# đず doubtnut 

India's Number 1 Education App

## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## JEE MOCK TEST 12

## Chemistry Single Choice

1. The major product formed in the reaction is:


A.
B.

C.

D.

## Answer: C

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2. Enumerate the reactions of $D$-Glucose which cannot be explained by its open-chain structure.
A. (I)
B. (II)
C. (III)

## Answer: D

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3. Ethylene dibromide on heating with metallic sodium in ether yields.
A. ethane
B. ethyene
C. 2-butene
D. 1 - butene

Answer: C
4. Write the IUPAC names of the following structures?

A. Ethyle-2-hydroxy-6-methyloct-5-en-1-oate
B. Ethyle-2-hydroxy-7-methyloct-4-en-1-oate
C. Ethyle-1-hydroxy-7-methyloct-5-en-1-oate
D. Ethyle-2-hydroxy-7-methyloct-5-en-1-oate

## Answer: D

5. Number of Deuterium exchange in the given tautomer when the compound is kept in $\mathrm{NaOD} / \mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ for a long time is :

A. 2
B. 4
C. 6
D. 8

Answer: A
6. Match the reactions given in column(I) with process/products in column (II) and select the proper code of choice from the choices given at the end.

| (1) | (II) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{cc} (\mathrm{A}) \mathrm{NaCl}(\mathrm{aq}) & \\ \mathrm{Na}^{+}+\mathrm{Cl} \\ \mathrm{Na}^{+}+\mathrm{e}^{-} & \mathrm{Na}(\mathrm{~s}) \\ 2 \mathrm{Cl} & \longrightarrow \mathrm{Cl}(\mathrm{~g})+2 e^{-} \end{array}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{B}) \mathrm{NaCl}_{\mathrm{lq})} \longrightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{\mathrm{aq}}^{+}+\mathrm{Cl}_{\mathrm{aq}} \\ & \mathrm{Na}^{+}+\mathrm{e}^{-} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{Hg}} \mathrm{Na}-\mathrm{Hg} \\ & 2 \mathrm{Cr} \\ & \mathrm{Na}-\mathrm{Hg}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \longrightarrow \mathrm{Cb}+2 \mathrm{e}^{-} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | 9) Bleaching |
| (C) <br> (Slaked lime) <br> (Ca $\left(\mathrm{OH}_{2}+2 \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \longrightarrow \mathrm{CaCl}+\mathrm{Ca}\left(\mathrm{OCl}_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right.\right.$ | Solvay's Process |
| (D) $\left.\begin{array}{cc}\mathrm{NaCl}+\mathrm{NH}_{3}+\mathrm{CO}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} & \mathrm{NaHCQ}_{2}+\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl} \\ 2 \mathrm{NaHCQ} & \\ \mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{CO}_{2}\end{array}\right)$ |  |

A. $A \rightarrow(s), B \rightarrow(p), C \rightarrow(q), D \rightarrow(r)$
B. $A \rightarrow(r), B \rightarrow(p), C \rightarrow(s), D \rightarrow(q)$
C. $A \rightarrow(p), B \rightarrow(s), C \rightarrow(r), D \rightarrow(q)$
D. $A \rightarrow(r), B \rightarrow(q), C \rightarrow(p), D \rightarrow(s)$
7. How many unit cells are present in 39 g of potassium that crystallises in body-centred cubic structure?
A. $\frac{N}{4}$
B. $\frac{N}{2}$
C. $\frac{N}{3}$
D. N

## Answer: B

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8. Nickel (Z=28) combines with a uninegative monodenatate ligands to form a diamagnetic complex $\left[N i L_{4}\right]^{2-}$. The
hybridisation involved and the number of unpaired electrons present in the complex are respectively:
A. $d s p^{2}$, zero
B. $s p^{3}$, zero
C. $d s p^{2}$, one
D. $s p^{3}$, two

## Answer: A

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9. 1 mole of equimolar mixture of $\mathrm{Fe}_{2}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{3}$ and $\mathrm{FeC}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ required X moles of $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ in acid medium for complete reaction. The value of $X$ is:
A. 0.9
B. 0.6
C. 1.2
D. 0.8

## Answer: A

10. $C N^{-}$solution used in extraction of which metal?
A. Ag
B. Ti
C. Zn
D. Sn

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11. In a first order reaction, the concentration of the reactant, decreases from 0.8 M to 0.4 M in 15 minutes. The time taken for the concentration to change form 0.1 M to 0.025 M is :
A. 30 minutes
B. 15 minutes
C. 7.5 minutes
D. 60 minutes

## Answer: A

12. The atomic numbers of vandium ( $V$ ). Chromium ( $C r$ ), manganese ( $M n$ ) and iron ( Fe ) respectively $23,24,25$ and 26.

