tyrosine

B. Phenylalanine

C. Tryptophan

D. Isoleucine

Answer: C

46. Destruction of chlorophyll, premature falling of leaves and yellowing of leaf is caused due to the excess amounts of______ in the atmosphere.

A. CO_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,SO_2$

C. CO

D. Fly ash

Answer: B





47. What is correct about the anal cerci in a cockroach?

A. Emerge out from the 10th segment in both the sexes.

B. Found in male cockroaches only.

C. These are short thread like structures

D. These are used for the purpose of reproduction.

Answer: A



48. Which of the following structures is composed of cuboidal epithelium and contains microvilli?

A. Glomerulus

- B. Ducts of glands
- C. Proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- D. Distal convoluted tubule of nephron

Answer: C



49. Which substance is incorrectly matched with its mode of absorption in the gut?

A. Na^+ - Active absorption

B. Most of the glucose- Active absorption

C. Cl^- - Simple diffusion

D. Most of the amino acids -Facilitated

transport

Answer: D



50. Which of the following is correct for mRNA

synthesized in leucocytes?

A. Exons and introns do not appear in the

mature RNA.

B. Exons appear but introns do not appear

in the mature RNA.

C. Introns appear but exons do not appear

in the mature RNA.

D. mRNA is not synthesized in leucocytes.

Answer: B

51. In the larynx, which of the following is a

thin elastic cartilaginous flap?

A. Thyroid

B. Soundbox

C. Glottis

D. Epiglottis

Answer: D

52. Spinal cord passes through

A. Neural canal

B. Diocoel

C. Central canal

D. Ventricular system

Answer: A

53. Which of the following disorders show a karyotype of 47 chromosomes (XXY)?

A. Turner's Syndrome

B. Down's Syndrome

C. Trisomy 21

D. Klinefelter's Syndrome

Answer: D

54. In sickle cell anaemia glutamic acid is replaced by valine Which one of the following triplets codes for valine ?

A. GGG

B. GAG

C. GAA

D. GUG

Answer: D

55. Distance between the genes and percentage of recombination shows

A. A direct relationship

B. An inverse relationship

C. A parallel relationship

D. No relationship

Answer: A

56. In the human brain, the cerebral aqueduct

passes through:

A. Corpus callosum

B. Cerebral hemispheres

C. Midbrain

D. Spinal cord

Answer: C

57. Protochordates are

A. Salpa, Doliolum, Branchiostoma

B. Ascidia, Lancelet, Hag fish

C. Doliolum, Balanoglossus, Saccoglossus

D. Aplysia, Salpa, Amphioxous

Answer: A

58. Racemose inflorescence is observed in the

family:

A. Oleaceae

B. Liliaceae

C. Solanaceae

D. Fabaceae

Answer: D

59. The stem with bicollateral vascular bundles

and flowers with synandrous condition is found in

A. Compositae

B. Solanaceae

C. Cucurbitaceae

D. Asclepiadaceae

Answer: C

60. Which organ is responsible for the secretion of the erythropoietin hormone?

A. Heart

B. Kidney

C. Spleen

D. Anterior pituitary

Answer: B

61. Which of the following is incorrect about spermatogenesis?

A. Meiosis-l leads to the formation of

secondary spermatocytes

B. Meiosis-II leads to the formation of

spermatids

C. Production of one sperm and 3 polar bodies

D. Primary spermatocytes are diploid in

nature

Answer: C



62. Which taxonomical aid provides protection

and identification of animals in artificial habitat?

A. Museum

B. Herbarium

C. Zoological park

D. Botanical garden

Answer: C

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63. Bacteria that are saprotrophs but can be a

parasite and cause disease upon introduction

to host body are called as

- A. Obligate saprotroph
- B. Obligate parasite
- C. Facultative parasite
- D. Facultative saprotroph

Answer: C

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64. Which of the following changes does not occur during conversions of secondary follicle into tertiary follicle?

A. Development of antrum.

- B. Differentiation of theca layers.
- C. Primary oocyte completes meiosis-l.
- D. Second polar body is released.

Answer: D

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65. Oogamous type of sexual reproduction is

found in

- A. Chlamydomonas
- B. Volvox
- C. Spirogyra
- D. Both (A) and (B)

Answer: B



66. In which of the following plants, both pollen grains and seeds have a wing- shaped structure ?

A. Cycas

- B. Selaginella
- C. Azolla
- D. Pinus

Answer: D



67. In chloroplast, the site for initial photochemical reaction is

A. Intermembrane space

B. Inner member are of chloroplast

C. Thyllakoid membrane

D. Stroma

Answer: C

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68. In which of the following enzyme nonprotein part is haeme?

- A. Carbonic anhydrase
- B. Peroxidase
- C. Catalase
- D. Both (B) and (C)

Answer: D

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69. S.L. Miller gave the experimental proof of the theory of chemical evolution. Which

chemical substances were obtained by him

during the experiment?