Which one of these may be expected to have the higher second ionization enthalpy?
A. Mn
B. V
C. Cr
D. Fe

## Answer: C

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13. Which type of sillcate compound, $\operatorname{Beryl}\left(\mathrm{Be}_{3} \mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{Si}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{18}\right)$ is?
A. Chain silicate
B. Cyclic sillicate
C. Planar silicate
D. Disilicate

## Answer: B

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14. In which of the following pairs $A$ is more stable than $B$ ?
A.

(B)


B.

C.
D. $\begin{array}{ll}A & B \\ P h_{3} C\end{array} \quad\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} C$.

## Answer: D

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15. In which of the following reactions, the product(s) given is/are not correct?
A. $3 \mathrm{Cu}+8 \mathrm{HNO}_{3}($ dil $) \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}+2 \mathrm{NO}+4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B.

$$
3 \mathrm{Zn}+8 \mathrm{HNO}_{3}(\text { very dil }) \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{Zn}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}+2 \mathrm{NO}+4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}
$$

C.
$4 \mathrm{Sn}+10 \mathrm{HNO}_{3}($ dil $) \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{SN}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}+\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{NO}_{3}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D. $\mathrm{As}+3 \mathrm{HNO}_{3}(\mathrm{dil}) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{AsO}_{3}+3 \mathrm{NO}_{2}$

## Answer: B

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16. The energy of second Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom is $-328 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$, hence the energy of fourth Bohr orbit would be.
A. $-41 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$
B. $-82 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$
C. $-164 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$

## Answer: B

## (D) Watch Video Solution


17.

Product should be

A.
B.

C.

## Answer: B

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18. In $X e F_{2}, X e F_{4}$ and $X e F_{6}(g)$ the number of lone pairs on

Xe respectively are :
A. 2,3,1
B. 1,2,3
C. 4,2,1
D. 3,2,1
19. The rates of diffusion of gases $A$ and $B$ of molecular weight 36 and 64 are in the ratio
A. $9: 16$
B. $4: 3$
C. $3: 4$
D. $16: 9$

## Answer: B

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20. One of the reaction that takes place in producing steel from iron ore is the reduction of iron(II) oxide by carbon
monoxide to give iron metal and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$.
$\mathrm{FeO}(s)+\mathrm{CO}(g) \Leftrightarrow \mathrm{Fe}(s)+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(g), K_{p}=0.265$ atm at

## $1050 K$

What are the equilibrium partial pressure of CO and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ at
$1050 K$ if the partical pressure are: $p_{C O}=1.4 a t m$ and $p_{\mathrm{CO}_{2}}=0.80 \mathrm{~atm} ?$
A. $\left[P_{C O}\right]=1.739 \mathrm{~atm}$ and $P_{C O_{2}}=0.461 \mathrm{~atm}$
B. $\left[P_{C O}\right]=17.39 \mathrm{~atm}$ and $P_{C O_{2}}=0.461 \mathrm{~atm}$
C. $\left[P_{C O}\right]=1.79 \mathrm{~atm}$ and $P_{C O_{2}}=0.46 \mathrm{~atm}$
D. $\left[P_{C O}\right]=2.739 \mathrm{~atm}$ and $P_{C O_{2}}=0.461 \mathrm{~atm}$

## Answer: A

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1. For the electrochemical cell,
$M g(s)\left|M g^{2+}(a q .1 M)\right|\left|C u^{2+}(a q .1 M)\right| C u(s)$
the standard emf of the cell is 2.70 V at 300 K . When the concentration of $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ is chaged to x M , the cell potential changes to 2.67 V at 300 K . The value of x is $\qquad$ .
(Given $\frac{F}{R}=11500 \mathrm{kV}^{-1}$. where F is the Faraday constant and $R$ is the gas constant, $\ln (10)=2.30)$

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2. Among the compounds , Benzene, Carbon tetrachloride, Naphthalene, Benzoic acid, Isooctane and Anthracene, how many can be purified by sublimation.

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3. Number of incorrect statement are-
(A) The $\pi$ bond between metal and carbonyl carbon reduces the bond order of C-O in carbon monoxide.
(B) $d z^{2}$ orbital of central metal atom/ion is used in $d s p^{2}$ hybridisation.
(C) $C N^{-}$is a $\pi_{-}$acid Ligand.
(D) All negative ligands are stronger than neutral ligends.

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4. How many of the following pollutants are considered as nonviable particulate pollutants? Smoke, dust, fungi, mists, moulds , algae, smog, bacteria, fumes.

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5. Total number of electrophiles present in the following are

$$
\mathrm{NO}_{2}^{+}, \mathrm{SO}_{3}, C \mathrm{~N}^{-},{F^{-}}^{-} \mathrm{CCl}_{4}, \mathrm{NH}_{3},,: \mathrm{CCl}_{2}
$$