A. RNA

B. DNA

C. Amino acids

D. Complex proteins

Answer: C

70. Tubulin protein is synthesized in which phase of cell cycle?

A. Prophase

B. Metaphase

C. Interphase

D. Telophase

Answer: C

71. Which of the following is not common between facilitated transport and active transport?

A. Uphill transport

B. Highly selective

C. Transport saturates

D. Requirement of special membrane

proteins

Answer: A

72. All the following statements are correct about homologous organs, except

A. Homologous organs share common origin

B. Homologous organs perform same

functions

C. Homologous organs show divergent evolution

D. Members having homologous organs

share common ancestors.

Answer: B

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73. The product of light reaction in green algae is

A. ATP, NADPH + H^+

B.NAD +

C. NADP

D. ATP and NADH

Answer: A



74. Identity the disease which is characterized

by the following symptoms:

A. Alveoli filled with fluid

- B. Fever chills headache
- C. Coughing

- A. Pneumonia
- B. Diphtheria
- C. Small pox
- D. Hepatitis

Answer: A

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75. Primary acceptor of TCA cycle is

A. Oxaloacetate

B. Acetyl CoA

C. Citric acid

D. Pyruric acid

Answer: A

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76. Which of the following shows plasticity?

A. Cotton

B. Silk cotton

C. Neem

D. More than one option is correct

Answer: A

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77. Which of the following is not true about

the stomach in humans?

A. Oesophagus opens in cardiac part of

stomach.

B. Pepsin is the proteolytic enzyme of

stomach.

C. Rennin is the proteolytic enzyme in

gastric juice of infants.

D. The secretion of gastric glands does not

have lipases

Answer: D

78. Which of the following organism is not

correctly matched with its respiratory organs?

	Column I	Column II (Respiratory
	(Organisms)	organs)
(a)	Earthworms	Moist cuticle
(b)	Aquatic molluscs	Gills
(c)	Frogs	Pulmonary and cutaneous respiration
(d)	Flatworms	Gills

A. (a)

B. (b)

C. (c)

D. (d)

Answer: D



79. From the given list how many are not associated with asexual reproduction?Sugarcane, ginger, maize, barley, tobacco, pea, sunflower, potato, Bryophyllum

A. Three

B. Two

C. Five

D. Four

Answer: C

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80. Amoebiasis' (amoebic dysentery) is caused

by

- A. Entamoeba coli
- B. E. coli
- C. Entamoeba histolytica

D. Entamoeba dispar

Answer: C

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81. Minerals required for germination of pollen

gain on stigma are

A. Ca, B

B. N, P

C. Mg, S

D. Fe, Ca

Answer: A

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82. Grasshopper is an example of

A. XY type of sex-determination

B. XO type of sex-determination

C. Environmental sex determination

D. Genie Sex balance theory

Answer: B



83. Monascus purpureus is a yeast used commercially in the production of:-

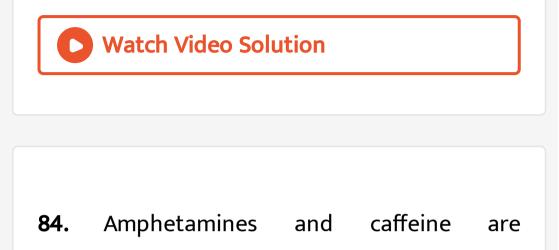
A. Citric acid

B. Streptokinase

C. Statins

D. Cyclosporin

Answer: C



respectively

A.	Amphetamines Stimulant	Caffeine
	$\operatorname{Stimulant}$	Depressant
В.	Amphetamines	Caffeine
	Amphetamines Depressant	Depressant
C.	Amphetamines	Caffeine
	Amphetamines Depressant	Stimulant
D.	Amphetamines	Caffeine
	Amphetamines Stimulant	$\operatorname{Stimulant}$





85. Which of the following is not haploid?

- A. Primary spermatocyte
- B. Spermatogonia
- C. Ootid
- D. Both (a) and (b)

Answer: D



86. Select the correct statement.

A. Population of India has crossed 1 million

in May 2000.

B. Cervical caps and vaults both are barrier

methods of contraception.

- C. 'Saheli' is once a month pill.
- D. Government of India has legalized MTP

act in 1981

Answer: B



87. Mark the correct pair.

A. Migration - Polar bear

B. Diapause - Zooplanktons

C. Diapause - Desert lizards

D. Suspend- Locust

Answer: B



88. The Abingdon tortoise became extinct on Galapagos island within a decade of the introduction of goats. This is an example of

- A. Resource Partitioning
- B. Competitive release
- C. Competitive inclusion
- D. Interference competition

Answer: D

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89. The radula is found in and	
helps in	

A. Mollusca, feeding.

B. Mollusca, respiration

C. Echinodermata, excretion

D. Echinodermata, circulation

Answer: A





90. The ability on an environment to support a

population called its

A. Biotic Potential

B. Purifying capacity

C. Carrying Capacity

D. Environmental Resistance

Answer: C

